

UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS

MARINE CORPS RECRUIT DEPOT/EASTERN RECRUITING REGION
PO BOX 19001
PARRIS ISLAND, SC 29905-9001

IN REPLY REFER TO: 5830

JUN 2 5 2015

FIRST ENDORSEMENT on CI 5830 CO of 18 June 2015

From: Commanding General

To: File

Subj: COMMAND INVESTIGATION INTO THE CIRCUMSTANCES SURROUNDING

ALLEGED ABUSE OF AUTHORITY BY THE RECRUIT TRAINING BATTALION, MARINE CORPS RECRUIT DEPOT,

PARRIS ISLAND, SOUTH CAROLINA

Encl: (51) Email from dtd 23 Jun 15

- 1. I have carefully reviewed the investigation and concur with the findings of fact, opinions, and recommendations of the Investigating Officer and they are approved without modification.
- Specifically, I concur with the Investigating Officer's 2. opinion that created a hostile, repressive, and unprofessional command climate that was pervasive throughout her The investigation revealed that _____, on numerous occasions, was abusive towards officers, staff noncommissioned officers, and junior Marines under her command. She publicly berated officers and enlisted Marines in front of subordinates and undermined the credibility of drill instructors in front of recruits. Furthermore, by displays of contempt and disgust toward individuals she had conflicts with or who did not perform up to her concept of acceptable standards, created an environment where numerous Marines expressed fear of reprisal for providing statements to the Investigating Officer. Her toxic leadership is wholly unacceptable and not consistent with our core values and leadership principles.
- position on sexual assault is inconsistent with the clear standards provided in Department of Defense, Secretary of the Navy, and Marine Corps orders and regulations. Although she is permitted to have personal opinions which are different from those of the institution, her messaging that sexual assault is "100% preventable" and those who drink put themselves "in a position to be sexually assaulted" fostered a climate where some members of her command felt she blamed the

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victim and, accordingly, they would not feel comfortable reporting a sexual assault.

- 4. Finally, comments to her graduating recruits served to undermine their achievements in successfully completing recruit training and reinforced gender bias and stereotypes in the minds of the recruits she was entrusted to empower. During at least two end of cycle briefs for graduating Marines, told Marines that male Marines "would never take orders from them" and the male Marines would always see female Marines as "weak and less of a Marine" because female Marines were not held to the male physical standards.
- 5. During the course of the investigation, the Investigating Officer learned that

 Enclosure (51) has been added to this investigation and is response on whether may have impacted her ability to command. I conclude that it did not have a rational connection to the allegations raised in this investigation.
- 6. I have lost trust and confidence in ability to command 4th Recruit Training Battalion and will relieve her of command.



UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS

MARINE CORPS RECRUIT DEPOT P.O. BOX 18001 PARRIS ISLAND, SOUTH CAROLINA 29905-8001

1N REPLY REFER TO: 5830 JUN 1 8 2015

From: Commanding General, Marine Corps Recruit Depot Parris To: Island/Eastern Recruiting Region, Parris Island, South Carolina COMMAND INVESTIGATION INTO THE CIRCUMSTANCES SURROUNDING Subj: ALLEGED ABUSE OF AUTHORITY BY THE RECRUIT TRAINING BATTALION, MARINE CORPS RECRUIT DEPOT, PARRIS ISLAND, SOUTH CAROLINA Ref: (a) JAGINST 5800.7F (JAGMAN) (b) U.S. Navy Regulations 1990, Chap 10, Para 1023 Encl: Appointing Order of 18 May 2015 (1) (2) 4thRTBn DEOMI Organizational Climate Survey Report dtd 22 April 2015 Power Point Presentation 4thRTBn DEOMI Command Climate (3) Follow Up Email from (4) dtd 12 May 2015 (5) Written Statement of dtd 21 May 2015 (6) Written Statement of dtd 21 May 2015 (7) Written Statement of dtd 21 May 2015 (8) Written Statement of dtd 22 May 2015 (9) Written Statement of dtd 20 May 2015 (10) Written Statement of dtd 22 May 2015 (11) Written Statement of dtd 22 May 2015 (12) Written Statement of dtd 20 May 2015 (13) Written Statement of dtd 19 May 2015 (14) Written Statement of dtd 19 May 2015 dtd 20 May (15) Written Statement of 2015 (16) Written Statement of dtd 20 May 2015 (17) Written Statement of dtd 20 May 2015 (18) Written Statement of dtd 21 May 2015

ALLEGED ABUSE OF AUTHORITY BY THE RECRUIT TRAINING BATTALION, MARINE CORPS RECRUIT DEPOT, PARRIS ISLAND, SOUTH CAROLINA (19) Written Statement of dtd 20 May 2015 (20) Written Statement of dtd 20 May 2015 (21) Sworn Statement of dtd 19 May 2015 (22) Sworn Statement of dtd 19 May 2015 (23) Written Statement of dtd 21 May 2015 (24) Written Statement of dtd 21 May (25) Written Statement of , dtd 20 Mav 2015 (26) Written Statement of , dtd 21 May 2015 (27) Written Statement of , dtd 22 May 2015 (28) Written Statement of , dtd 22 May 2015 (29) Powerpoint Brief 4thRTBn Post DEOMI Action Plan dtd 22 May 2015 (30) Email Statement of dtd 3 Jun 2015 (31) Summary of Interview of dtd 3 Jun 2015 (32) Summary of Interview of dtd 4 Jun 2015 (33) Summary of Interview of , dtd 2 Jun 2015 (34) Request Mast, <u>USMC dtd 21 May 2015</u> (35) Written Statement of dtd 27 May (36) 4thRTBn DEOMI Analysis originated from (37) Written Statement of (38) Written Statement of dtd 5 Jun 2015 dtd 4 Jun 2015 (39) Summary of Interviews of Marines from Series Company, 4thRTBn dtd 3 Jun 2015 (40) Summary of Interviews of Marines from Series , Company, 4thRTBn dtd 4 Jun 2015 (41) Written Statement of dtd 3 June 2015 (42) Email Memorandum for the Record of dtd 19 Dec 2014 (43) Summary of Interview of dtd 8 Jun 2015 (44) Written Statement of dtd 4 Jun 2015 (45) Written Statement of Counseling by dtd 24 Sep 2014 (46) Fitness Report of dtd 19 Feb 2015 (46) Fitness Report of
(47) Email Statement of dtd 3 Jun 2015 (48) Summary of Interview of dtd 3 Jun (49) Summary of Interview of dtd 2 Jun 2015

COMMAND INVESTIGATION INTO THE CIRCUMSTANCES SURROUNDING

Subj:

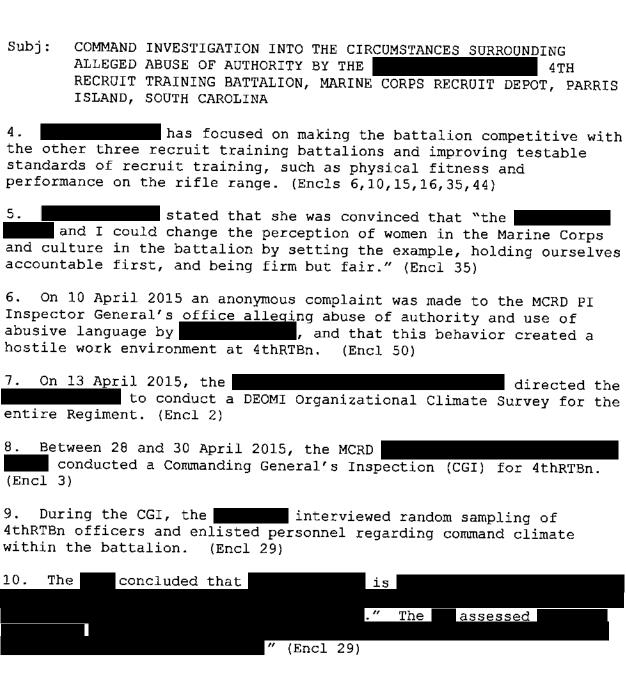
- Subj: COMMAND INVESTIGATION INTO THE CIRCUMSTANCES SURROUNDING
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 ISLAND, SOUTH CAROLINA
 - (50) Memorandum for the Record, Command Inspector General Hotline Complaint #14412 dtd 18 May 2015

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

- 2. During the course of the investigation all reasonably available and relevant evidence was collected. This investigation provides findings of fact and opinions regarding the circumstances surrounding a meeting between and Company Marines on 11 May 2015, additional communications regarding the results of an April 2015 Defense Equal Opportunity Management Institute (DEOMI) Organizational Climate Survey, as well as an assessment of command climate.
- The findings of fact have been laid out to first address how this investigation came about, the details of the April 2015 DEOMI climate survey and general information on the command. It then addresses the details of the 11 May 2015 meeting between and Company followed by observations and statements by the battalion and several assigned to 4thRTBn. interactions with recruits is covered to include details of two particular End of Cycle classes her newly-minted Marines, followed lastly by facts surrounding the perceptions of guidance and philosophy on sexual assault. Since the command climate assessment was not focused on a singular culminating event, the findings of fact regarding command climate are not presented chronologically, but rather through individual accounts of members of 4thRTBn during her year in command. This investigation concludes with recommendations as a result of evidence and facts discovered in this case.

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. took command of 4thRTBn on 10 June 2014. (Encl 35)
- 2. Several officers and SNCOs stated that had taken command with a positive attitude and with positive initiatives to improve transparency, command climate, and recruit performance. (Encls 6,10,11,17,19,20,23,44)
- 3. set high standards and has high expectations for her Marines, especially officers. (Encls 8,10,12,17,18,43)



11. On 12 May 2015, the outgoing

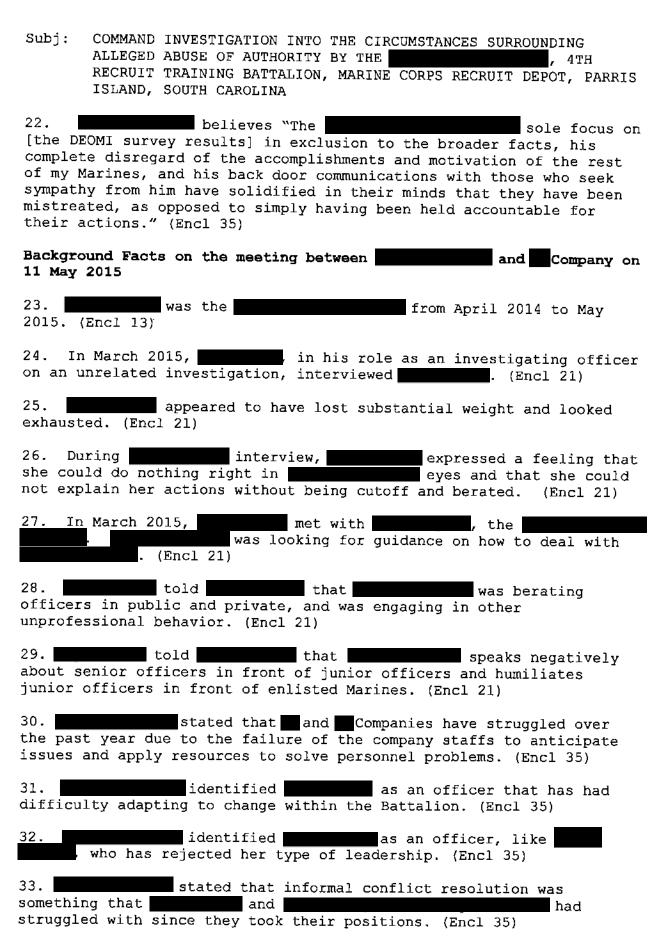
submitted an email to the MCRD stating that had directly challenged her regarding comments she attributed to on the DEOMI survey, and also stated that confronted her for allegedly submitting the original anonymous IG complaint in April 2015. (Encl 4)

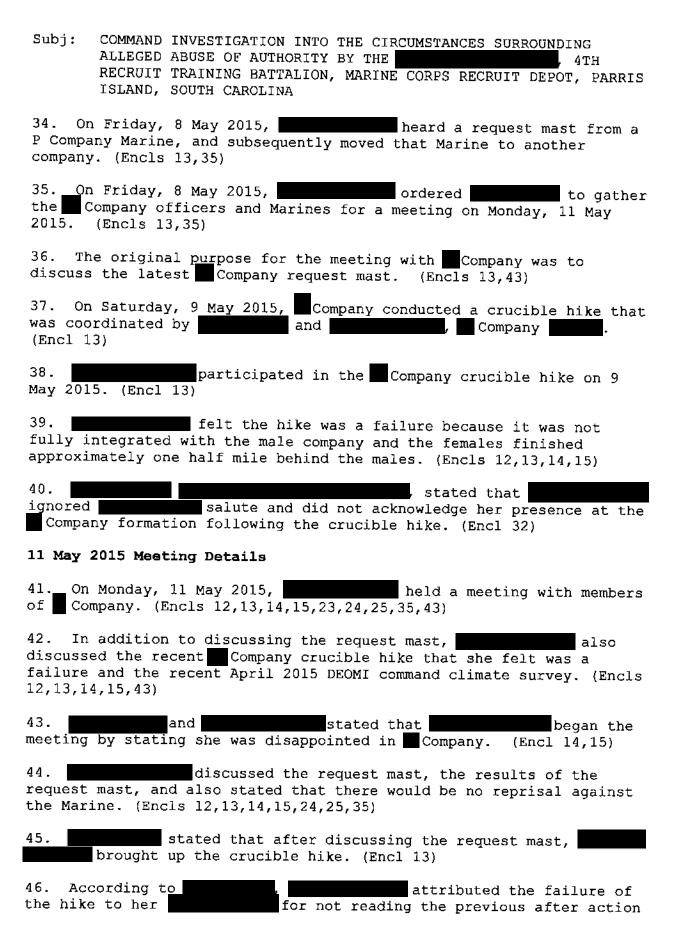
12. In this email, also expressed concern that held a meeting with Company on 11 May 2015 in which she blamed the company for negative comments on the DEOMI survey. (Encl 4)

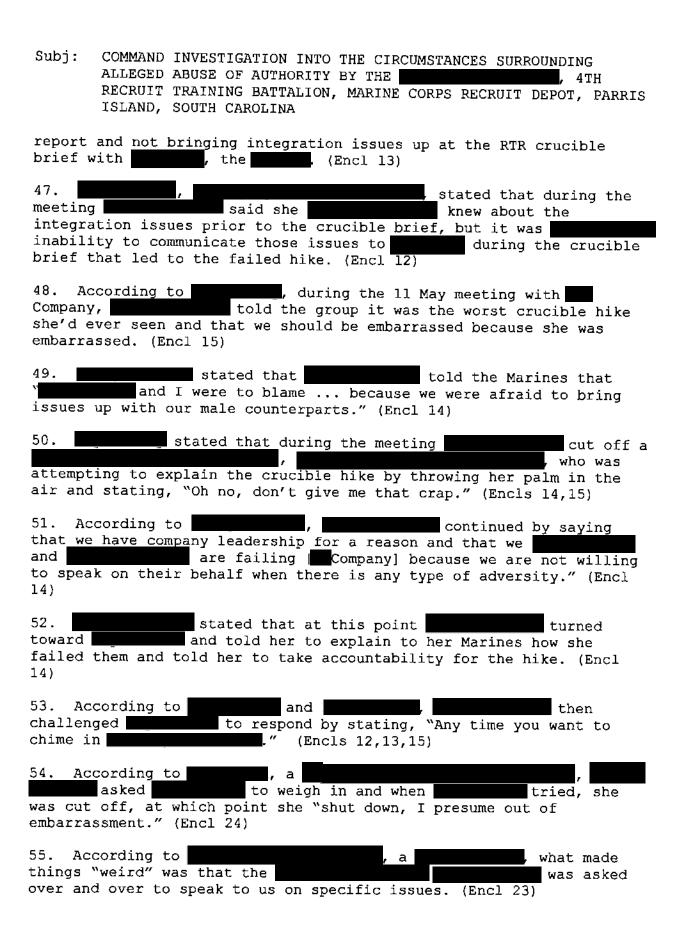
DEOMI Survey

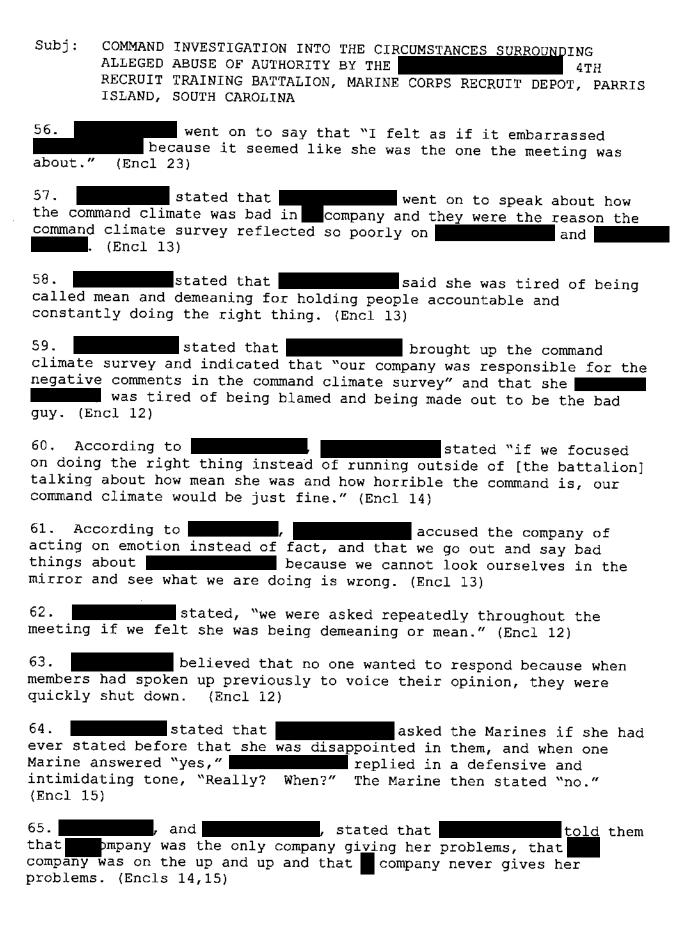
13. A DEOMI survey was conducted at 4thRTBn from mid to late April 2015. (Encl 2)

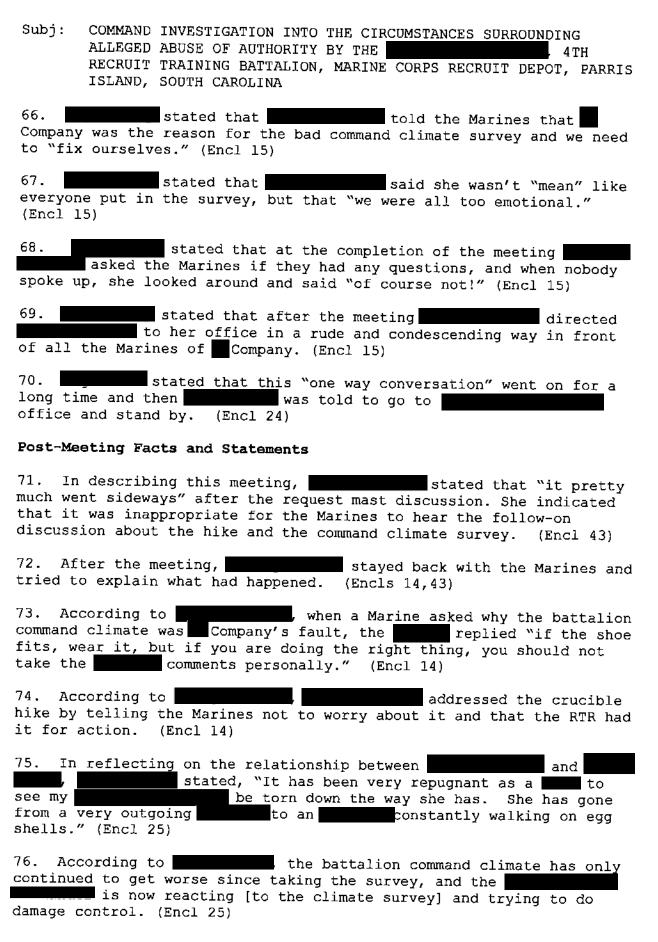
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- 14. The 4thRTBn DEOMI survey analysis indicated a declining command climate from the previous survey in August 2014 and a poor climate when compared to other USMC organizations and the RTR. The most consistent and negative indicators fell within the category of "organizational effectiveness" and were largely attributed to a "pattern of abusive leadership" documented throughout the survey. (Encls 2,36)
- 15. The DEOMI survey results indicate a notable decrease in SAPR Climate, which is below the RTR average in 5 of 7 categories. This is a decrease in 4 of 7 categories from the last report, which occurred in August 2014, shortly after took command. (Encls 2,36)
- 16. Three statements indicate that the message on sexual assault blames the victim and they would be uncomfortable reporting a sexual assault. (Encls 2,36)
- 17. The DEOMI survey results indicate Organizational Effectiveness below service average in 9 of 10 categories, which is a decrease in 3 of 10 categories from the last survey. Causal factors include a decrease in trust in leadership, perception of inequitable treatment, degraded leadership cohesion, perceived fairness and accountability, and mental and emotional fatigue. (Encls 2,36)
- 18. The DEOMI survey results indicate Equal Opportunity categories have decreased in 3 of 10 categories from the last survey. There was a large increase in demeaning behavior, and racial, sex, and religious discrimination behaviors. (Encl 2,36)
- 19. There were numerous negative comments in the survey results directed at _______. The most prevalent comments centered on not returning salutes or greetings of the day when she was angry with someone, being disrespectful to Marines, and that she belittles and humiliates officers and enlisted Marines in front of subordinates. (Encls 2,36)
- 20. A survey comment from a member of another RTR battalion stated, has publicly chewed out her and creates an environment that makes good officers want to get out." (Encl 37)
- 21. A survey comment from a member of another RTR battalion stated, "Our counterparts in 4th don't trust in such a manner that she is rude, disrespectful and treats in such a manner that she would openly berate and humiliate any one of her subordinates for acting the same way toward her. She shows a lack of maturity and overall officership in the way she bullies her companies to do her will. is a destructive leader who encourages very talented Marines to want to get out of the Marine Corps." (Encl 37)







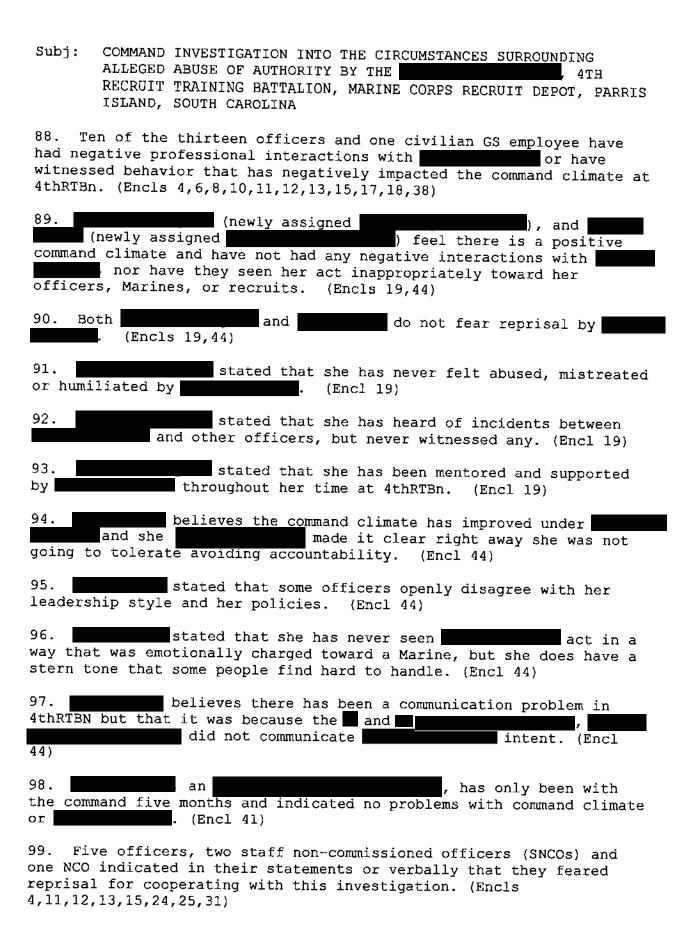


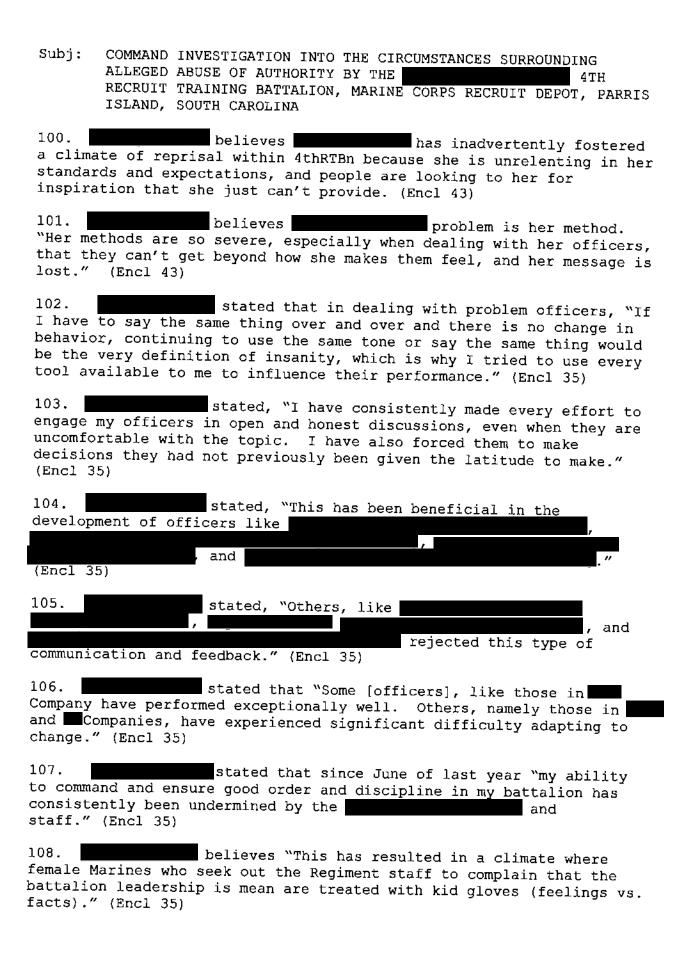


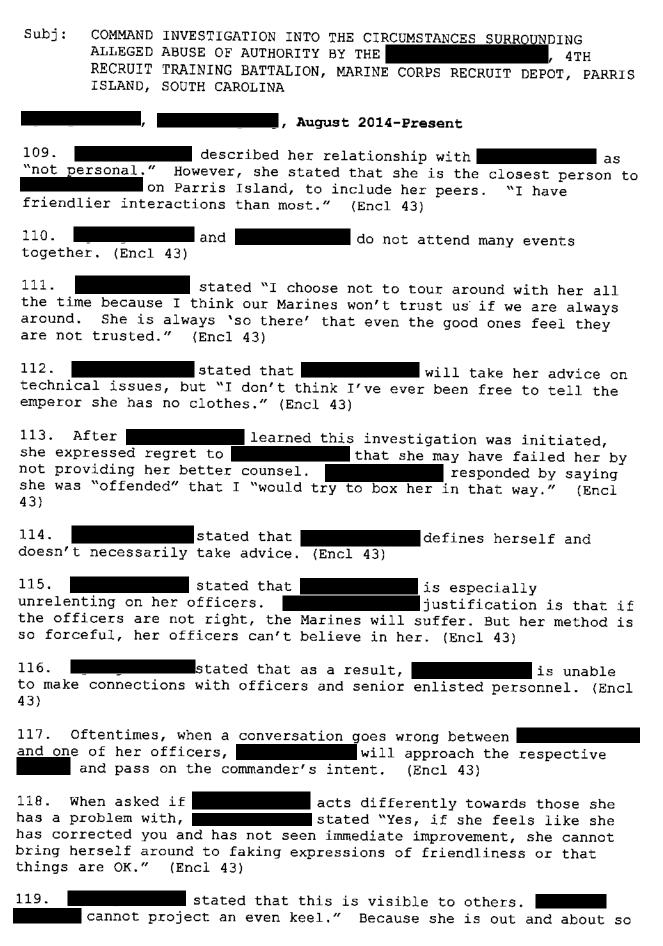
- Subj: COMMAND INVESTIGATION INTO THE CIRCUMSTANCES SURROUNDING ALLEGED ABUSE OF AUTHORITY BY THE RECRUIT TRAINING BATTALION, MARINE CORPS RECRUIT DEPOT, PARRIS ISLAND, SOUTH CAROLINA stated that she felt the conversation regarding the crucible should have stayed with the officers in their own meeting. (Encl 23) 78. According to has great intentions and great ideas, but the "delivery is very different and comes off very rude to certain people." (Encl 23) stated that "always talks about taking care of each other, but it shouldn't stop at junior Marines." (Encl 23) 80. stated that following the meeting on 11 May 2015, was furious for her not taking responsibility for the hike in front of her Marines and admonished her for not speaking up and reinforcing her message in front of Company. (Encl 13) stated that after the DEOMI results were released, blamed her directly for the poor command climate stating, "I always get in trouble for your fuck-ups" and accused of spreading lies about around the Depot. (Encl 13) stated that _____ "is known to act a certain 82. way towards Marines she is mad at and has written off." (Encl 13) stated that working with adjacent agencies is difficult due to hostility towards members of those agencies. (Encl 13) stated, "The request mast debrief was never intended as a form of retaliation or reprisal against company,"
- referring to the comments she made about the command climate survey results. (Encl 35)
- stated, "During the debrief, I mentioned the command climate as a way to reinforce the point that we all need to do a better job of practicing what we teach the recruits - namely using small unit leadership and informal conflict resolution skills to solve problems at the lowest level." (Encl 35)
- 86. does not address the crucible hike topic in her statement. (Encl 35)

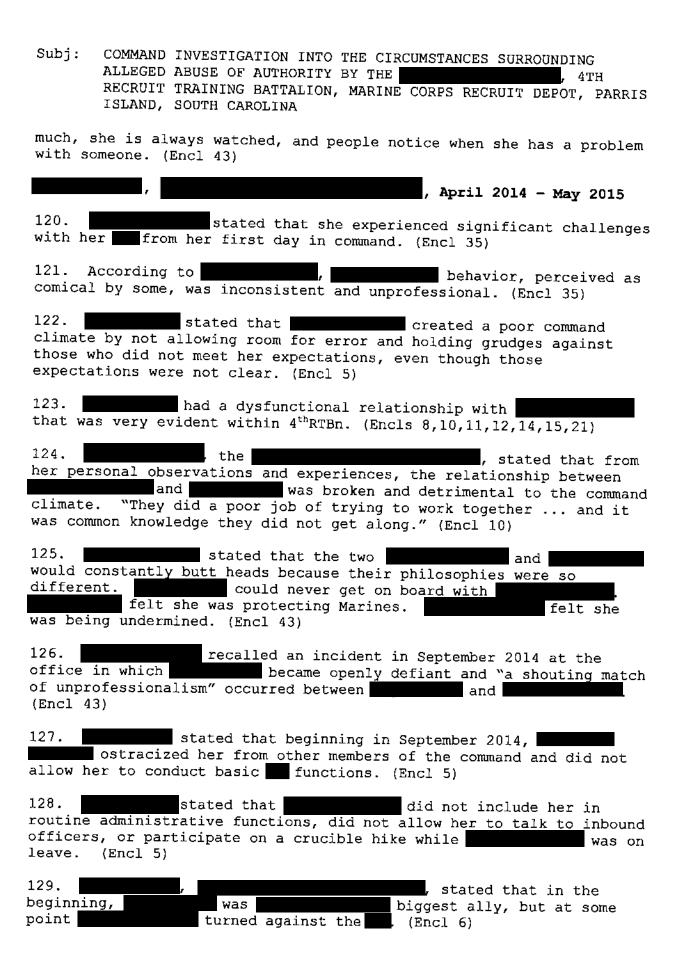
Command Climate Facts

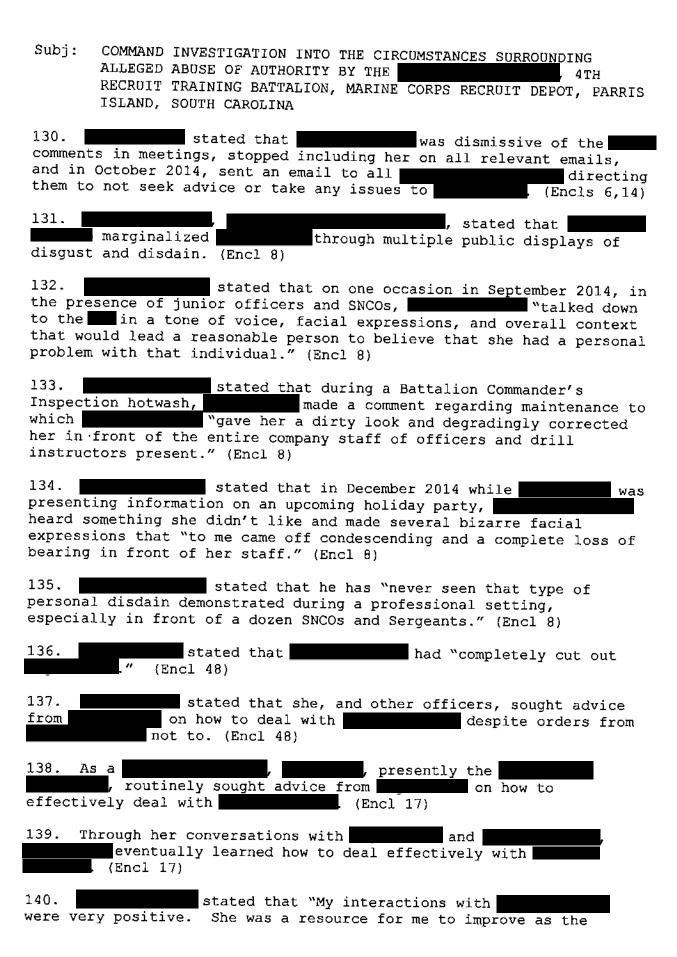
87. Thirteen officers have worked, or continue to work, under at 4thRTBn from the time she took command last summer. (Encls 4,6,8,10,11,12,13,15,17,18,19,41,44)

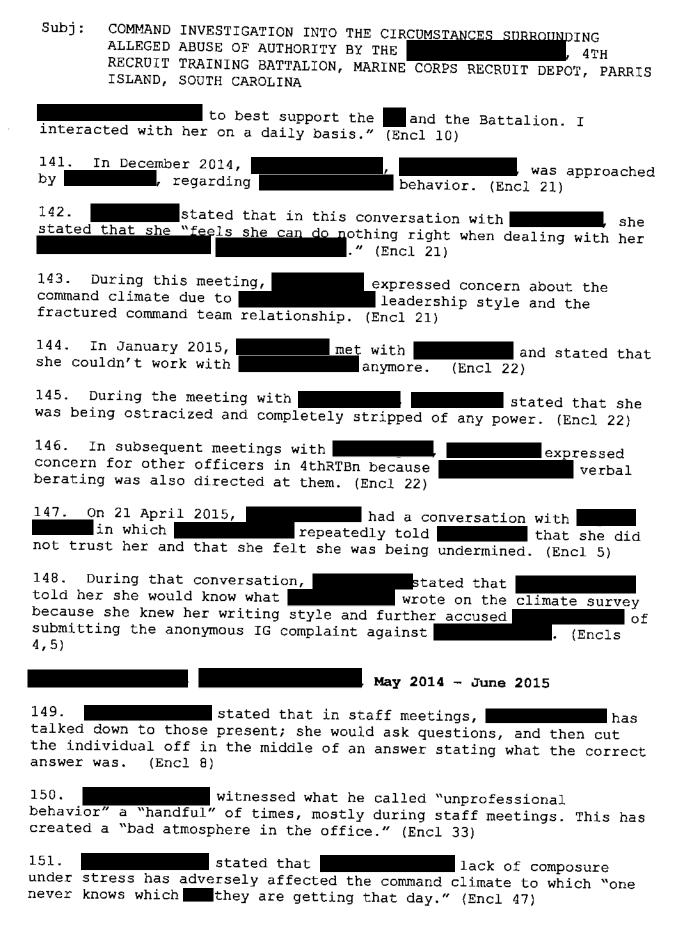


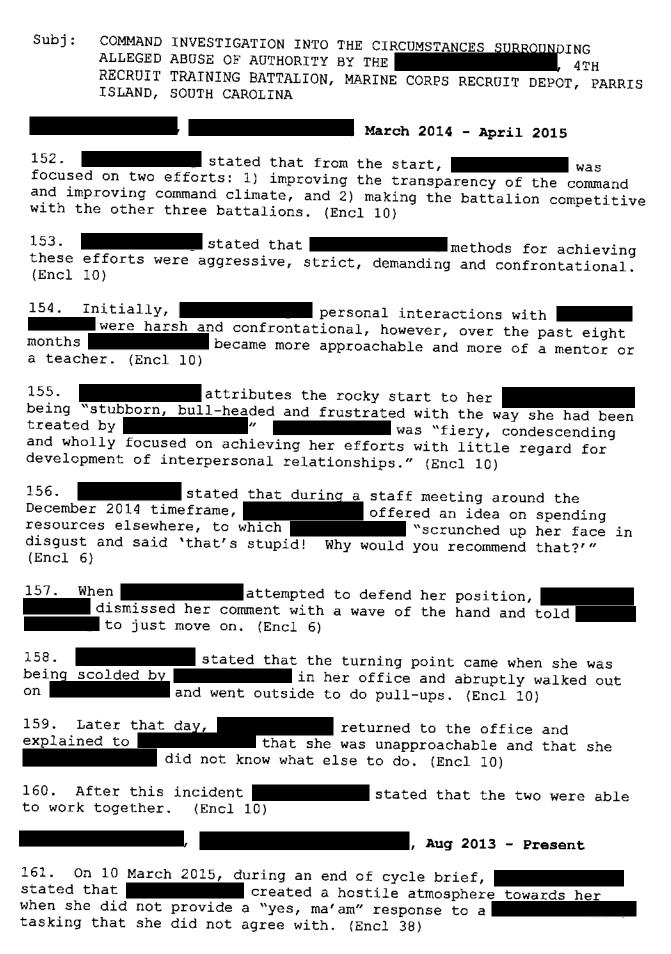


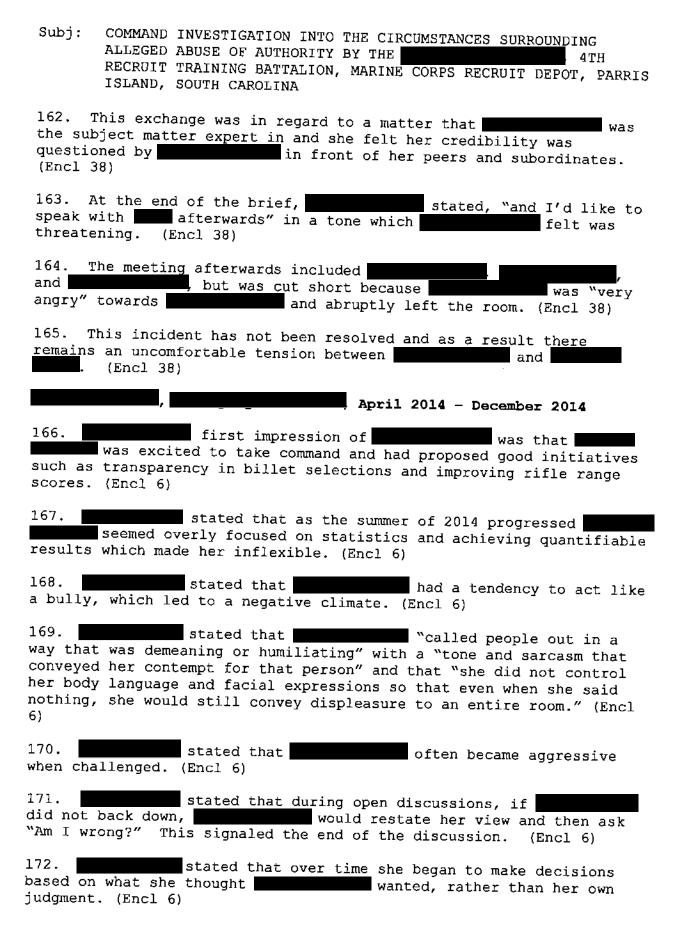


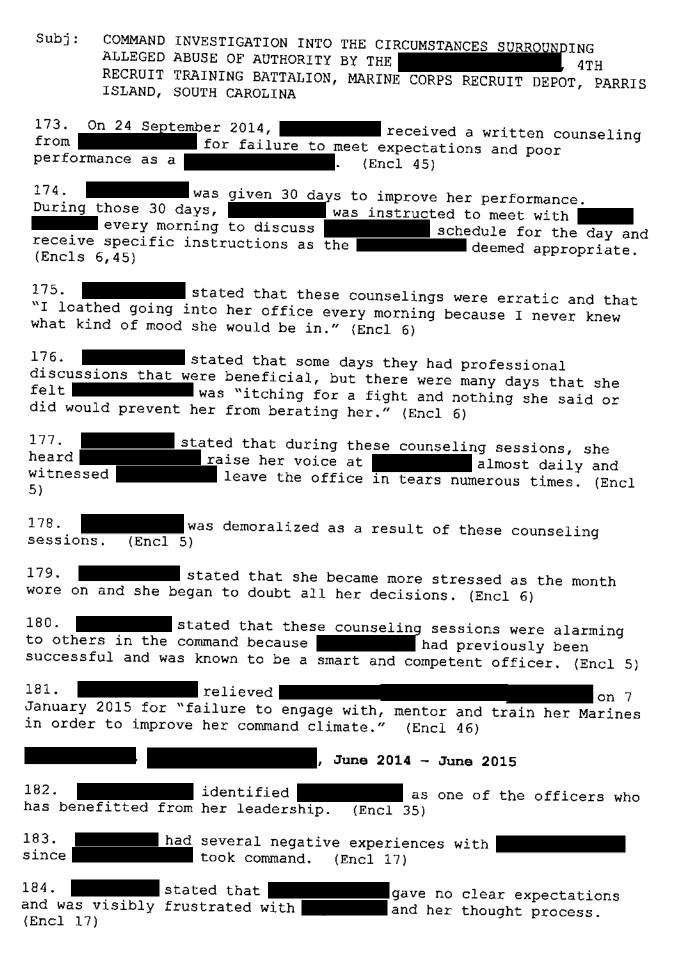




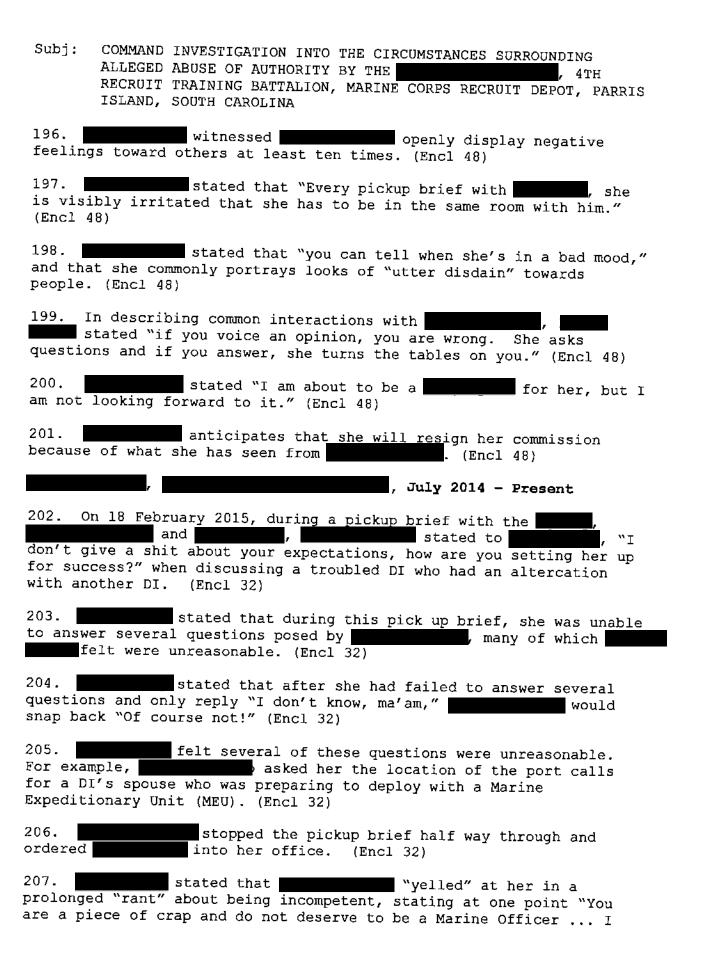


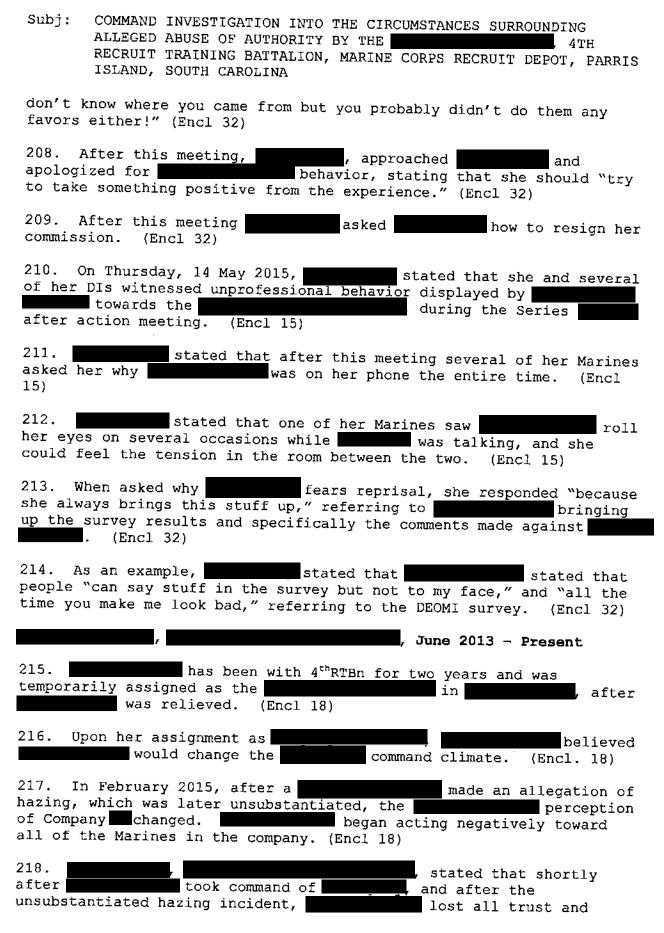


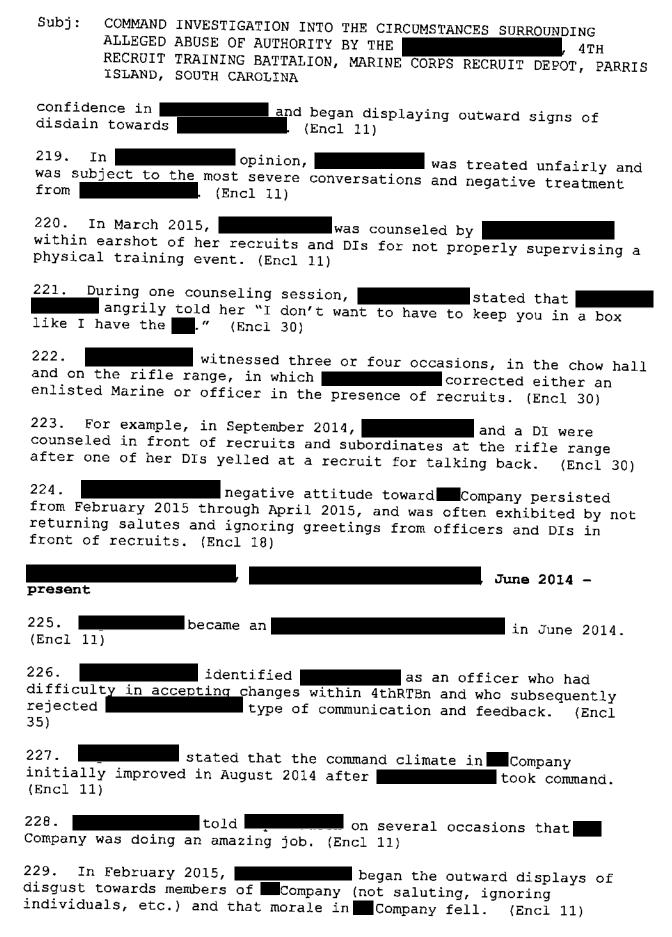


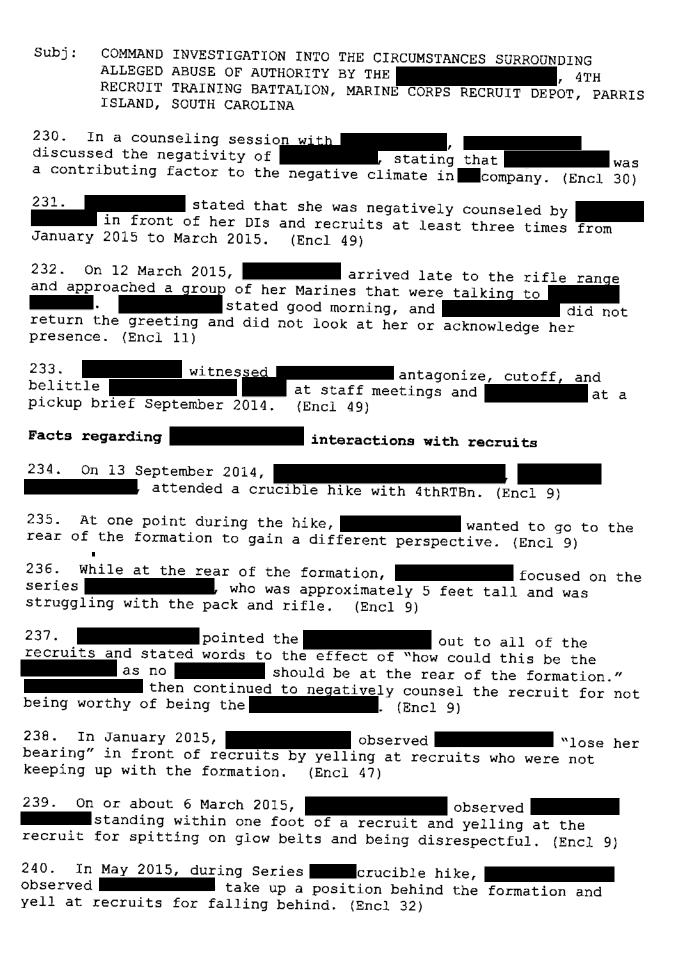


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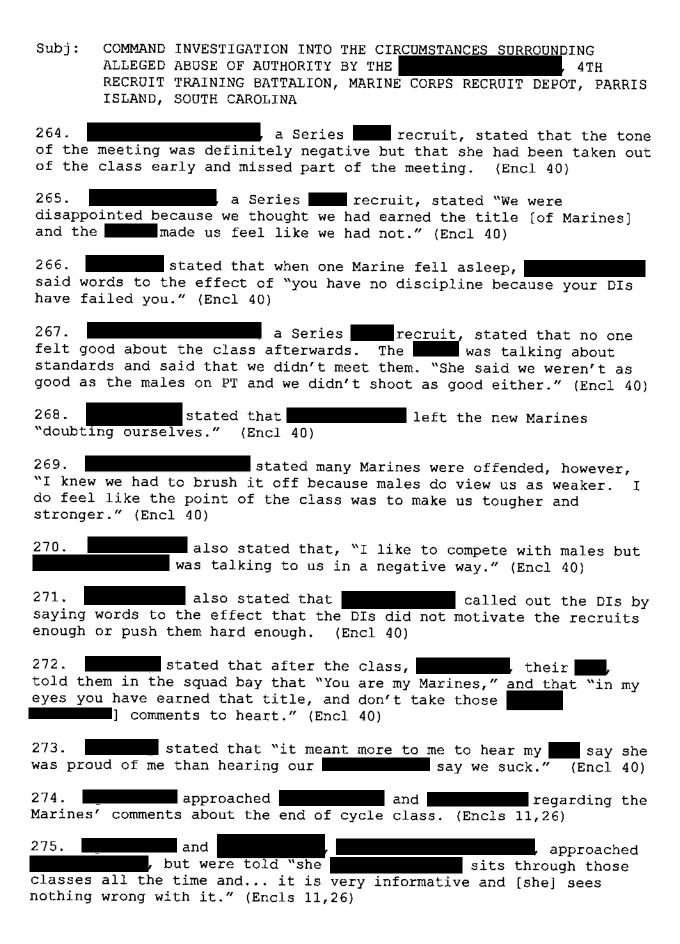
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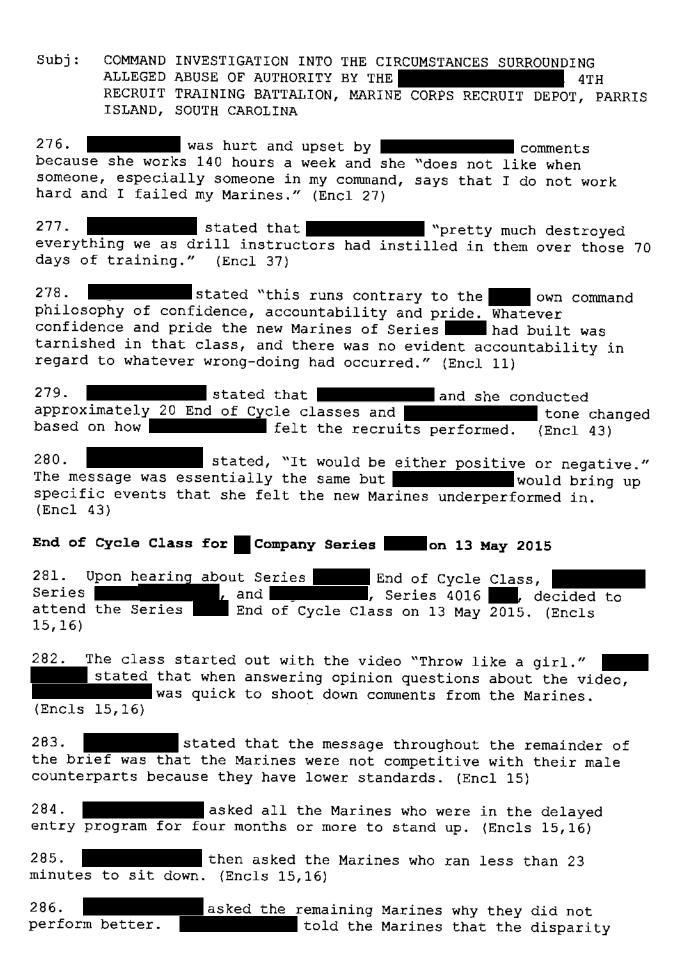
the new Marines' fitness and shooting scores were below average. (Encl

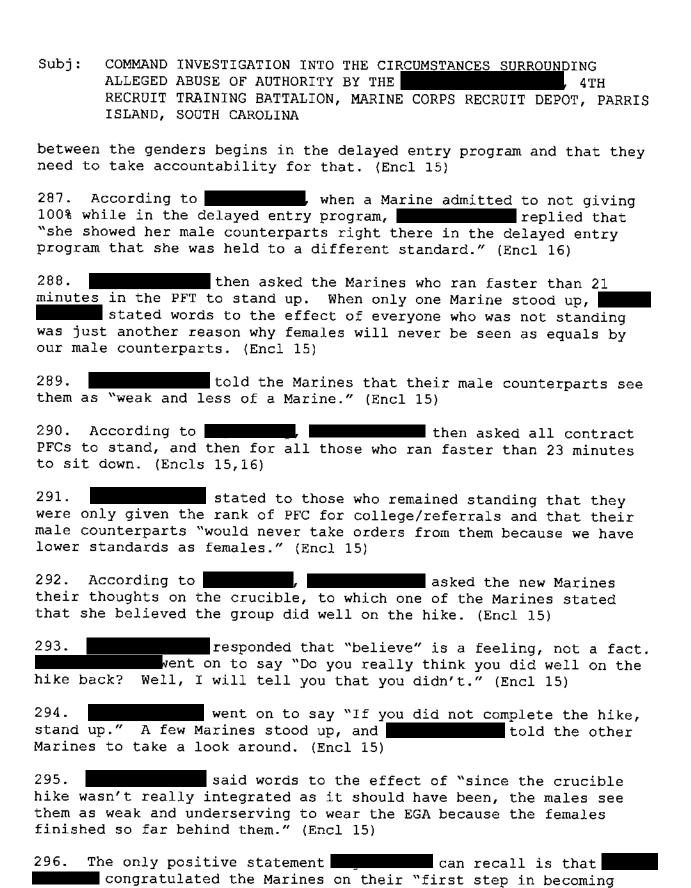
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feeling de-motivated. (Encl 40)





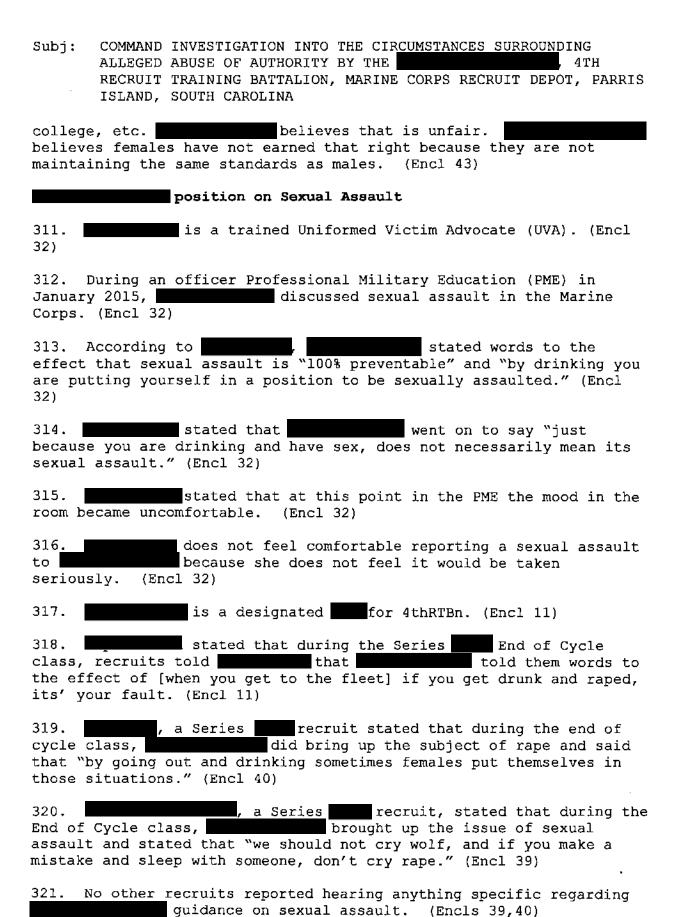


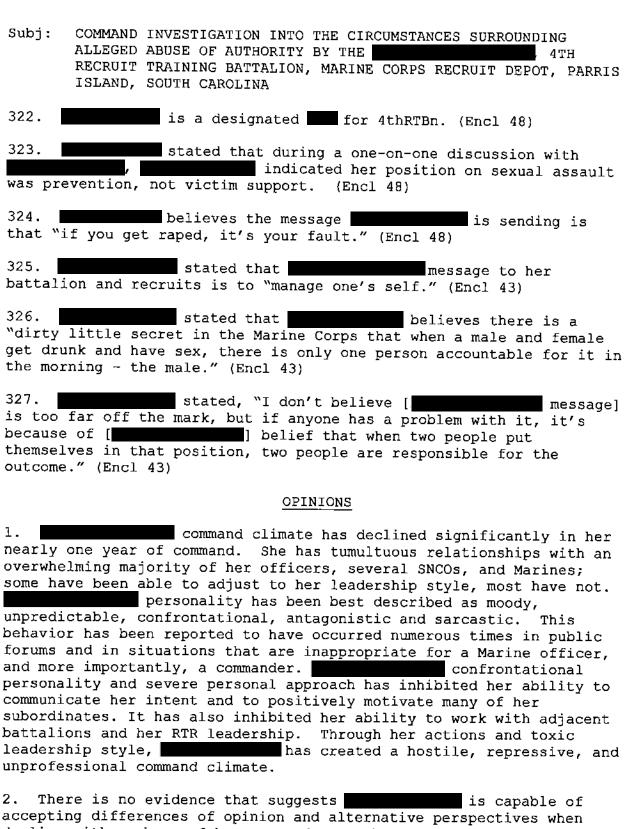
Marines." (Encl 16)

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310. went on to say that believes females

get promoted faster because of several factors, like having some





2. There is no evidence that suggests is capable of accepting differences of opinion and alternative perspectives when dealing with members of her command, or others. She becomes confrontational even after prompting open discussions. As a result, many individuals in her command will not respond to her and avoid bringing issues to her. inability to mask her disgust for people that she is upset with, or who she feels are not behind her, has resulted in a climate where some fear reprisal. From

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relatively benign acts of not returning salutes and ignoring greetings, to actively berating officers, SNCOs, and junior Marines in public settings, this persistent observation clearly indicates that has difficulty maintaining bearing and professionalism.

- actions during the meeting with Company on 11 May 2015 were overly confrontational, unprofessional and completely inappropriate for the audience of junior DIs, NCOs, SNCOs and officers. She took advantage of an opportunity to undercut the credibility of and in front of their assembled company. Her actions went well beyond simply holding leadership accountable when she asked to admit before her Marines that she was a leadership failure. The meeting had a demoralizing effect on many members of Company and reactions from those interviewed ranged from anger at to sympathy for who, despite problems with the sympathy for has the respect of her Marines and SNCOs.
- 4. The meeting on 11 May 2015 serves as more than a vignette revealing confrontational personality and how she communicates with members of her command. It also indicates a fundamental inability to understand her effect on command climate and how to repair it. Her unwillingness to acknowledge her own shortcomings, and repeated attempts to assign blame to her subordinates, has only caused her command climate to plummet further in the wake of the most recent survey results.
- stated goal in leading her battalion is to change the perception of women in the Marine Corps and culture in the battalion by "setting the example, holding ourselves accountable first, and being firm but fair." However, her obsession with eliminating the gender gap and absolute intolerance for anything less than full compliance with her vision has created a rift between her and several of her officers, senior enlisted leaders and drill instructors.
- 6. On 15 April 2015, and again on 13 May 2015, stated before the assembled newly-minted Marines of Series and that male Marines will not respect female Marines unless they maintain male standards. It was during these events that those female Marines who did not meet what she perceives as performance on par with their male counterparts. This is not presently in line with Marine Corps policy and is sending an inconsistent message to female Marines that the Marine Corps' standard for female Marines is not good enough. She has turned what should have been a proud and congratulatory event for her new Marines into an indictment on the quality of female recruit training and a minimization of their noteworthy accomplishments. Not only has denigrated the process of making Marines, she has also

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undercut the credibility of the officers, senior enlisted leaders and drill instructors of Companies and a.

- assault revealed no apparent malice or bad intent. However, her choice of words and focus on accountability may be misinterpreted as reinforcing blame towards the victim, especially in the eyes of those who have been victims of sexual assault. As a result of sexual assault message, several of her Marines, including officers, have reported that they would not feel comfortable reporting a sexual assault.
- 8. Despite the fact that did hold a meeting with members of Company attributing the battalion's poor command climate to them, the evidence does not support that reprisal or retaliation occurred as a result of the April 2015 DEOMI survey results. There is no evidence that threatened to take any unfavorable personnel action, or withhold any favorable action, against members of 4thRTBn that she believed participated the April 2015 DEOMI survey. In fact, behavior can be considered consistent throughout her one year in command.
- 9. Reference (b) forbids persons in authority to injure their subordinates by tyrannical or capricious conduct, or by abusive language. Despite all of her outward success, methods and personal approach, in my opinion, meet the definition of abuse of authority. I believe that even if she were to reconcile her own shortcomings, her ability to effectively command has been compromised.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1. No further investigation is warranted.
- 2. I recommend that be relieved of her duties for a loss of trust and confidence in her abilities to effectively lead 4thRTBn.



UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS

MARINE CORPS RECRUIT DEPOT/EASTERN RECRUITING REGION PO BOX 19580 PARRIS ISLAND, SC 29905-19580

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From: To:	Commanding General	
Subj:	COMMAND INVESTIGATION INTO THE CIRCUMSTANCES SURROUNDI ALLEGED ABUSE OF AUTHORITY BY THE RECRUIT TRAINING BATTALION, MARINE CORPS RECRUIT DEPOTISLAND, SOUTH CAROLINA	4
Ref:	(a) JAGINST 5800.7 (JAGMAN) (b) U.S. Navy Regs 1990, Chap 10, Par 1023 (Abuse of Au	thority)
referentinquire	cr Chapter II of reference (a), this appoints you to invite facts and circumstances surrounding alleged violations are into the facts and circumstances surrounding a meeting and company Marines on or about any additional communications regarding the results of command climate.	ns of cally g between
2. Rep letter	port your findings of fact, opinions, and recommendation form by 18 June 2015, unless an extension of time is g	ns in ranted.
	u may seek legal advice from the Staff Judge Advocate, I Island. Additionally, the MCRD Command Inspector's Of ble to provide additional correspondence regarding this	
4. You to any	u are not to release any information pertaining to this third party without my approval.	matter
5. Poi commerc	int of contact is contact is at cially at	or

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DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

DEOMI Organizational Climate Survey (DEOCS) Report

Organization: 4th Battalion

Commander/Director:

Admin Number: 1565957-4

Wednesday, April 22, 2015

Defense Equal Opportunity Management Institute Directorate of Research Patrick AFB, FL

RCS: DD-P&R (AR) 2338

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It is important to review all sections contained in this report. Compare the information presented in Section III, Perceptions of Discrimination, Section V, Climate Factor Subgroup Comparison, along with Appendix, Written Comments from Your Organization. Doing so can sometimes help to validate potential areas of concern.

I. HOW TO INTERPRET YOUR DEOCS RESULTS

- 1. Start by looking at the demographic breakout in Part II, which shows who completed the survey. The charts provide a visual display of respondents by their demographic features. Survey respondents can select any option when completing the demographic portion of the survey, so numbers may not match the personnel assigned. Determine if the participants represent the overall assigned population.
- 2. Review section III, Perceptions of Discrimination. This shows perceptions of these incidents in the workplace during the past 12 months, actions taken to address them, and members' satisfaction with issue resolution.
- 3. Review section IV, Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR). This covers perceptions of leadership support, knowledge of sexual assault reporting options, perceived barriers to reporting sexual assault, and bystander intervention climate.
- 4. Review section V, which provides climate factor results broken out by demographic subgroup, facilitating direct comparison between complementary groups. Higher averages reflect more positive ratings. Results are displayed using a green, blue, and red coding scheme, respectively reflecting above average, average, and below average.
- 5. Review section VI, Overall Unit Summary. This provides a comparative analysis for each of the factor areas, comparing your unit's current average with its parent Service branch. Results are displayed using the same color coding scheme.
- 6. Review section VII, which shows responses to the individual climate factor questions
- 7. Review section VIII, which shows provides interpretation and recommendations for the DEOCS report.
- 8. Review responses to Locally Developed Questions (if you chose to include these in your survey).
- 9. Review responses to Short Answer Questions (if you chose to include these in your survey).

- 10. Review written comments and look for trends. Determine whether the comments support the numerical data.
- 11. If needed, conduct interviews to further characterize organizational issues and strengths, and opportunities for improvement.
- 12. If needed, review the organization's written records and reports to determine validity of perceptions revealed by the survey and interviews.

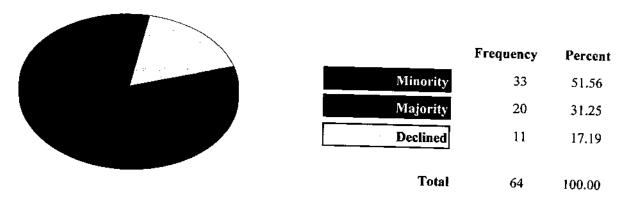
MAKING CLIMATE ASSESSMENT RESULTS WORK FOR YOUR ORGANIZATION

- 1. Share the results with members of your organization.
- Involve key leaders; let members know you are acting on their feedback.
- 3. If needed, establish an action team to develop and implement a plan for organizational improvement.
- 4. Conduct another climate assessment in accordance with your Service component directives to determine the effectiveness of the corrective actions that were taken to remedy validated perceptions.

If you or your staff requires assistance, do not hesitate to contact the DEOCS Support Team at DSN 854-2675/3260/4217 or commercial (321) 494-2675/3260/4217.

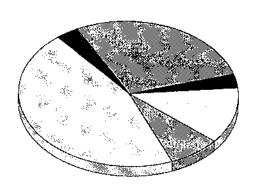
II. DEMOGRAPHIC BREAKOUT

MINORITY vs MAJORITY



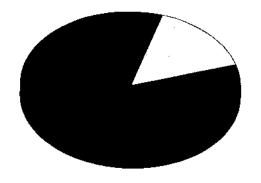
For the majority/minority subgroup categories, the majority category includes all respondents who listed their race as "White," and their ethnicity as "not Hispanic." All other respondents are included in the minority subgroup.

RACE



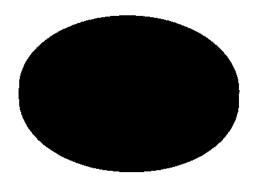
	Frequency	Percent
American Indian	1	1.56
Asian	İ	1.56
Black	8	12.50
Native Hawaiian	5	7.81
White	29	45.31
	2	3.13
Declined	18	28.13
Total	64	100.00

ETHNICITY



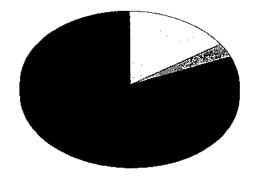
	Frequency	Percent
Not Hispanic	35	54.69
Hispanie	19	29.69
Declined	10	15.63
Total	64	100.00

GENDER



	Frequency	Percent
Men	3	4.69
Women	61	95.31
Total	64	100.00

CATEGORY



	Frequency	Percent
Junior Enlisted	45	70.31
Senior Enlisted	6	9.38
Junior Officer	10	15.63
Senior Officer	2	3.13
Janier Coding	0	0.00
	1	1.56
	0	0.00
Total	64	100.00

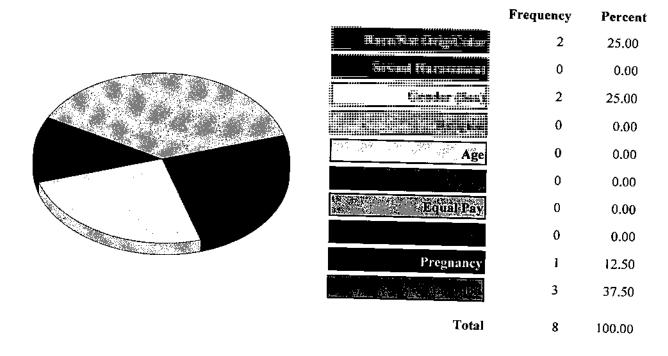
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III. PERCEPTION OF DISCRIMINATION

This section addresses whether members of the organization experienced discrimination and sexual harassment, directed from members of the organization, during the last 12 months; whether they reported the incident; and their satisfaction with how the reported incident was resolved.

Within the past 12 months, I have personally experienced an incident of discrimination or sexual harassment within my current organization (Mark all that apply):

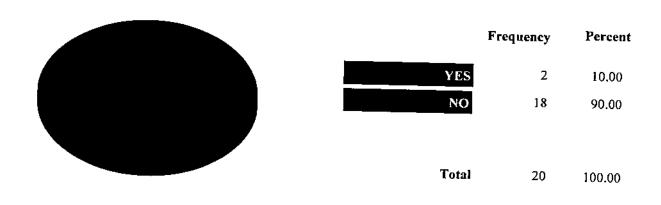


NOTE: Respondents can select multiple bases of discrimination, which accounts for any disparities in totals. Information specific to Sexual Harassment begins on page 14.

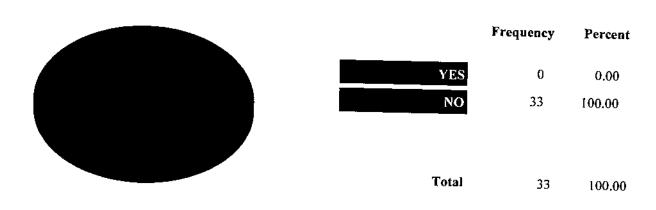
EXPERIENCED DISCRIMINATION BASED ON RACE/NATIONAL ORIGIN/COLOR

NOTE: Respondents who selected "Decline to respond" for Race and/or Hispanic declaration in the demographics section account for disparities that may appear in totals shown below.

MAJORITY

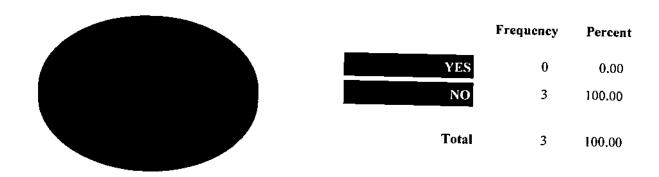


MINORITY

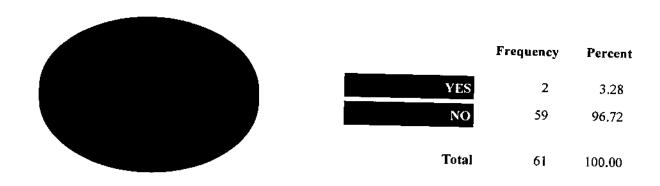


EXPERIENCED DISCRIMINATION BASED ON GENDER (SEX)

MEN



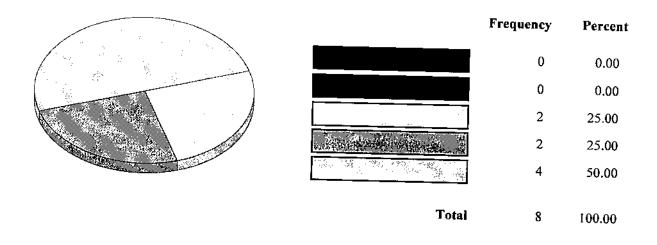
WOMEN



Actions Taken Following Incident of Discrimination

NOTE: Respondents' option to select more than one type of discrimination accounts for disparities that may appear in the totals shown below.

Did you report any of the incidents of discrimination to someone in your organization?



Reported incident through EO/EEO representa	ive.	
Reported incident to supervisor/superior.		32
Contronted individual.		
Old not report the incident to anyone.		

[&]quot;N/A" responses not included.

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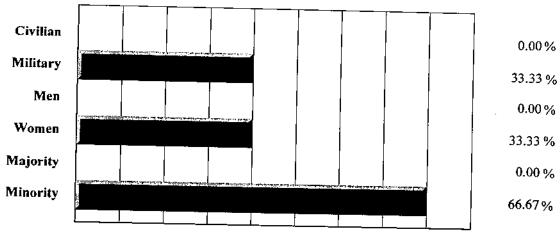
Reported Incident of <u>Discrimination</u> to Formal Complaint, EO/EEO or Supervisor: Demographic Breakout

NOTE: Respondents who selected "Decline to respond" for Race and/or Hispanic declaration in the demographics section or responded with N/A, account for disparities that may appear in totals shown below.

Table 1. Reported Incident of Discrimination by Demographic Breakout

Reported		Did Not Report		Total	
Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
0	0.00	0	0.00	0	100.00
2	33.33	4	66.67	6	100.00
0	0.00	0	0.00	0	100.00
2	33.33	4	66.67	6	00.001
0	0.00	3	100.00	3	100.00
2	66.67	1	33.33	3	100.00
	0 2 0 0	Number Percent 0 0.00 2 33.33 0 0.00 2 33.33 0 0.00	Number Percent Number 0 0.00 0 2 33.33 4 0 0.00 0 2 33.33 4 0 0.00 3	Number Percent Number Percent 0 0.00 0 0.00 2 33.33 4 66.67 0 0.00 0 0.00 2 33.33 4 66.67 0 0.00 3 100.00	Number Percent Number Percent Number 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 2 33.33 4 66.67 6 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 2 33.33 4 66.67 6 0 0.00 3 100.00 3

Figure 1. Reported Incident of Discrimination by Demographic Subgroups



[&]quot;N/A" responses not included.

Satisfaction with Discrimination Issue Resolution: Members who Filed Formal Complaint or Reported Incident to EO/EEO or Supervisor

Figure 2. How satisfied are you with how your issue was (or is being) resolved?

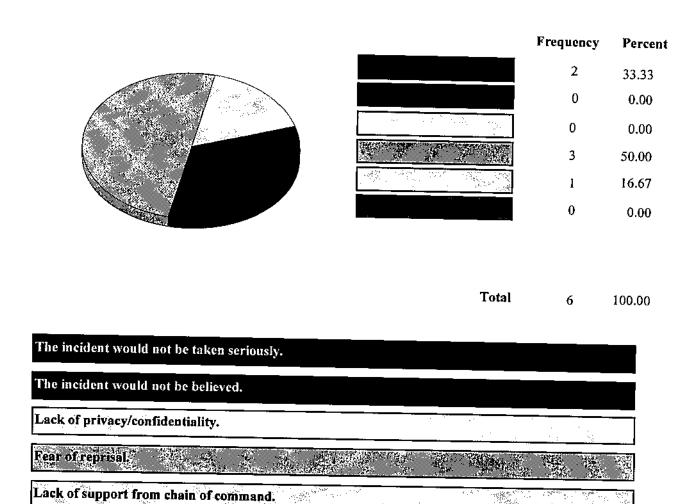
NOTE: Data for individuals who confronted the offenders are not included in the DEOCS satisfaction analysis.

Transfelled Frequency 0 2 0 0	Percent 0.00 100.00 0.00 0.00	
Total	2	100.00

Perceived Barriers to Reporting Discrimination

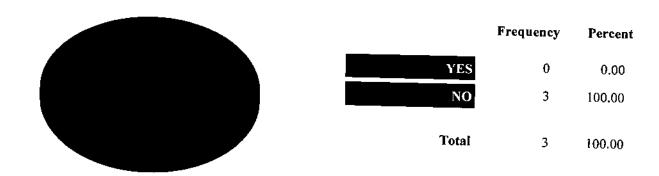
If you did not report the incident to anyone in your chain of command, please indicate your personal reasons why. (Mark all that apply)

Figure 3. Barriers to Reporting Discrimination



Experiences of Sexual Harassment

MEN



WOMEN



Actions Taken Following Incident of Sexual Harassment

NOTE: Respondents' option to select more than one type of discrimination accounts for disparities that may appear in the totals shown below.

Did you report any of the incidents of sexual harassment to someone in your organization?

	Frequency	Percent
	0	0.00
	0	0.00
	0	0.00
	0	0.00
77. ***********************************	0	0.00
Total	0	100.00

Filed formal complaint through EO/EEO repr	resentative.		
Reported incident through EO/EEO represent	tative.		
Reported incident to supervisor/superior.			
Confronted individual:			
Did not report the incident to anyone.			

"N/A" responses not included.

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Members who Filed Formal Complaint or Reported Incident of <u>Sexual Harassment</u> to EO/EEO or Supervisor: Demographic Breakout

NOTE: Respondents who selected "Decline to respond" for Race and/or Hispanic declaration in the demographics section or responded with N/A, account for disparities that may appear in totals shown below.

Table 2. Reported Incident of Sexual Harassment by Demographic Breakout

Reported Did		Did No	Not Report		Total	
Number	Percent N	Number	Percent Number	Perc	ent	
0	0.00	0	0.00	0	100.00	
0	0,00	0	0.00	0	100.00	
0	0.00	0	0.00	0	100.00	
0	0.00	0	0.00	0	100.00	
0	0.00	0	0.00	0	100.00	
0	0.00	0	0.00	0	100.00	
	Number 0 0 0 0	Reported Number Percent N 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0.00	Reported Did No Number Percent Number 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 0	Reported Did Not Report Number Percent Number Percent Number 0 0.00 0.00 0 0.00 0.00 0 0.00 0.00 0 0.00 0.00 0 0.00 0.00	Reported Did Not Report Tot Number Percent Number Percent Number Percent Number 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 0 0.00 0	

Figure 4. Reported Incident of Sexual Harassment by Demographic Subgroups

				 	
Civilian					0.00%
Military		1 1 1 1			0.00 %
Men) 				0.00%
Women			.		0.00 %
Majority	J		f		0.00 %
Minority	i				0.00%
,				 	

Satisfaction with Sexual Harassment Issue Resolution: Members who Filed Formal Complaint or Reported Incident to EO/EEO or Supervisor

Figure 5. How satisfied are you with how your issue was (or is being) resolved?

NOTE: Data for individuals who confronted the offenders are not included in the DEOCS satisfaction analysis.

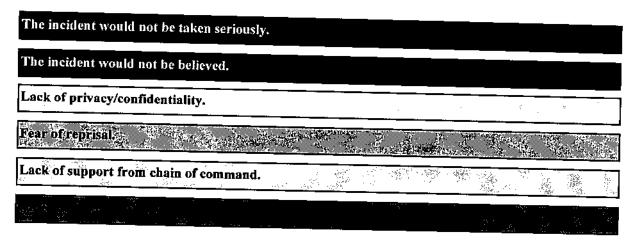
	Frequency	Percent
hay Whishial	0	0.00
निवाससम्बद्धी अने विकासने के विवर्ध	0	0.00
Temerlet Seleted	0	0.00
	0	0.00
Total	0	100.00

Perceived Barriers to Reporting Sexual Harassment

If you did not report the incident to anyone in your chain of command, please indicate your personal reasons why. (Mark all that apply)

Figure 6. Barriers to Reporting Sexual Harassment

	Frequency	Percent
	0	0.00
	0	0.00
,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	0	0.00
	0	0.00
	0	0.00
, A	0	0.00
Total	0	100.00

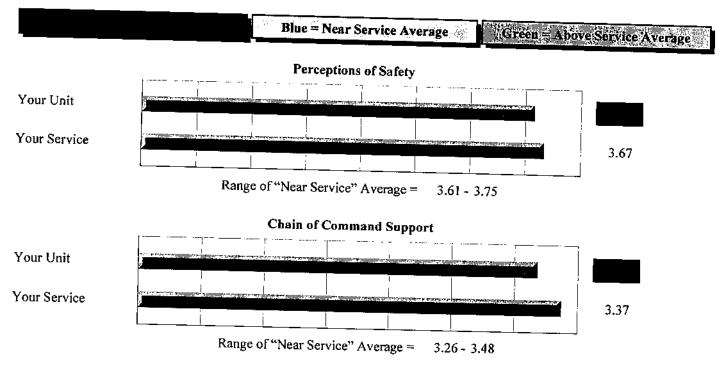


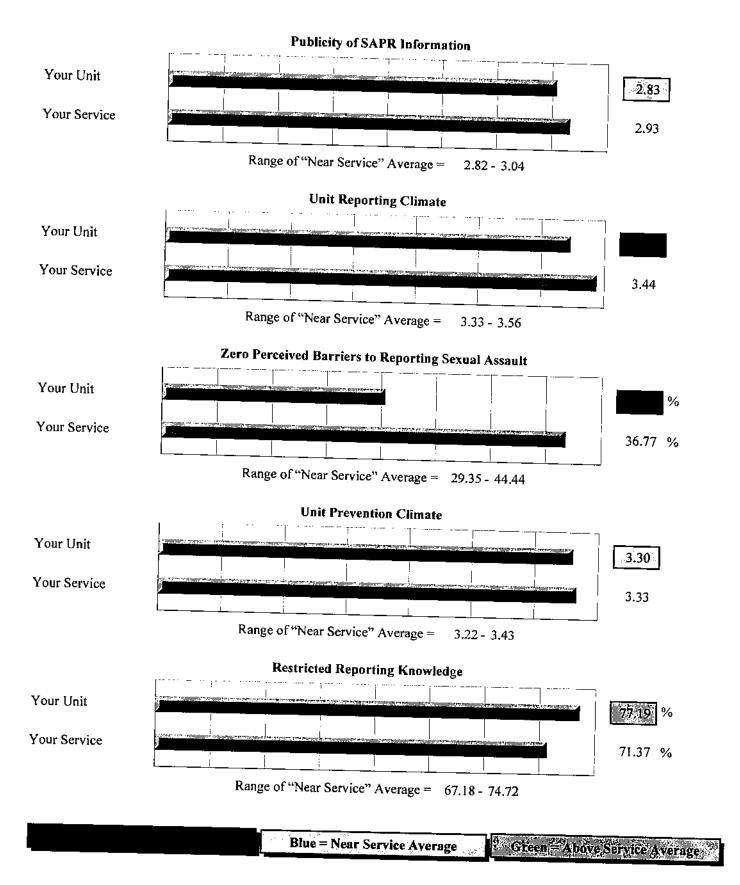
IV. SEXUAL ASSAULT PREVENTION AND RESPONSE

This section addresses members' perceptions of the Sexual Assault Prevention and Response (SAPR) climate within your organization. Specifically, this section includes members' perceptions of the following topic areas:

- 1) Perceptions of Safety
- 2) Chain af Command Support
- 3) Publicity of SAPR Information
- 4) Unit Reporting Climate
- 5) Perceived Barriers to Reporting Sexual Assault
- 6) Unit Prevention Climate
- 7) Restricted Reporting Knowledge

Below you will find the overall unit summary information pertaining to the SAPR climate within your organization, compared to the DEOMI database for your Service. Results display above average, average, and below average using a green, blue, and red coding scheme, respectively. Above average indicates that the perceptions of your members are markedly more favorable than the perceptions commonly held across your Service. Average indicates that the perceptions of your members are similar to that of the perceptions commonly held across your Service. Below average indicates that the perceptions of your members are markedly less favorable than those held across your Service. Your organization's average is displayed along with its respective Service branch average.





Perceptions of Safety

Perceptions of Safety refers to members' feelings of safety from being sexually assaulted where they currently live and perform their work/duties. Two questions measure Perceptions of Safety; each item is measured on a four-point scale, where respondents may select very unsafe, unsafe, safe, or very safe.

Table 3 displays *Perceptions of Safety* where individuals live, subdivided by residence and respondents' perceptions of safety where they work. The table displays the percentage of members who indicated they feel *safe* or *very safe* combined into "Safe" and displays the percentages of members who indicate they feel *unsafe* or *very unsafe* combined into "Unsafe." In cases where fewer than five people in a subgroup complete the survey, you will not receive any data for that subgroup in order to maintain respondent anonymity; that group's data will be marked with 0.00.

Table 3. Respondents' Perceptions of Safety

To what extent do you feel safe from being sexually assaulted where you	Safe		Unsafe		Total	
currently <u>live</u> :	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
On-base/post/station	12	92.31	1	7.69	13	100.00
Off-base/post/station	50	98.04	1	1.96	51	100.00
To what extent do you feel safe from being sexually assaulted where you perform your work/duties:	61	95.31	3	4.69	64	100.00

Figure 7 displays the percentage of respondents who feel "Safe" where they <u>live</u> by demographic subgroups. In cases where fewer than five people in a subgroup complete the survey, you will not receive any data for that subgroup in order to maintain respondent anonymity; that group's data will be marked with 0.00.

Figure 7. Respondents' Perceptions of Safety where they Live by Demographic Subgroups

To what extent do you feel safe from being sexually assaulted where you currently live?

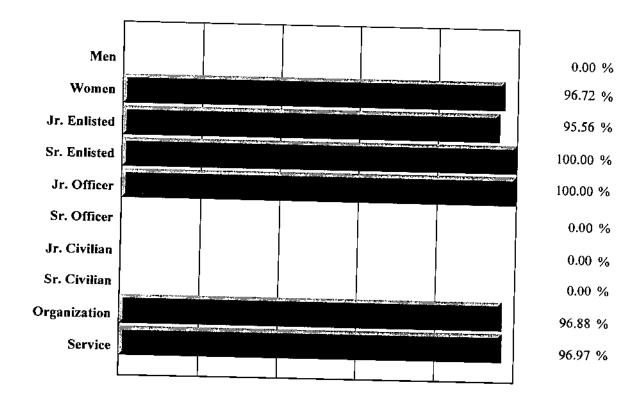
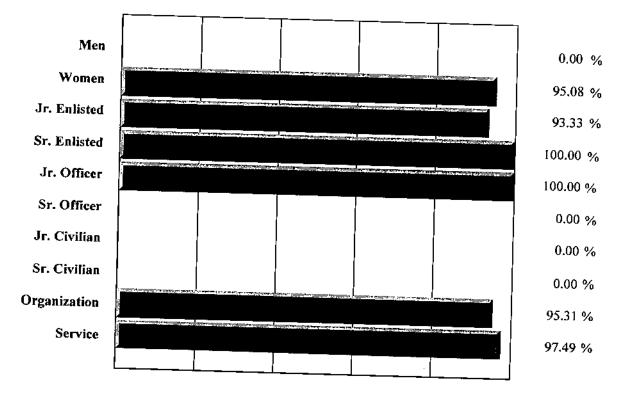


Figure 8 displays the percentage of respondents who feel "Safe" where they work by demographic subgroups. In cases where fewer than five people in a subgroup complete the survey, you will not receive any data for that subgroup in order to maintain respondent anonymity; that group's data will be marked with 0.00.

Figure 8. Respondents' Perceptions of Safety at Work by Demographic Subgroups

To what extent do you feel safe from being sexually assaulted where you perform your work/duties?



Recommendations:

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While Perceptions of Safety may not necessarily reflect the actual level of risk faced by an individual or group, the reasoning behind such perceptions may yield valuable information about a number of environmental risks that pertain not only to sexual assault, but also to domestic violence, substance abuse, disruptive conditions in living quarters, and other problems that require command attention. Use the results as a guide for developing a plan of action for leadership within your unit. Use the responses displayed by residence and by demographic subgroup to identify any differences between groups. Consider holding sensing sessions/focus groups with several members of these demographic groups to understand any differences in responses in your unit's results. Incorporate feedback from these sessions into your plan of action for leadership.

Here are additional recommendations and information to consider when developing your plan of action:

- Foster and encourage first-line supervisor involvement in the detection of potential threats and risks within your unit. About 80% of the sexual assaults within the Department of Defense occur between people that know each other. Consequently, standard physical security measures may not always address the factors that give rise to sexual assaults between co-workers, friends, and acquaintances. Well-trained and empowered first-line supervisors are likely the first to become aware of behaviors that contribute to increased risk for sexual assault and other disruptive behaviors within the unit.
- As appropriate, encourage your unit leaders to regularly visit military living quarters especially during evenings and weekends.
- Consider contacting base law enforcement and criminal investigators to obtain local threat information, for both on- and off- base housing areas.
- Review and modify as appropriate "party" and alcohol use policies in on-base living quarters. Many
 interactions that lead to sexual assault begin in social settings and often involve alcohol. Such policies
 should promote responsible alcohol use, encourage all involved to be on the lookout for situations at risk for
 sexual assault, and outline how to safely address inappropriate behavior.
- Encourage professional workplace behavior and intervention against those who do not behave respectfully.
 Research has found that the presence of unchecked sexual harassment within a unit increases the likelihood of sexual assault within that unit. Unit leadership must not only enforce these standards but also set the example.

Chain of Command Support

Chain of Command Support refers to members' perceptions of the extent to which command behaviors are targeted towards preventing sexual assault and creating an environment where members would feel comfortable reporting a sexual assault. Seven questions measure Chain of Command Support; each item is measured on a four-point scale assessing extent, where respondents may select not at all, slight extent, moderate extent, or great extent.

Table 5 displays the percentage of individuals who perceive a <u>favorable</u> Chain of Command Support climate, meaning that they perceive the chain of command to display the positive command behaviors to a <u>moderate</u> extent or a <u>great extent</u>. Additionally, this table displays the percentage of individuals who perceive an <u>unfavorable</u> Chain of Command Support climate, meaning that they perceive the chain of command to display the positive behaviors to a <u>slight extent</u> or <u>not at all</u>.

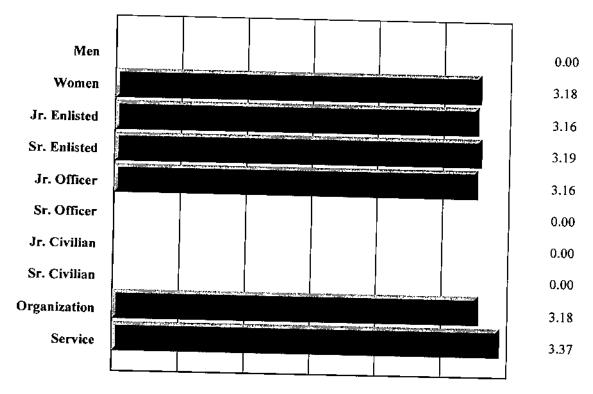
Table 5. Respondents' Perceptions of Chain of Command Support

Favorable Number Percent		Unfavorable Number Percent		Total Number Percen	
35	54.69	29	45.31	64	100.00
54	84.38	10	15.63	64	100.00
55	85.94	9	14.06	64	100.00
49	76.56	15	23.44	64	100.00
50	78.13	14	21.88	64	100.00
56	87.50	8	12.50	64	100.00
52	81.25	12	18.75	64	100.00
	Favo Number 35 54 55 49 50	Favorable Number Percent 35 54.69 54 84.38 55 85.94 49 76.56 50 78.13 56 87.50	Favorable Number Unfa Number 35 54.69 29 54 84.38 10 55 85.94 9 49 76.56 15 50 78.13 14 56 87.50 8	Number Percent Number Percent 35 54.69 29 45.31 54 84.38 10 15.63 55 85.94 9 14.06 49 76.56 15 23.44 50 78.13 14 21.88 56 87.50 8 12.50	Favorable Number Unfavorable Percent Tota Number Number Percent Number Percent Number 35 54.69 29 45.31 64 54 84.38 10 15.63 64 55 85.94 9 14.06 64 49 76.56 15 23.44 64 50 78.13 14 21.88 64 56 87.50 8 12.50 64

Analyzing Responses based on Demographic Subgroups;

The Chain of Command Support index is calculated by first assigning numerical values to each anchor, where "1" equals not at all, "2" equals slight extent, "3" equals moderate extent, and "4" equals great extent, and then computing individuals' mean responses to the seven Chain of Command Support questions. Figure 9 displays your unit's combined average on these questions by demographic subgroups, with higher scores reflecting more favorable Chain of Command Support. In cases where fewer than five people in a subgroup complete the survey, you will not receive any data for that subgroup in order to maintain respondent anonymity; that group's data will be marked with 0.00.





<u>Recommendations:</u>

ADMIN#:

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The Chain Of Command Support index provides insight into how unit members perceive leadership's behaviors related to preventing sexual assault and creating an environment where victims would feel comfortable reporting sexual assault. Use the results as a guide for developing a plan of action for leadership within your unit. Use the responses displayed by demographic subgroup to identify any differences between groups. Consider holding sensing sessions/focus groups with several members of these demographic groups to understand any differences in responses in your unit's results. Incorporate feedback from these sessions into your plan of action for leadership.

Here are additional recommendations and information to consider when developing your plan of action:

- Motivate and empower your command team to take action on those items that get a less favorable rating. For example, if the chain of command is not seen as actively discouraging sexist comments and behaviors, clearly set your expectations with your unit leaders and consider inviting an installation resource in to help improve their skill set. Some sexist comments and behaviors may be so common practice that they escape scrutiny by those using them. Capturing a wide variety of perspectives from people within and outside your leadership chain can help you identify problem areas. Unchecked sexist comments and behaviors communicate to offenders that the unit is a place that tolerates treating someone unfairly because of their gender. This kind of climate may act as a "green light" for those who perpetrate sexual assault.
- · Emphasize the importance of reporting sexual assault and getting needed assistance.
- Refrain from using the phrase "zero tolerance" on an individual unit-level. While no one should ever tolerate, condone or accept sexual assault, use of this term may have the unintended effect of keeping victims from reporting; no service member wants to be the person that shatters the commander's expectation that "zero" sexual assaults will occur in the unit. Rather, emphasize that sexual assault has no place in your unit but if it does occur, encourage those impacted to choose one of the reporting options and get care.
- Adjust supervision policies to allow unit members to engage care and other resources without intrusive questioning. An environment that is conducive to reporting also allows victims a reasonable amount of flexibility to schedule and attend appointments for care and assistance. While personnel accountability is important, victim feedback indicates that supervisors often ask such intrusive questions about the nature of care appointments that victims sometimes forego reporting the crime and getting care so as to not attract negative attention.
- Seek out training opportunities that encourage small group discussion and active participation. "One size fits all" training rarely imparts lasting changes in knowledge, skills, and behavior. Members between the ages of 18 to 25 may be most at risk for sexual assault, but many at this age see themselves as impervious to this and other harms. Small group discussions with a mentor can help overcome such resistance and impart lasting change. Contact your servicing Sexual Assault Response Coordinator for meaningful and impactful training formats and opportunities.

Additional Resources:

Training materials and discussion guides that can be used in smaller groups are available at www.sapr.mil. Also, follow links on sapr.mil to your Service webpage for additional materials.

Consider attending DEOMI's Leadership Team Awareness Seminar (LTAS). Target audience for LTAS is senior officers (commanders and key staff/department heads O-3/O-6) and senior enlisted advisors (E-7/E-9) as well as civilians including legal officers, chaplains, and inspector general personnel in leadership positions. Duration of the course is 5 Days (40 hours). For more information contact: Student Management Division for enrollment into LTAS, Commercial (321)494-5653/7543 (DSN 854).

Publicity of SAPR Information

Publicity of SAPR Information refers to the extent to which members' perceive that SAPR-related information and resources is publicly displayed and openly communicated. There are three questions measuring Publicity of SAPR Information; each item is measured on a four-point scale measuring extent, where respondents may select not at all, slight extent, moderate extent, or great extent.

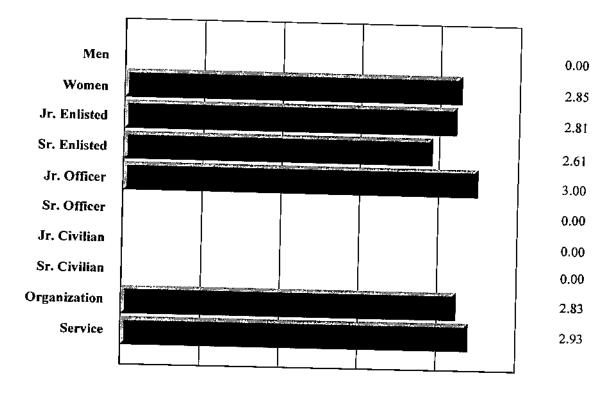
The following table displays the percentage of individuals who perceive there to be a <u>favorable</u> climate of <u>Publicity of SAPR Information</u>, meaning that they perceive the display of SAPR information and resources is to a <u>moderate extent</u> or a <u>great extent</u>. This table also displays the percentage of individuals who perceive there is an <u>unfavorable</u> climate of <u>Publicity of SAPR Information</u>, meaning that they perceive the display of SAPR information and resources is to a <u>slight extent</u> or <u>not at all</u>.

Table 6. Respondents' Perceptions of Publicity of SAPR Information

To what extent does your chain of command:	Favorable		Unfavorable		Total	
D.	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Disseminate information on the outcomes of sexual assault courts-martial occurring within your Service	25	39.06	39	60.94	64	100.00
Publicize sexual assault reporting resources (e.g., Sexual Assault Response Coordinator contact information; Victim Advocate contact information; awareness posters; sexual assault hotline phone number)	50	78.13	14	21.88	64	100.00
Publicize the Restricted (confidential) Reporting option for sexual assault	50	78.13	14	21.88	64	100.00

Figure 10 provides results of the *Publicity of SAPR Information* index by demographic subgroups. The *Publicity of SAPR Information* index is calculated by first assigning numerical values to each anchor, where "1" equals not at all, "2" equals slight extent, "3" equals moderate extent, and "4" equals great extent, and then computing individuals' mean responses to the three publicity questions. The figure below displays your unit's combined average on these questions by demographic subgroups, with higher scores reflecting more favorable perceptions of *Publicity of SAPR Information*. In cases where fewer than five people in a subgroup complete the survey, you will not receive any data for that subgroup in order to maintain respondent anonymity; that group's data will be marked with 0.00..

Figure 10. Respondents' Perceptions of Publicity of SAPR Information by Demographic Subgroups



Recommendations:

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The Publicity of SAPR Information index can provide insight about the availability of SAPR-related information and resources. Publically discussing issues surrounding sexual assault and displaying SAPR resources is an important step in decreasing the stigma associated with this crime. Communicating openly with members of your organization about sexual assault will also help to raise awareness of the issue. Use the results as a guide for developing a plan of action for leadership within your unit to increase the availability of these resources and information. Use the responses displayed by demographic subgroup to identify any differences between groups. Consider holding sensing sessions/focus groups with several members of these demographic groups to understand any differences in responses in your unit's results. Incorporate feedback from these sessions into your plan of action for leadership.

Here are additional recommendations and information to consider when developing your plan of action:

- Publicize SAPR information to prevent sexual assaults in your unit:
 - Empower your command team to publically display SAPR information by guiding them to resources that they can utilize (see Additional Resources section below).
 - Integrate SAPR messaging into existing communication plans and publications (e.g., town halls, all hands, commander's call, newsletter, etc.).
 - Feature sexual assault related resources in unit common areas. Publicize the DoD sexual assault hotline (www.safehelpline.org) as an anonymous, free, and available worldwide 24 hours a day resource.
 - o Disseminate policy letters against sexism, sexual harassment, and sexual assault.
- Publicize SAPR information in response to a sexual assault allegation made in your unit:
 - o Take the opportunity to discuss the SAPR program, the support resources available to both victims and accused members, and prevention topics.
 - Actively discourage rumors and speculation about the allegation.
 - o Consider appropriate releases of information to keep unit members informed and derail rumors. The release must consider the privacy of the victim, the accused, and the sensitivity of the matters involved. Work with your local criminal investigators and staff judge advocate to determine what can be said, when it is released, and how to communicate such information.
 - To the extent legally permissible, discuss the outcomes and disciplinary actions, if any, of sexual assault allegations.
 - When all personnel are held appropriately accountable for their behavior, the unit climate of trust and safety is enhanced and personnel may feel safer coming forward with issues or incident reports. An example of a practice that promotes accountability includes: Publicizing the punishments for misconduct or criminal offenses consistent with law and Department of Defense regulations (Excerpted from the 2014-2016 DoD Sexual Assault Prevention Strategy, Section 5).

Additional Resources:

Nationally, Sexual Assault Awareness Month (SAAM) occurs in April and commits to raising awareness and promoting the prevention of sexual violence through use of special events and public education. SAAM provides commands/installations an annual opportunity to highlight DoD and Service policies addressing sexual assault prevention and response. Visit www.sapr.mil for Sexual Assault Awareness Month Campaign materials

Stay up-to-date on SAPR policies by visiting <u>www.sapr.mil</u> and sign up to receive the SAPRO's quarterly newsletter (SAPR Source).

Visit www.safehelpline.org for outreach materials.

Visit www.deomi.org for sexual assault awareness observance posters.

Unit Reporting Climate

Unit Reporting Climate measures the extent to which members perceive that the chain of command would take appropriate actions to address an Unrestricted Report of sexual assault and that there would be minimal social and professional retaliation if a sexual assault was reported. Ten questions measure Unit Reporting Climate, where respondents may select not at all likely, slightly likely, moderately likely, or very likely.

Table 7 below displays the percentage of individuals who perceive a <u>favorable</u> <u>Unit Reporting Climate</u>, meaning that they perceive individuals within the unit (chain of command or members) are <u>moderately likely</u> or <u>very likely</u> to engage in the positive <u>Unit Reporting Climate</u> behavior. The table also displays the percentage of individuals who perceive an <u>unfavorable</u> <u>Unit Reporting Climate</u>, meaning that they believe the individuals within the unit are <u>slightly likely</u> or <u>not at all likely</u> to engage in the positive reporting climate behavior. Within this scale, there are three questions that ask about the extent of negative behavior and are therefore reverse scored to remain consistent with a higher score being more favorable (indicated with an asterisk).

Table 7. Respondents' Perceptions of Unit Reporting Climate

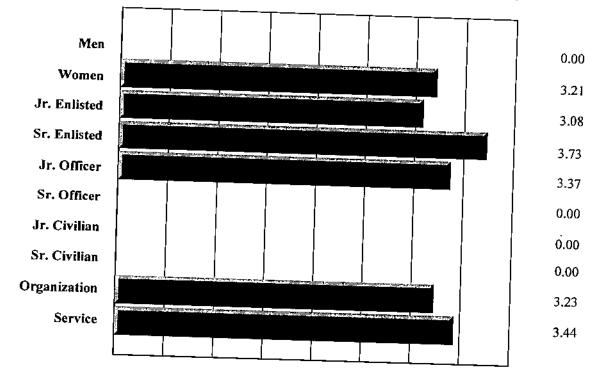
If someone were to report a sexual assault to your current chain of command, how	Favorable		Unfavorable		Total	
likely is it that:	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
The chain of command would take the report seriously.	56	87.50	8	12.50	64	100.00
The chain of command would keep knowledge of the report limited to those with a need to know.	51	79.69	13	20.31	64	100.00
The chain of command would forward the report outside the unit to criminal investigators.	56	87.50	8	12.50	64	100.00
The chain of command would take steps to protect the safety of the person making the report.	54	84.38	10	15.63	64	100.00
The chain of command would support the person naking the report.	55	85.94	9	14.06	64	100.00
The chain of command would take corrective ction to address factors that may have led to the exual assault.	54	84.38	10	15.63	64	100.00

85.94	9	14.06	64	100.00
				100.00
60.94	25	39.06	64	100.00
64.06	23	35.94	64	100.00
			37.00	64.06

Analyzing Responses based on Demographic Subgroups:

Figure 11 provides the results of the *Unit Reporting Climate* index by demographic subgroups, with higher scores indicating more favorable responses. The *Unit Reporting Climate* index is calculated by first assigning numerical values to each anchor, where "1" equals *not at all likely*, "2" equals *slightly likely*, "3" equals *moderately likely*, and "4" equals *very likely*, and then computing individuals' mean responses to the 10 *Unit Reporting Climate* questions. The figure below displays your unit's combined average on these questions by demographic subgroups, with higher scores reflecting a more favorable *Unit Reporting Climate*. In cases where fewer than five people in a subgroup complete the survey, you will not receive any data for that subgroup in order to maintain respondent anonymity; that group's data will be marked with 0.00.

Figure 11. Respondents' Perceptions of Unit Reporting Climate by Demographic Subgroups



Recommendations:

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The Unit Reporting Climate index can provide insight into how members perceive a report of sexual assault would be handled by the chain of command and unit members. These perceptions are important as they will likely influence members' willingness to report a sexual assault. Use the favorable and unfavorable ratings on the survey items as a guide for developing a plan of action for leadership within your unit to improve Unit Reporting Climate perceptions. Use the responses displayed by demographic subgroup to identify any differences between groups. Consider holding sensing sessions/focus groups with several members of these demographic groups to understand any differences in responses in your unit's results. Incorporate feedback from these sessions into your plan of action for leadership.

Here are additional recommendations and information to consider when developing your plan of action:

- Optimize Unit Reporting Climate to prevent sexual assault in your unit:
- o Encourage your command team to take action on those items that receive a less favorable rating. For instance, if unit members perceive that the chain of command does not take sexual assault reports seriously, follow up with unit leaders to ensure that this responsibility is not taken lightly. Service members perceive that sexual assault reports are not taken seriously when allegations are ignored, leadership at any level encourages victims to drop their report, and victims are scrutinized and blamed for getting victimized.
- o Ensure DoD and Service requirements are met with regard to case progress and updates to victims. DoD Instruction 6495.02 requires the establishment of a multi-disciplinary case management group (CMG), co-chaired by the Deputy Installation Commander and the SARC. While each Service may refer to this group by a different name (i.e., Sexual Assault Review Board, etc.), the CMG should meet monthly to review individual cases, improve reporting, facilitate monthly victim updates, and to discuss process improvements to ensure system accountability and victim access to quality services. As a commander, you must attend the monthly CMG until final disposition has been taken in the case. You are also responsible for providing monthly updates to victims of sexual assault on

Maintain a favorable Unit Reporting Climate in response to a sexual assault allegation made in your unit:

- O All sexual assault allegations that come to the chain of command's attention must be referred to a military criminal investigative organization (CID, NCIS or AFOSI). Commanders may not conduct their own internal or preliminary investigation (e.g., commander's inquiry, "15-6 investigations", etc.). Once the investigation is complete, you or a more senior commander must review the criminal investigation, evaluate the evidence with the assistance of a judge advocate, and determine any appropriate disciplinary action to be taken. If the victim and the accused are both within your unit, it is important that you should remain objective (fair and impartial) and take appropriate action based on the evidence.
- o Discourage members from participating in "barracks gossip" or grapevine speculation about the case or investigation. Remind everyone to wait until all the facts are known and final disposition of the allegation has occurred before reaching conclusions. While victims must see their allegations are taken seriously, the alleged offender is presumed innocent until proven guilty. Remind members that discussion of a possible sexual assault incident might compromise an ongoing investigation.
- O Emphasize the importance of balance in the justice system. "Choosing sides" is never fair to the parties involved, and can rip a unit apart. Supporting the victim and the accused through the military justice process does not require anyone to take a side. Rather, as a commander, you have a duty to ensure both parties (if both are under your command) are connected with appropriate services and support.

- Advise those who may have knowledge of the events leading up to or surrounding the incident to fully cooperate with any investigation involved.
- Ocnsider some form of targeted unit refresher training; or have an outside expert address the unit regarding preventive measures, as well as some of the emotional or psychological feelings that may manifest themselves, affect the unit, and require the unit's response during the course of the investigation. It is important that unit members not see "refresher training" as a group punishment because someone reported a sexual assault. Rather, small group discussions led by knowledgeable leaders are often the most helpful.
- Ocontinuously monitor the unit's overall climate to ensure neither the victim and/or the alleged offender is being ostracized. Prevent organizational splintering by communicating your expectations with first-line supervisors; encourage supervisors to stop rumors, monitor the formation of cliques, and communicate observed ostracism upwards. Keep in mind that sexual assault is not solely an individual-level issue; it requires a sustained systemic response because it is influenced by a wide-range of individual-, organizational-, and societal-level variables.
- Make victims aware of the option to request an expedited temporary or permanent transfer from their assigned command or base, or to a different location within their assigned command or base. Also keep in mind that alleged offenders may alternatively be moved.

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Perceived Barriers to Reporting Sexual Assault

Perceived Barriers to Reporting Sexual Assault refers to the frequency of barriers to reporting sexual assault individuals perceive within their unit/organization. Members are asked to select all that may apply from eight potential barriers, along with two additional options: "Another reason other than what is provided above" and "There are no barriers that would prevent victims from reporting a sexual assault."

The table below displays the percentage of members who perceive each barrier to reporting sexual assault.

Table 8. Respondents' Perceived Barriers to Reporting Sexual Assault

In your current unit/organization, which of the following would be the most likely	Sel	ected	Not Sel	ected	Total	
reasons why a victim of sexual assault would not report the incident?	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Negative impact to career or progress.	21	32.81	43	67.19	64	100.00
Loss of privacy/confidentiality.	34	53.13	30	46.87	64	100.00
Fear of professional retaliation for making the report.	21	32.81	43	67.19	64	100.00
Fear of social retaliation for making the report.	27	42.19	37	57.81	64	100.00
ack of confidence in the military justice system.	12	18.75	52	81.25	64	100.00
ack of confidence in the chain of command.	21	32.81	43	67.19	64	100.00
akes too much time and effort to report.	12	18.75	52	81.25	64	100.00
ot knowing how to make a sexual assault eport.	5	7.81	59	92.19	64	100.00
nother reason other than what is provided	7	10.94	57	89.06	64	100.00
here are no barriers that would prevent victims om reporting a sexual assault.	13	20.31	51	79.69	64	100.00

Analyzing Responses based on Demographic Subgroups:

The figures on the following pages provide results of the *Perceived Barriers to Reporting Sexual Assault* questions by demographic subgroups. The figures display the percentage of members that perceive zero barriers to reporting sexual assault (Figure 12), one to two barriers to reporting sexual assault (Figure 13), and three or more barriers to reporting sexual assault (Figure 14) by demographic subgroups. Taken together, these three figures represent the total group members who responded to the survey. In cases where fewer than five people in a subgroup complete the survey, you will not receive any data for that subgroup in order to maintain respondent anonymity; that group's data will be marked with 0.00.

Figure 12. Percentage of Respondents who Perceived Zero Barriers to Reporting Sexual Assault by Demographic Subgroups

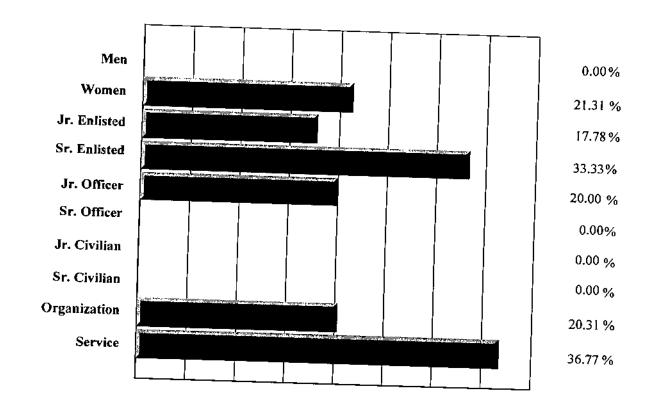


Figure 13. Percentage of Respondents who Perceived One to Two Barriers to Reporting Sexual Assault by Demographic Subgroups

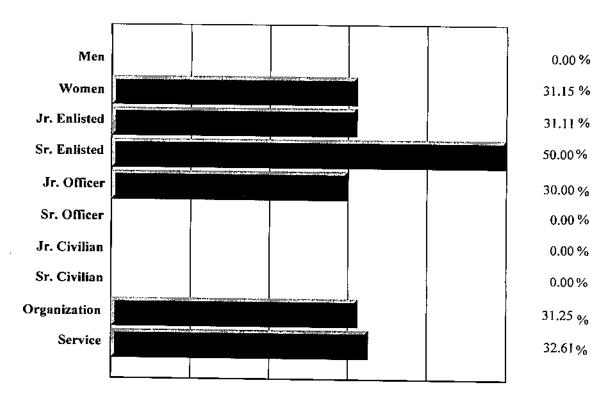
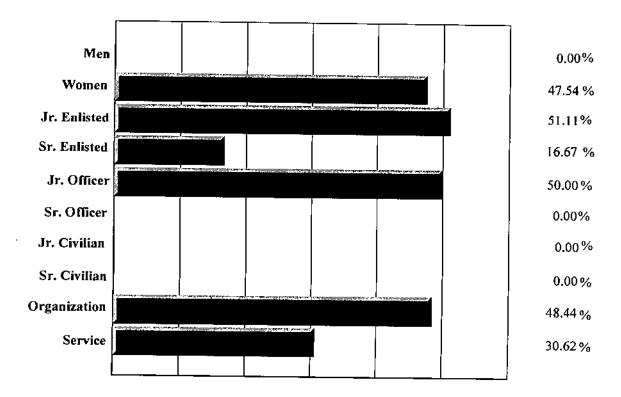


Figure 14. Percentage of Respondents who Perceived Three or More Barriers to Reporting Sexual Assault by Demographic Subgroups



Recommendations:

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Due to the nature of sexual assault crimes, victims often do not feel comfortable reporting or talking about their experience. There are steps leadership can take to reduce or eliminate these barriers which would increase the likelihood of a sexual assault being reported. The *Perceived Barriers to Reporting Sexual Assault* question can provide insight into why members within your organization may not feel comfortable reporting a sexual assault. Use these results as a guide to help develop a plan of action to eliminate perceived barriers within your organization. Compare the percentage of perceived barriers within your organization to the results of your respective service. Use the responses displayed by demographic subgroup to identify any differences between groups. Consider holding sensing sessions/focus groups with several members of these demographic groups to understand any differences in responses in your unit's results. Incorporate feedback from these sessions to help develop a plan of action for leadership to eliminate perceived barriers to reporting sexual assault. While you may never be able to eliminate all barriers to reporting, your work to address these concerns sends a powerful, positive message to victims.

Here are additional recommendations and information to consider when developing your plan of action:

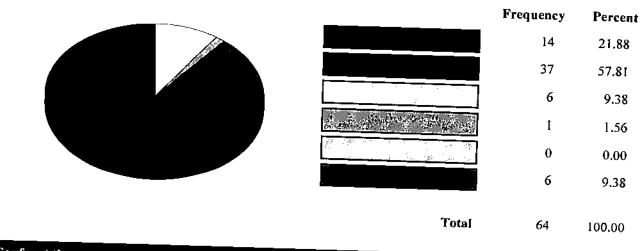
- Motivate and empower your command team to take action on barriers that are frequently perceived. Have a frank discussion with members regarding these barriers and be open to members' suggestions for improvement. Take steps to clarify misperceptions and reduce concerns by demonstrating effort towards eliminating that barrier. For example, if members perceive "negative impact to career or progress" to be a barrier to reporting sexual assault within your unit, ask members why this perception exists. Inquire further about this perception and communicate procedures in place to safeguard against negative impact on career. Follow through by addressing this with your CMG to ensure members' careers and progression are not, in fact, affected by reporting a sexual assault.
- As a commander, you must carefully communicate two messages. First, sexual assault is a crime and has no
 place in your unit. Second, if sexual assault does occur, encourage victims to pick one of the two reporting
 options and seek assistance. Keep in mind that these messages must be balanced.
- Avoid statements like "zero tolerance" on an individual unit level. While this sounds effective, it actually sends a message to victims that you do not want them to come forward to report: No member wants to be the one to tell their commander that the number of known sexual assaults in the unit is no longer "zero."
- Ensure victims feel comfortable coming forward to report sexual assaults by encouraging them to do so to
 the Sexual Assault Response Coordinator (SARC). Stress to your members that you do not have access to
 identifying information about victims making Restricted Reports; this will build members' trust in your
 unit's SARC and Victim Advocate (VA).
- As a commander, you can strengthen member's trust in the reporting process by recommending the most qualified and trained professional to serve in critical advocacy positions.

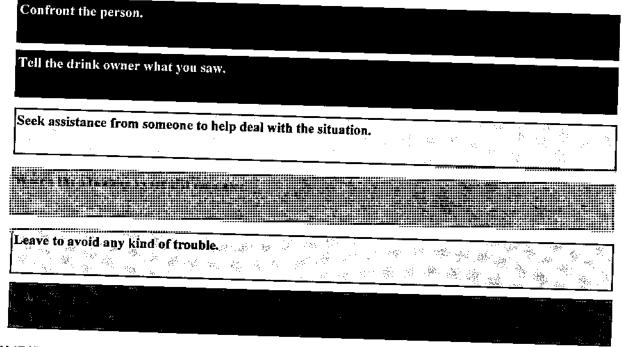
Unit Prevention Climate (Bystander Intervention)

Unit Prevention Climate, also known as Bystander Intervention Climate, refers to individuals' intentions to act if they were to observe a situation that may lead to a sexual assault. Unit Prevention Climate is measured with two questions; one item is situation based and asks respondents to indicate which action they would take if in a given situation. One item presents respondents with a scenario and asks at which point they would most likely intervene if they witnessed the escalating situation. A summary of the responses collected within your organization are displayed in Figure 15 through Figure 17.

Figure 15. Responses to Bystander Intervention Action Question

Suppose you see someone secretly putting something in another person's drink. You're unsure what it was. Which of the following are you most likely to do in this kind of situation?



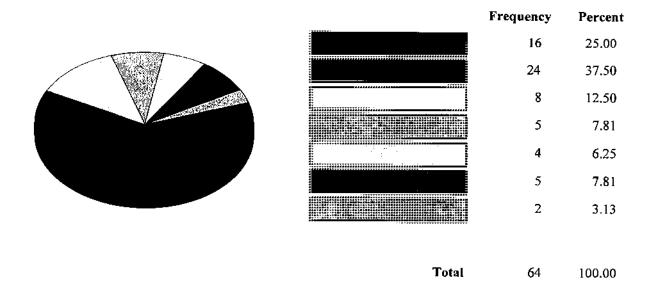


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Figure 16. Responses to Bystander Intervention Point of Intervention Question

Imagine you go on temporary duty for some training. The first night you go to a restaurant/bar with a large group of colleagues, whom you just met. At what point would you intervene in the following escalating situation?



A senior leader buys a drink for a person in the group and tells him/her a drink cannot be refused, as doing so would go against tradition.

The senior leader buys a second and third drink for the same person despite his/her repeated objections.

The person appears intoxicated and disoriented, and continues to be the senior leader's main focus of attention.

The senior leader repeatedly hugs the person, rubs his/her shoulders, and offers to walk him/her back to quarters.

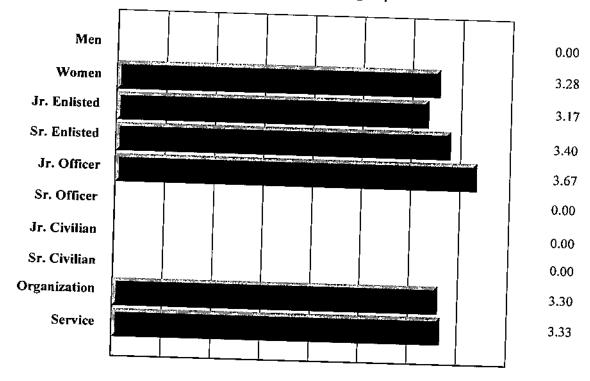
You see the senior leader quietly escorting the intoxicated person out of the bar.

In this scenario, I would not intervene at any point.

Analyzing Responses based on Demographic Subgroups:

The *Unit Prevention Climate* index is the numeric composite of the two bystander intervention climate questions. Figure 17 provides the results of the *Unit Prevention Climate* index by demographic subgroups, with higher scores indicating more favorable responses. In cases where fewer than five people in a subgroup complete the survey, you will not receive any data for that subgroup in order to maintain respondent anonymity; that group's data will be marked with 0.00.



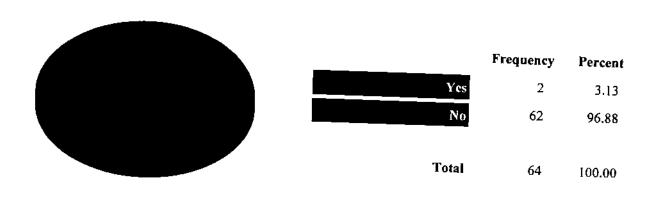


Prevalence of Respondents Observing High Risk Situations and Responses

Respondents were asked if they have observed a situation they believed could have led to a sexual assault within the past 12 months. Respondents' responses to this *observation* question are displayed in Figure 18.

Figure 18. Percentage of Respondents who Observed a High Risk Situation

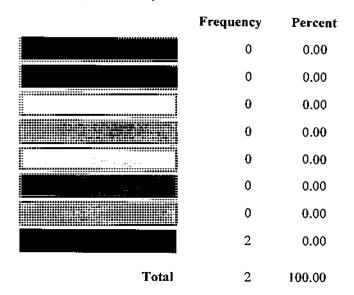
In the past 12 months, I observed a situation that I believe was, or could have led to, a sexual assault.

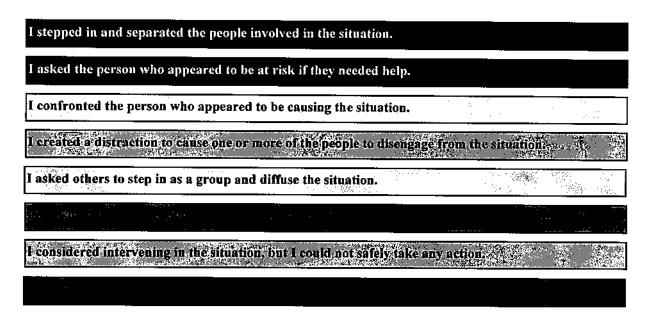


If respondents answered "yes" to the observation of a high risk situation question, they were prompted to identify the response that most closely resembled their actions. Figure 19 displays the responses of those who completed the question across your organization.

Figure 19. Respondents' Reported Actions Taken Following High Risk Situation

If yes, in response to this situation, select the response that most closely resembles your actions:





Recommendations:

The *Unit Prevention Climate* index can provide insight into members' intentions to act if they observe a situation that may lead to a sexual assault. Use these results as a guide to help develop a plan of action to increase bystander intervention within your organization. Look at the frequency of responses to the hypothetical scenario questions and the prevalence of respondents observing a high risk situation question to gain an understanding of how respondents within your organization plan to intervene as well as how they have intervened in the past. Set the expectation that your people must look out for each other, both on and off the battlefield. Encourage safely stepping in to de-escalate the situation when someone looks to be at risk for sexual assault or about to perpetrate a crime. Employ training that relies on scenarios to demonstrate application of bystander prevention concepts and drive small group discussions.

Use *Unit Prevention Climate* index displayed by demographic subgroups to identify any differences between groups. Consider holding sensing sessions/focus groups with several members of these demographic subgroups to understand any differences in responses in your unit's results. Incorporate feedback from these sessions to help develop a plan of action for leadership to increase bystander intervention within your organization.

Here are additional recommendations and information to consider when developing your plan of action:

- Promote bystander intervention by "practicing what you preach." Be an active bystander by calling out sexist remarks and sexually harassing behaviors if they are observed. When appropriate, demonstrate acceptable alternative behaviors as part of the corrective process. This will help provide the motivation and confidence necessary for members within your organization to act.
- It takes some practice and courage to intervene and discourage or stop unacceptable behavior. Teach bystander intervention strategies to inotivate and empower your people to watch for questionable behavior or risky choices, take safe action to de-escalate situations, and help ensure personal safety. One approach involves emphasizing the "ABCs" of Bystander Intervention:
 - Assess for safety. Ensure that all parties are safe, and whether the situation requires calling authorities. When deciding to intervene, your personal safety should be the #1 priority. When in doubt, call for help.
 - o Be with others. If it is safe to intervene, you are likely to have a greater influence on the parties involved when you work together with someone or several people. Your safety is increased when you stay with a group of friends that you know well.
- O Care for the person. Ask if the target of the unwanted sexual advance, attention, or behavior is okay. Does he or she need medical care? Does he or she want to talk to a Victim Advocate about reporting the matter? Ask if someone they trust can help them get home safely.
- Encourage your members to be receptive to messages from others indicating their behavior is not acceptable.
- Recognizing the rewarding positive personnel behavior can also be an effective strategy to increase and reinforce appropriate bystander behavior.

Additional Resources:

Visit www.sapr.mil for Active Bystander Training material.

Restricted Reporting Knowledge

Knowledge of the Restricted Reporting option is assessed with one question. The item reads, "All of the following people can receive an Unrestricted Report of sexual assault. However, a Restricted (confidential) Report can only be made to certain people. Please identify which of the following types of people can and cannot take a Restricted Report." The Sexual Assault Response Coordinator, Victim Advocate, and Military Service Healthcare Personnel (see footnote below table) can take a Restricted Report. "Anyone in my chain of command" and "Criminal investigator and Military Police Officer" are incorrect answers. These persons cannot take a Restricted Report. Table 9 displays the percentage of members within your organization who correctly and incorrectly identified who can and cannot take a Restricted Report.

Table 9. Respondents' Restricted Reporting Knowledge

Identify which of following types of people can and cannot take a Restricted Report:	Con	rrect	Incorrect		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Sexual Assault Response Coordinator	56	87.50	8	12.50	64	100.00
Victim Advocate	54	84.38	10	15.63	64	100.00
Military Service Healthcare Personnel	43	67.19	21	32.81	64	100.00
Anyone in my chain of command	54	84.38	10	15.63	64	100.00
Criminal investigator and Military Police Officer	40	62.50	24	37.50	64	100.00

Footnote: Laws vary from state to state regarding the authority of Military Service Healthcare Personnel to receive Restricted Reports. Please check with your local Sexual Assault Response Coordinator for more information on local state laws to verify if sexual assault victims who seek medical car or sexual assault forensic exams can make a Restricted Report to healthcare providers.

Figure 20 displays the average percentage of members who responded correctly, displayed by demographic subgroup, on the *Restricted Reporting Knowledge* question. The question is scored by averaging the percentage correct across the five response options of the types of people who can and cannot take a Restricted Report. In cases where fewer than five people in a subgroup complete the survey, you will not receive any data for that subgroup in order to maintain respondent anonymity; that group's data will be marked with 0.00.

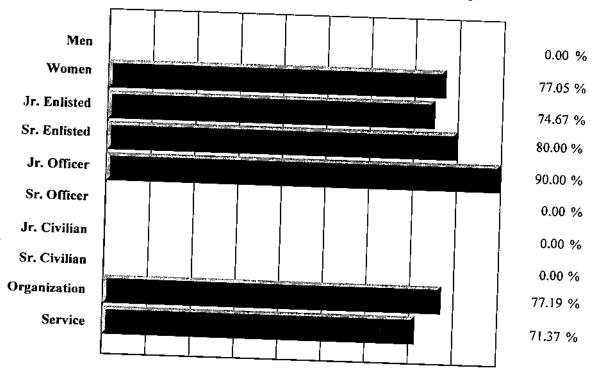


Figure 20. Respondents' Restricted Reporting Knowledge by Demographic Subgroups

Recommendations:

The Department of Defense is committed to ensuring victims of sexual assault are protected; treated with dignity and respect; and provided support, advocacy, and care. The DoD also strongly supports applicable law enforcement and criminal justice procedures that enable persons to be held accountable for sexual assault offenses and criminal dispositions, as appropriate. To achieve these dual objectives, the Department's preference is for complete Unrestricted Reporting of sexual assaults to allow for the provision of victims' services and to pursue accountability. However, Unrestricted Reporting may represent a barrier for victims to access services, when the victim desires no command or law enforcement involvement. Consequently, the DoD recognizes a fundamental need to provide a confidential disclosure vehicle via the Restricted Reporting option.

A Restricted Report allows victims to experience the services and support available to them and receive information about the investigative and military justice process in a means that preserves their confidentiality. Every year, a percentage of victims convert from a Restricted Report to an Unrestricted Report to participate in the justice process. As a result, the Department makes available the Restricted Reporting as a means for victims to become knowledgeable about their legal options. As of January 2014, all Services have specially-trained attorneys to represent victims of sexual assault, regardless of which reporting option is selected. This ability to confer confidentially with an attorney about their case may also encourage more victims to participate in the military justice system.

The Restricted Reporting Knowledge score can provide insight into members' knowledge of the reporting options of sexual assault. Use the correct and incorrect responses as a guide for developing a plan of action to increase awareness and knowledge of the reporting options. Use the responses displayed by demographic subgroup to identify any differences between groups. Use this information to enhance the education and training of your personnel.

Here are additional recommendations and information to consider when developing your plan of action:

- Periodically take the opportunity to remind everyone of how to make an Unrestricted or Restricted Report. Be sure to include how to contact the Sexual Assault Response Coordinator (SARC) and Victim Advocate (VA) that service your unit or the installation.
- Emphasize that command has a legal responsibility to follow up on all allegations of sexual assault. Individuals desiring a Restricted Report should contact a SARC, VA, or medical/mental health care provider.
- Publicize that victims of sexual assault may now have an attorney represent them during the military justice process. These attorneys are assigned at the victim's request, regardless of whether a victim makes either a Restricted or Unrestricted Report. SARCs connect victims with these specialized attorneys.
- Training is an important element in sexual assault prevention and response. Provide annual training and encourage members to take this training seriously. A short slide-based training once a year is NOT sufficient to make a lasting impression on your personnel mostly because none of them expect to become a victim of sexual assault. Contact your servicing SARC for more meaningful and impactful training formats and opportunities.
- Incorporate specific sexual assault prevention and response monitoring, measures and education into normal command training, readiness, and safety forums (e.g., quarterly training guidance, unit status reports, and safety briefings).
- Discuss your unit's DEOCS results with your installation's SARC and request that he/she conduct additional training or speak at commanders' calls.

Additional Resources:

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Visit www.sapr.mil for SAPR training material, webcasts, research, DoD regulations and policies, and more.

V. CLIMATE FACTOR SUBGROUP COMPARISONS

Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Climate Overview

The following chart provides a demographic summary of the SAPR Climate variables. Results display above average, average, and below average using a green, blue, and red coding scheme, respectively. Above average indicates that the perceptions of your members are markedly more favorable than the perceptions commonly held across your Service. Average indicates that the perceptions of your members are similar to that of the perceptions commonly held across your Service. Below average indicates that the perceptions of your members are markedly less favorable than those held across your Service. In cases where fewer than five people in a subgroup complete the survey, you will not receive any data for that subgroup; this helps maintain respondent anonymity.

	Perceptions of Safety	Chain of Command Support	Publicity of SAPR Information	Unit Reporting Climate	Zero Perceived Barriers to Reporting	Unit Prevention Climate	Restricted Reporting Knowledge
Minority Majority	3.62		2.91		30.00	3.22	86:00
Women Men	0.00	0.00	2.85	0.00	0.00	3.28	77/05
Officer Enlisted	3.67		33.08	3.48		213770	86.67
Junior Enlisted Senior Enlisted				348	33.33	3.40	74.67
Junior Officer Senior Officer	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Military Civilian	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Junior Civilian Senior Civilian	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Blue = Near Service Average

Green = Above Service Average

Organizational Effectiveness Factors

The following chart provides a demographic summary of the Organizational Effectiveness Factors. Results reflect climate factor averages that are Above Service Average, Near Service Average, and Below Service Average, respectively using a green, blue, and red color coding. Above Service Average: appreciably higher than your Service's average for that factor; Near Service Average: similar to those of your Service's average; Below Service Average appreciably lower than your Service's average. No data are displayed in cases where fewer than five people in a subgroup complete the survey; this helps maintain respondent anonymity.

	Org Commit	Trust in Leader	Org Perform	Org Cohesion	Leader Cohesion	Job Satisfact	Org Process	Diversity Mgt	Help Seeking	Exbaust
Minority Majority	2.88	2.68	3.01		2.70	2.86				
Women Men	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Officer Enlisted						2.72				
Junior Enlisted Senior Enlisted			2.83	2.96		** 2.76				
Junior Officer Senior Officer	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Military Civilian	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Junior Civilian Senior Civilian	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Blue = Near Service Average

Green Ahove Service Average

Equal Opportunity / Equal Employment Opportunity / Fair Treatment Factors

The following chart provides a demographic summary of the EO/EEO, Fair Treatment Factors. Results reflect climate factor averages that are Above Service Average, Near Service Average, and Below Service Average, respectively using a green, blue, and red color coding. Above Service Average: appreciably higher than your Service's average for that factor; Near Service Average: similar to those of your Service's average; Below Service Average appreciably lower than your Service's average. No data are displayed in cases where fewer than five people in a subgroup complete the survey; this helps maintain respondent anonymity.

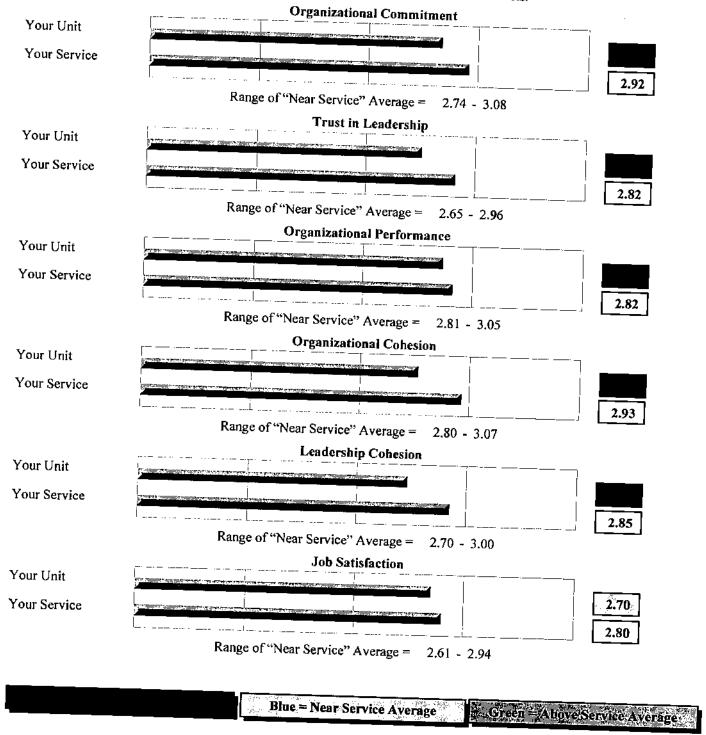
	Sexist Behavior	Sexual Harass	Sex Discrim	Racist Behavior	Disabil Discrim	Racial Discrim	Age Discrim	Religious Discrim	Demean Behavior	Hazing Behavior
Minority Majority	3,32	8:35	÷8.63	2,99	0.00	**3438	0.00	3.50		
Women Men	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Officer Enlisted	3.09	3.25	331	3.10	0.00	3.42	0.00	3.25 3.21	2.86	3.36
Junior Enlisted Senior Enlisted	3.08	3.22	3.06	3.11	0.00		0.00	3.18	328	3.78
Junior Officer Senior Officer	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.20 0.00	0.00	0.00
Military Civilian	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Junior Civilian Senior Civilian	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

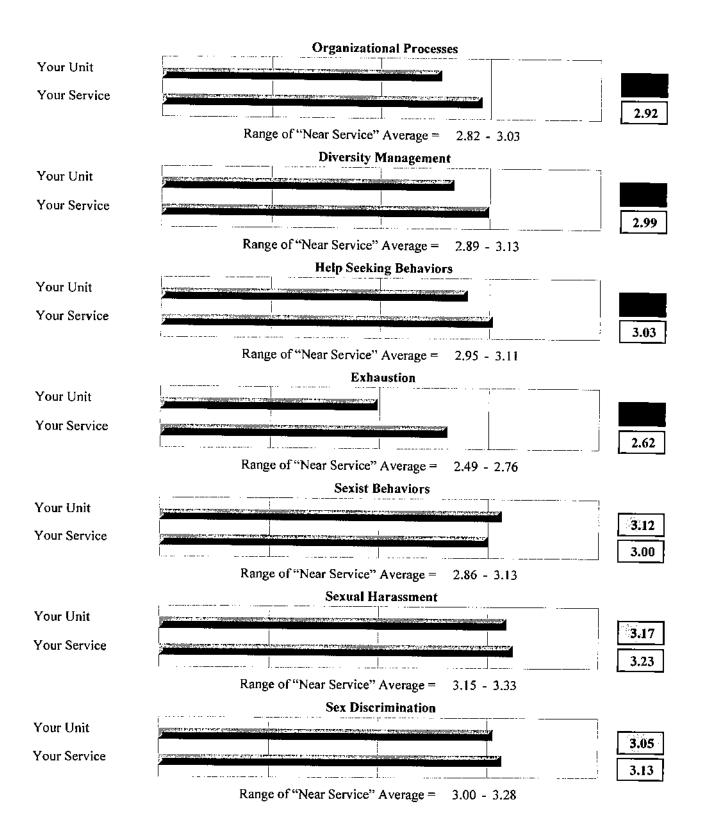
Blue = Near Service Average



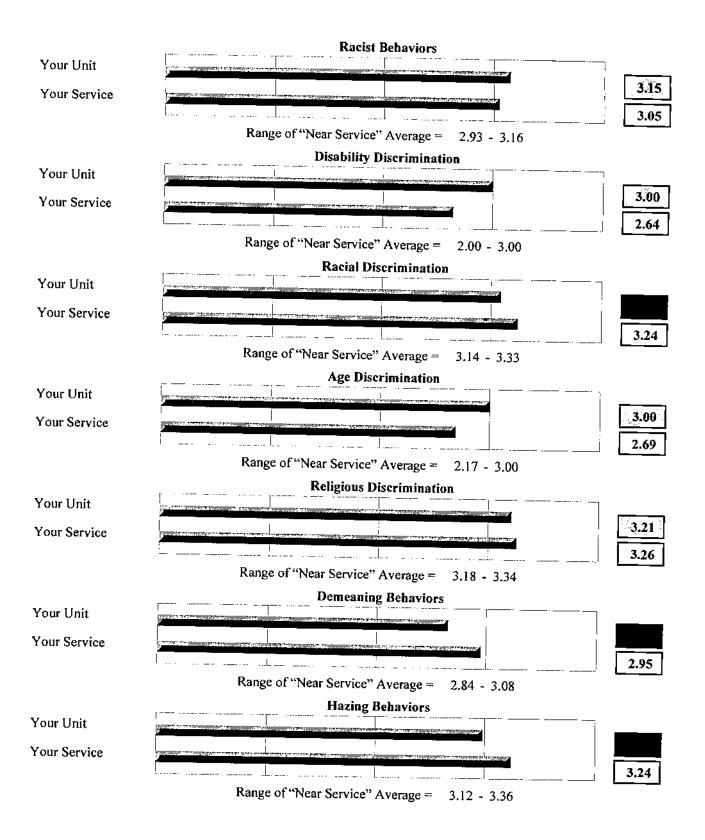
VI. OVERALL UNIT SUMMARY

The figures below compare your organization's average for each climate factor against your Service's average. The box to the right of each figure containing your organization's average will be color-coded blue, red, or green. Blue indicates your organization's average falls within the Range of "Near Service Average" values shown below each figure. Unit averages below this range are color coded red, while averages above this range are color coded green. Service averages are recalculated on a fiscal year semi-annual basis.







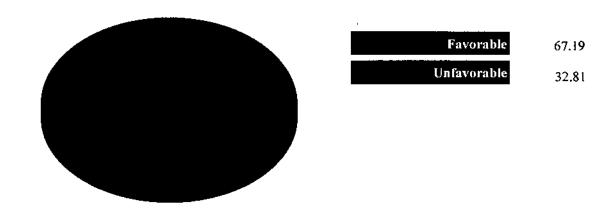




VII. DEOCS SUMMARY OF SURVEY ITEM RESULTS

Organizational Commitment

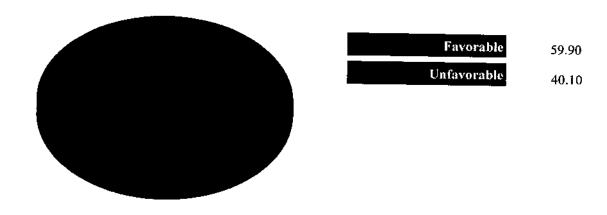
0	Favo	rable	Unfa	vorable	Total	
Question	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
I feel motivated to give my best efforts to the mission of my organization.	45	70.31	19	29.69	64	100.00
I feel a strong sense of belonging to this organization.	38	59.38	26	40.63	64	100.00
I am proud to tell others that I belong to this organization.	46	71.88	18	28.13	64	100.00
Overall Average	129	67.19	63	32.81	192	100.00



57

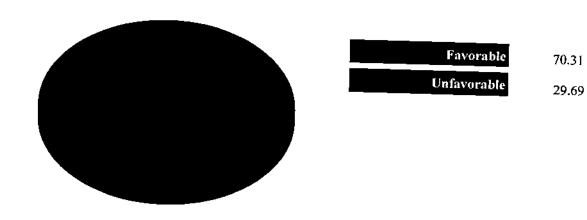
Trust in Leadership

Question	Favo	rable	Unfa	vorable	Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
I trust that my organization's leadership will treat me fairly.	33	51.56	31	48.44	64	100.00
I trust that my organization's leadership will represent my best interests.	38	59.38	26	40.63	64	100.00
I trust that my organization's leadership will support my career advancement.	44	68.75	20	31.25	64	100.00
Overali Average	115	59.90	77	40.10	192	100.00



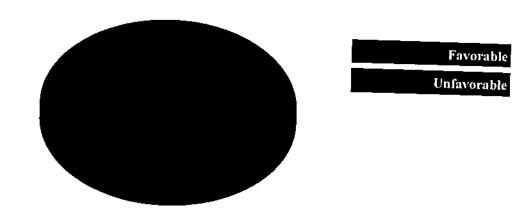
Organizational Performance

Question	Favorable		Unfavorable		To	tal
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
When short suspense/tasks arise, people in my organization do an outstanding job in handling these situations.	42	65.63	22	34.38	64	100.00
My organization's performance, compared to similar organizations, is high.	44	68.75	20	31.25	64	100.00
My organization makes good use of available resources to accomplish its mission.	53	82.81	11	17.19	64	100.00
All members of my organization make valuable contributions to completing tasks.	41	64.06	23	35.94	64	100.00
Overall	180	70.31	76	29.69	256	100.00



Organizational Cohesion

Question	Favorable		Unfavorable		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Members trust each other.	18	28.13	46	71.88	64	100.0
Members support each other to get the job done.	45	70.31	19	29.69	64	100.00
Members work well together as a team.	43	67.19	21	32.81	64	100.00
Members look out for each other's welfare.	42	65.63	22	34.38	64	100.00
Overall	148	57.81	108	42.19	256	100.00

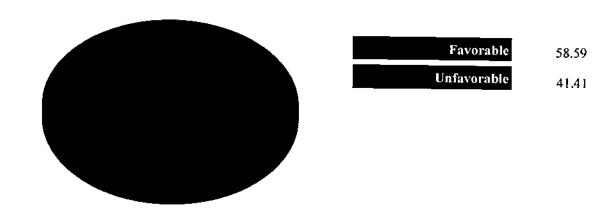


18.77

42.19

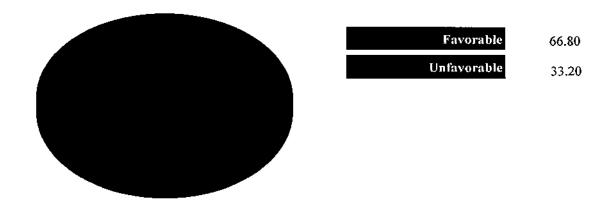
Leadership Cohesion

Question	Favo	rable	Unfavorable		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Leaders in my organization work well together as a team.	35	54.69	29	45.31	64	100.00
Leaders in my organization communicate well with each other.	30	46.88	34	53.13	64	100.00
Leaders in my organization support each other to get the job done.	44	68.75	20	31.25	64	100.001
Leaders in my organization are consistent in enforcing policies.	41	64.06	23	35.94	64	100.00
Overall	150	58.59	106	41.41	256	100.00



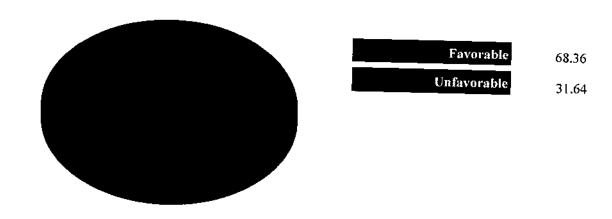
Job Satisfaction

Favo	rable	Unfa	vorable	Total	
Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
46	71.88	18	28.13	64	100.00
40	62.50	24	37.50	64	100.00
44	68.75	20	31.25	64	100.00
41	64.06	23	35.94	64	100.00
171	66.80	85	33.20	256	100.00
	Number 46 40 44	46 71.88 40 62.50 44 68.75 41 64.06	Number Percent Number 46 71.88 18 40 62.50 24 44 68.75 20 41 64.06 23	Number Percent Number Percent 46 71.88 18 28.13 40 62.50 24 37.50 44 68.75 20 31.25 41 64.06 23 35.94	Number Percent Number Percent Number 46 71.88 18 28.13 64 40 62.50 24 37.50 64 44 68.75 20 31.25 64 41 64.06 23 35.94 64



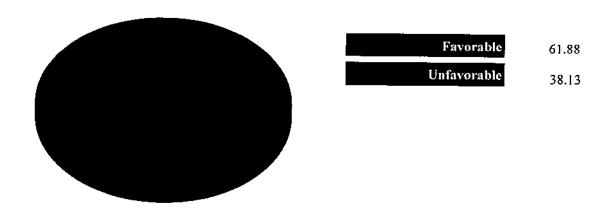
Diversity Management

Question	Favorable		Unfavorable		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Members are encouraged to perform to their fullest potential, regardless of their background.	49	76.56	15	23.44	64	100.00
Members have access to a mentoring program.	44	68.75	20	31.25	64	100.00
Members' skills and other attributes are taken nto account when assigning tasks.	37	57.81	27	42.19	64	100.00
Efforts are made to make everyone feel like part of the team.	45	70.31	19	29.69	64	100.00
Overall	175	68.36	81	31.64	256	100.00

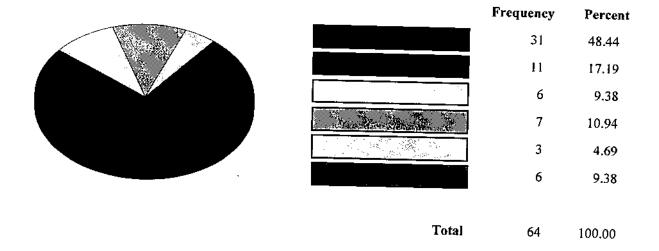


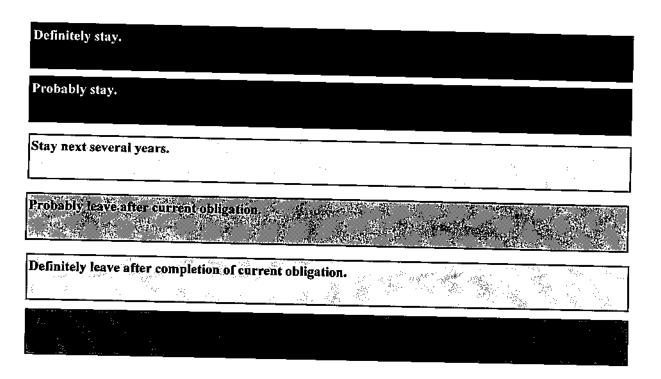
Organizational Processes

Question	Favorable		Unfavorable		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Discipline is administered fairly.	35	54.69	29	45.31	64	100.00
Programs are in place to address members' concerns.	39	60.94	25	39.06	64	100.00
Decisions are made after reviewing relevant information.	40	62.50	24	37.50	64	100.00
Relevant job information is shared among members.	47	73.44	17	26.56	64	100.00
Personnel are accountable for their behavior.	37	57.81	27	42.19	64	100.00
Overall	198	61.88	122	38.13	320	100.00



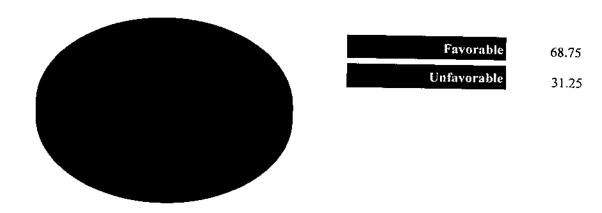
What best describes your career intentions?





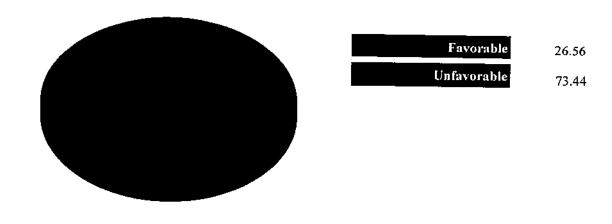
Help Seeking Behaviors

Question	Favorable		Unfavorable		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Members are well trained to recognize the signs of depression, suicidal thoughts, or Post Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD).	44	68.75	20	31.25	64	100.00
Seeking help for depression, suicidal thoughts, or Post Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD) is a sign of strength.	53	82.81	11	17.19	64	100.00
Seeking help for depression, suicidal thoughts, or Post Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD) would negatively impact a member's career.	35	54.69	29	45.31	64	100.00
Overall	132	68.75	60	31.25	192	100.00



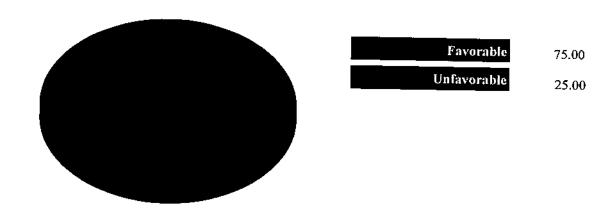
Exhaustion

Question	Favo	Favorable		Unfavorable		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
I feel mentally worn out.	10	15.63	54	84.38	64	100.00	
I feel physically worn out.	19	29.69	45	70.31	64	100.00	
I feel emotionally worn out.	22	34.38	42	65.63	64	100.00	
Overall	51	26.56	141	73.44	192	100.00	



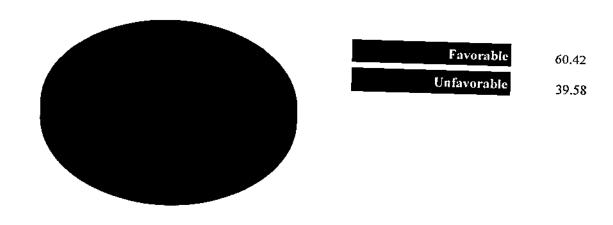
Hazing Behaviors

Question	Favorable		Unfavorable		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Newcomers in this organization are pressured to engage in potentially harmful activities that are not related to the mission.	47	73.44	17	26.56	64	100.00
Newcomers are harassed and humiliated prior to being accepted into the organization.	47	73.44	17	26.56	64	100.00
To be accepted in this organization, members must participate in potentially dangerous activities that are not related to the mission.	50	78.13	14	21.88	64	100.00
Overall Average	144	75.00	48	25.00	192	100.00

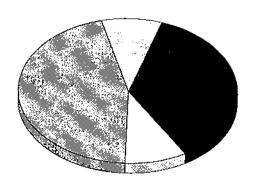


Demeaning Behaviors

Question	Favorable		Unfavorable		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Certain members are purposely excluded from social work group activities.	42	65.63	22	34.38	64	100.00
Certain members are frequently reminded of small errors or mistakes they have made, in an effort to belittle them.	30	46.88	34	53.13	64	100.00
Certain members are excessively teased to the point where they are unable to defend themselves.	44	68.75	20	31.25	64	100.00
Overall	116	60.42	76	39.58	192	100.00



In what way or ways do you perceive favoritism is being displayed?

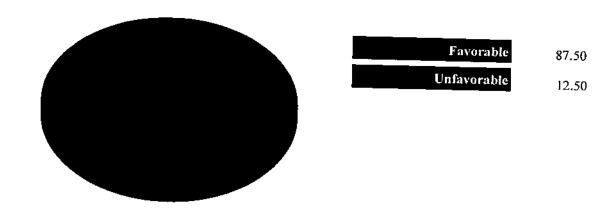


<u> </u>	Frequency	Percent
	0	0.00
	7	21.21
	3	9.09
	15	45.45
	3	9.09
	5	15.15
Total	33	00.001

Race/sex/national origin difference	
Job opportunities	
Performance report ratings	
Personal relationships	
Do not know	

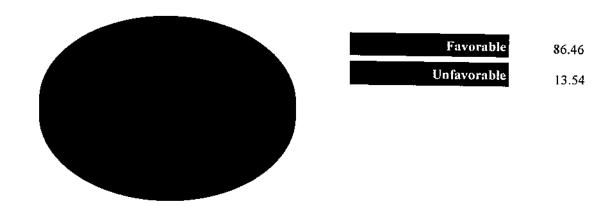
Racial Discrimination

Question	Favo	Favorable		Unfavorable		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Qualified personnel of all races/ethnicities can expect similar job assignments.	55	85.94	9	14.06	64	100.00	
People of all races/ethnicities can expect to be treated with the same level of professionalism.	57	89.06	7	10.94	64	100.00	
Qualified personnel of all races/ethnicities can expect the same training opportunities.	56	87.50	8	12.50	64	100.00	
Overall	168	87.50	24	12.50	192	100.00	



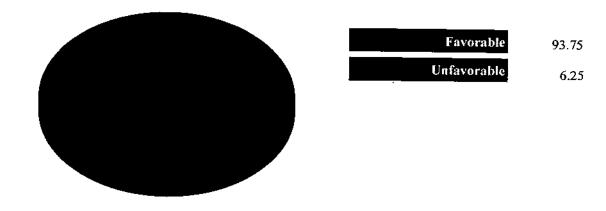
Sex Discrimination

Question	Favorable		Unfavorable		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Qualified members of both genders can expect to be treated with the same level of professionalism.	54	84.38	10	15.63	64	100,00
Qualified members of both genders can expect similar job assignments.	56	87.50	8	12.50	64	100.00
Qualified members of both genders can expect the same training opportunities.	56	87.50	8	12.50	64	100.00
Overali	166	86.46	26	13.54	192	100,00



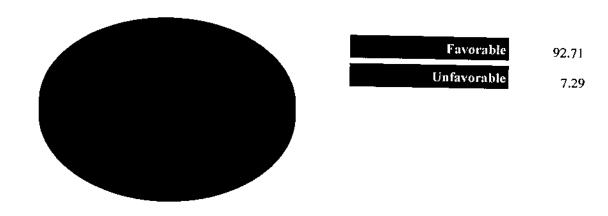
Religious Discrimination

Question	Favorable		Unfavorable		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Qualified people of all religions can expect similar job assignments.	60	93.75	4	6.25	64	100.00
Leaders do not publicly endorse a particular religion.	60	93.75	4	6.25	64	100.00
Qualified personnel of all religions can expect the same training opportunities.	60	93.75	4	6.25	64	100.00
Overall	180	93.75	12	6.25	192	100.00



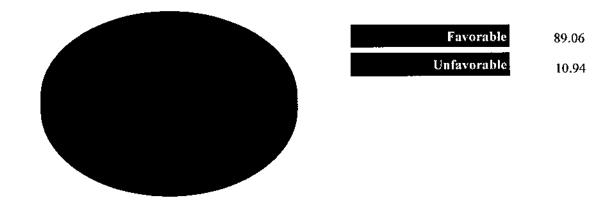
Sexual Harassment

Question	Favorable		Unfavorable		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Leaders play an active role in the prevention of sexual harassment.	59	92.19	5	7.81	64	100.00
Leaders in my organization adequately respond to allegations of sexual harassment.	59	92.19	5	7.81	64	100.00
Sexual harassment does not occur in my work area,	60	93.75	4	6.25	64	100.00
Overall	178	92.71	14	7.29	192	100.00



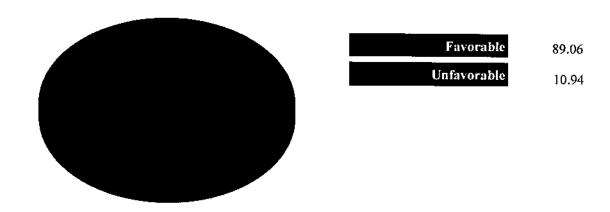
Racist Behaviors

Overting	Favorable		Unfavorable		Total	
Question	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Racial comments are not used in my work area.	57	89.06	7	10.94	64	100.00
Racial slurs are not used in my work area.	59	92.19	5	7.81	64	100.00
Racial jokes are not used in my work area.	55	85.94	9	14.06	64	100.00
Overall	171	89.06	21	10.94	192	100.00



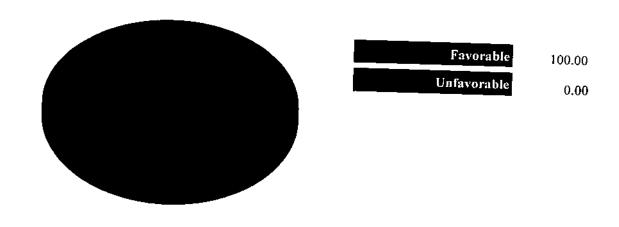
Sexist Behaviors

Question	Favorable		Unfavorable		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Sexist slurs are not used in my work area.	57	89.06	7	10.94	64	100.00
Sexist jokes are not used in my work area.	57	89.06	7	10.94	64	100.00
Sexist comments are not used in my work area.	57	89.06	7	10.94	64	100.00
Overall	171	89.06	21	10.94	192	100.00



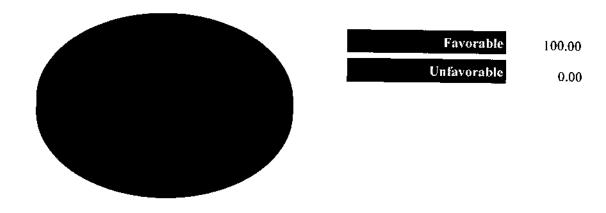
Age Discrimination (Civilians only)

Question	Favorable		Unfavorable		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Qualified personnel over 40 years old can expect similar job assignments as younger personnel.	1	100.00	0	0.00	1	100.0
Qualified personnel over 40 years old can expect the same training opportunities as younger personnel.	1	100.00	0	0.00	1	100.00
Qualified personnel over 40 years old can expect the same career enhancing opportunities as younger personnel.	1	100.00	0	0.00	1	100.00
Overall	3	100.00	0	0.00	3	100.00



Disability Discrimination (Civilians only)

Question	Favorable		Unfavorable		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Qualified personnel who are disabled can expect similar job assignments as non-disabled personnel.	I	100.00	0	0.00	1	100.00
Qualified personnel who are disabled can expect the same training opportunities as non-disabled personnel.	I	100.00	0	0.00	1	100.00
Qualified personnel who are disabled can expect the same career enhancing opportunities as non-disabled personnel.	1	100.00	0	0.00	1	100.00
Overall	3	100.00	0	0.00	3	100.00



VIII. RECOMMENDATIONS

The following section provides interpretation and recommendations for the DEOCS report. Based on the data obtained, the DEOCS results for your organization may vary between organizational strengths and concerns. It is important to not only review section VII, DEOCS Summary, but to contrast that information with section V, Climate Factor Subgroup Comparison. Appendix on Written Comments, may also help to validate some areas of concerns within sections VII and V, please ensure you review that area to determine if there are comments that speak directly to any areas of concern.

This section also seeks to provide guidance for additional steps in the climate assessment effort, and prescribe actions to help address organizational concerns.

Share positive results with the organization's members. Compare subgroups to determine whether diminished perceptions of climate factors are prevalent among specific groups, and the sources of those perceptions.

Above Average/Average

Seek to identify-and reinforce-those practices and programs currently in place.

Reinforce behaviors that create a climate of inclusion, supporting and preserving the dignity and worth of all members.

Continue to promote and maintain a healthy human relations climate. This can be done by ensuring all members in the unit understand their roles and responsibilities.

Share positive results to enhance members' commitment to the organization and its mission.

Consider utilizing training aids to further provide awareness and knowledge regarding key factors,

Below Average

It is important to note that some or all of the three lowest averages may actually be comparable to your respective Service averages, and not necessarily represent a negative finding. If any of these averages appear appreciably lower than your Service average, they should be treated as an organizational concern. In cases where low averages, compare the demographic subgroups to determine whether diminished perceptions are more obvious among specific groups.

After identifying the specific climate factors with low averages and those demographic subgroups that harbor negative perceptions regarding them, use these findings to plan follow-on assessment efforts, including focus groups, interviews, and written record reviews. Conducting focus groups and interviews can help determine the source and extent of specific perceptions.

Develop an action plan and socialize the plan with members. Set a timeline for the action items designed to address each specific validated concern, and provide timely feedback on progress accomplishing them. This will demonstrate your willingness to listen to your subordinates, and take action to improve conditions when possible. We trust these recommendations for interpretation will prove useful. DEOMI believes the DEOCS can help commanders improve the readiness within their commands. To make best use of this tool, DEOMI provides tools and products designed to address the mission impacting issues that were identified during the climate assessment process.

Access to products can be found at the "Assessment to Solutions" website which is designed to support leaders and equal opportunity professionals. To access the site go to: http://www.deomi.org/DRN/AssessToSolutions/index.html

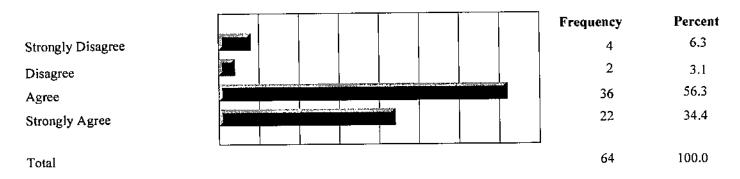
The DEOCS Support Team is available to assist you and can be contacted at:

321-494-2675/3260/4217 DSN: 854-2675/3260/4217 support@deocs.net

Appendix A: Your Locally Developed Questions

If someone failed to respond to a question, or if for any other reason the computer could not interpret the response, it was not counted.

1. Leadership takes allegations of sexual harassment seriously.



2. Unit leadership addresses allegations of sexual harassment and/or unlawful discrimination in a prompt manner.

		Frequency	Percent
Strongly Disagree		6	9.4
Disagree		1	1.6
Agree		35	54.7
Strongly Agree	The state of the s	22	34.4
-, -			
Total		64	100.0

Commander's Support Staff efficiently meet my needs.

	Frequency	Percent
Strongly Disagree	2	3.1
Disagree	12	18.8
Agree	36	56.3
Strongly Agree	14	21.9
Total	64	100.0

4. I am provided with the tools, equipment, or supplies necessary to perform my job.

	Frequency	Percent
Strongly Disagree	3	4.7
Disagree	8	12.5
Agree	39	60.9
Strongly Agree	14	21.9
Total	64	100.0

5. Communication flow from the chain of command is good.

	The second secon	Frequency	Percent
Strongly Disagree		12	18.8
Disagree		19	29.7
Agree		23	35.9
Strongly Agree		10	15.6
Total		64	100.0

6. I am satisfied with the communication flow in my unit.

		Frequency	Percent
Strongly Disagree		12	18.8
Disagree	<u> </u>	16	25.0
Agree		28	43.8
Strongly Agree	Scotter Control of the second	8	12.5
Total		64	100.0

7. Rules, regulations and policies are enforced in this command.

					Frequency	Percent
Strongly Disagree	,				9	14.1
Disagree					12	18.8
Agree		The second secon	- And and a second deliver of the second del		32	50.0
Strongly Agree					11	17.2
Totai					64	100.0

8. Hazing activities do not occur at this unit.

Strongly Disagree		Frequency	Percent
Disagree		3	4.7
Agree		14	21.9
Strongly Agree	The state of the s	35	54.7
		12	18.8
Total			
		64	100.0

9. While at this unit, I have never been hazed.

Strongly Disagree		Frequency	Percent
Disagree	The state of the s	4	6.3
Agree		10	15.6
Strongly Agree		33	51.6
37 - 8.00		.17	26.6
Total			
		64	100.0

10. While at this unit, I have never witnessed hazing activity.

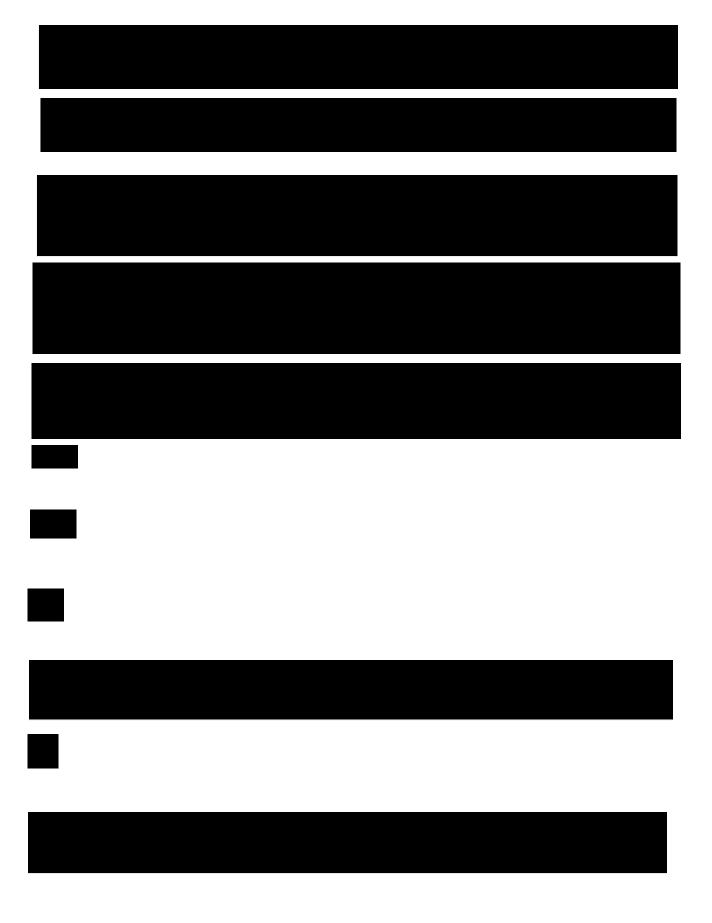
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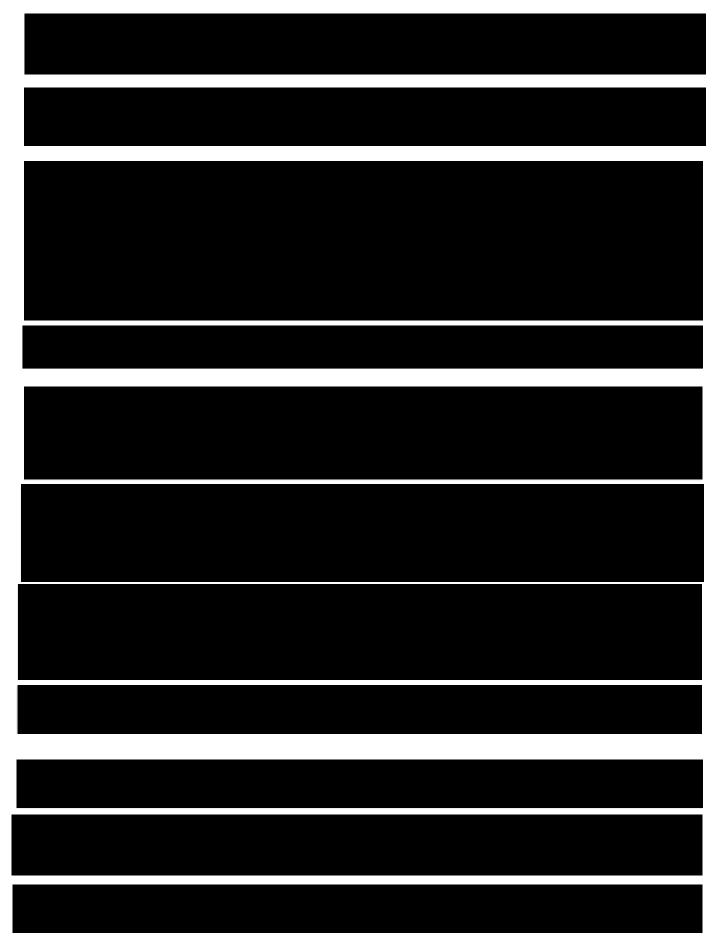
Strongly Disagree	The same of the sa	Frequency	Percent
Disagree	The state of the s	5	7.8
Agree		12	18.8
Strongly Agree		. 31	48.4
		16	25.0
Total		64	100.0

Appendix B: Your Short-Answer Questions

NOTE: The answers appear exactly as they were written on the survey:

1.	1. Have you witness any incidents where members of the unit acted disrespectfully to subordinates? If yes, describe.		
	If yes, describe.		
	<u> </u>		

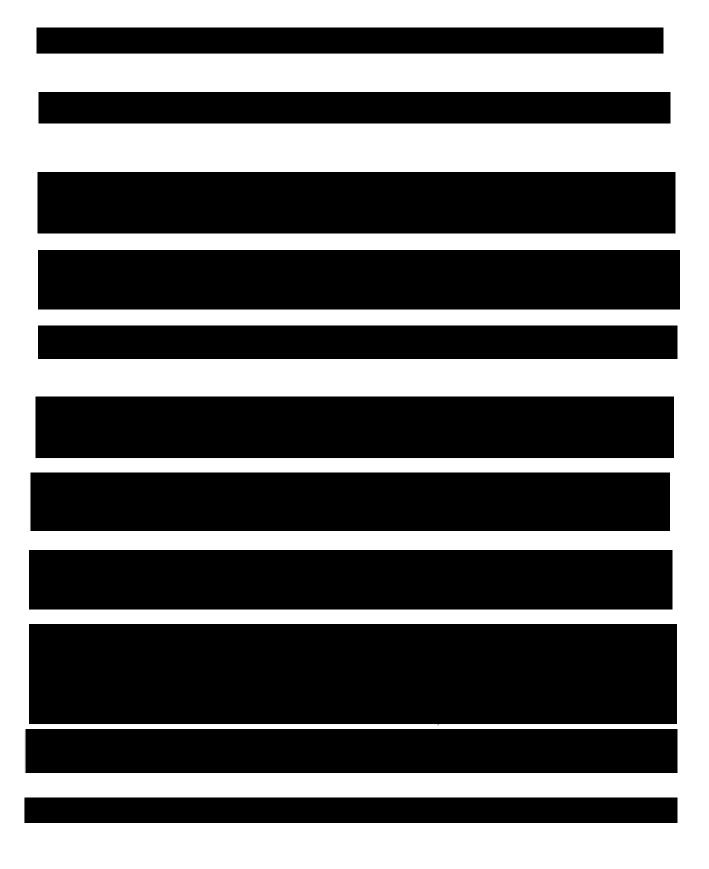


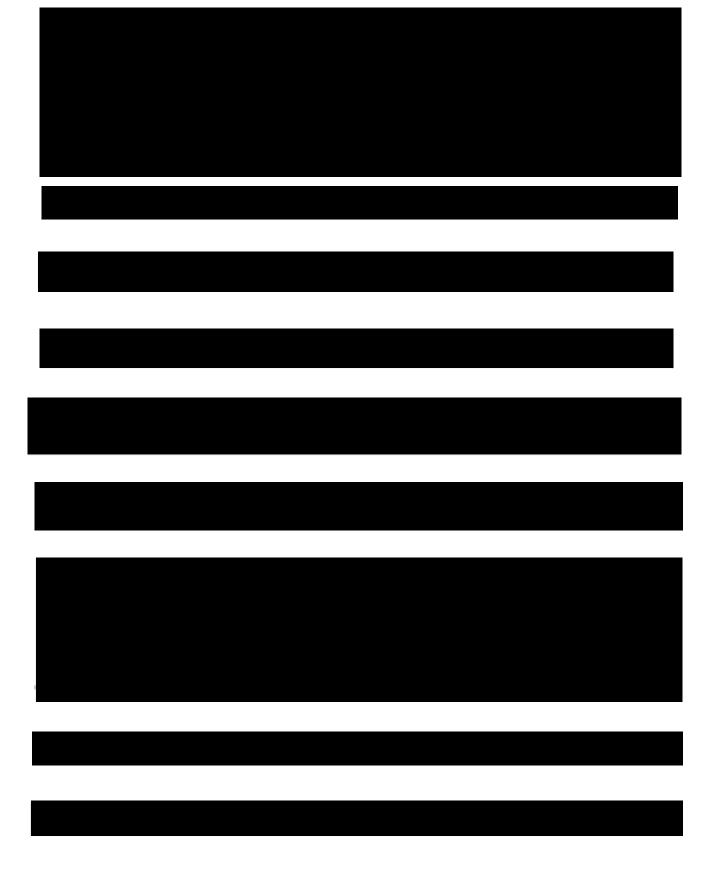




What one thing would you change to improve communication?

2.

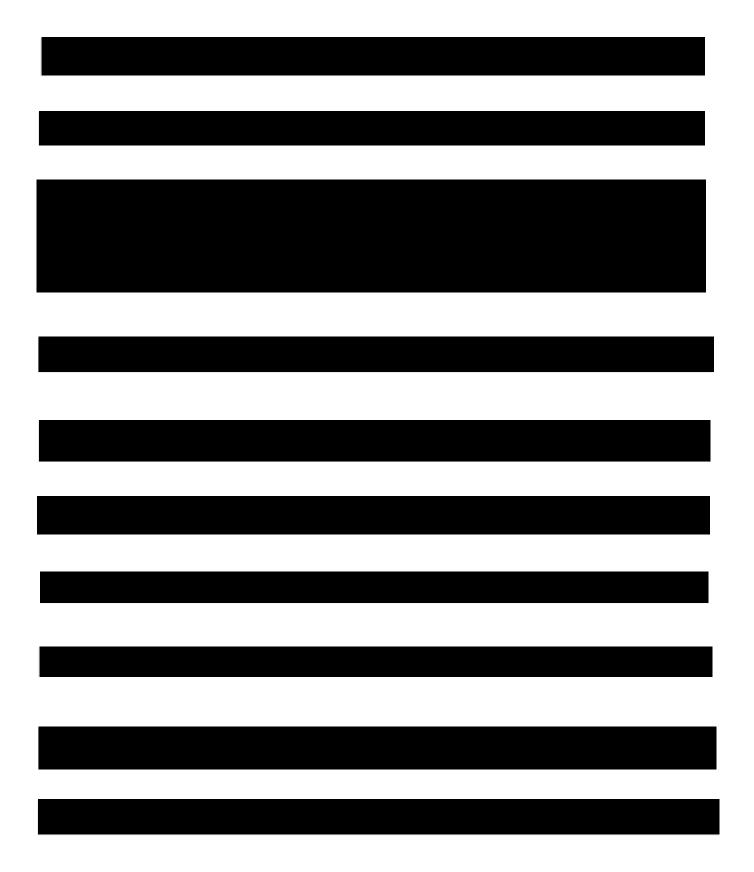




3.	To whom would you feel comfortable reporting an act of discrimination or sexual narassment (Commanding Officer, Dept Head, Division Officer, SEA, CMC, etc.), and why?		

•

4.	What is your impression of the equal opportunity policies at this unit?		

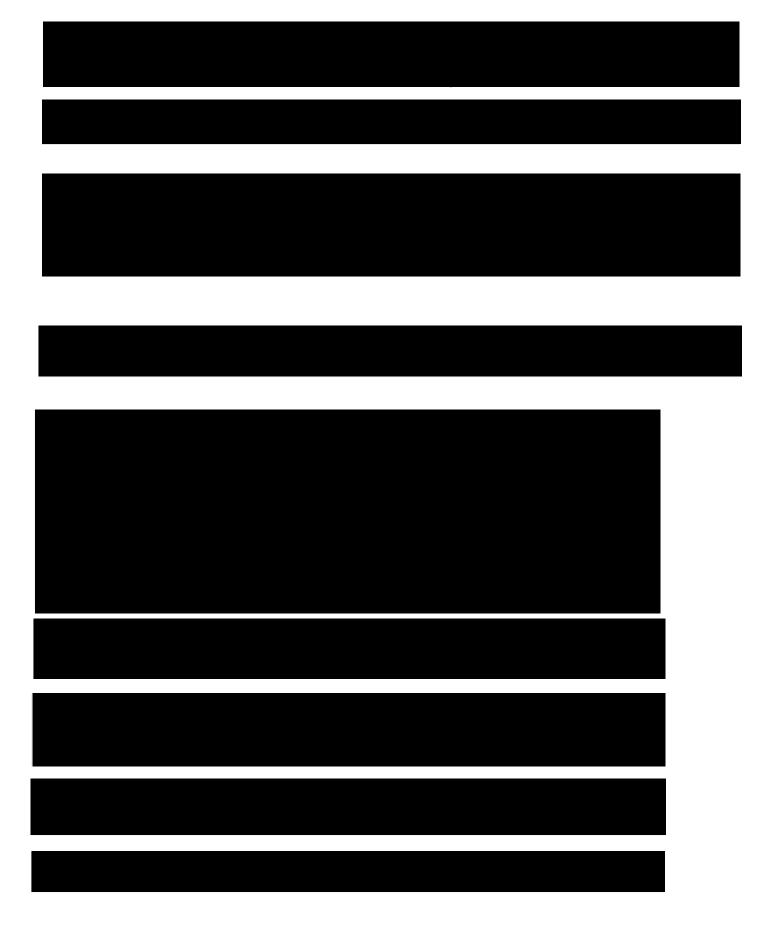


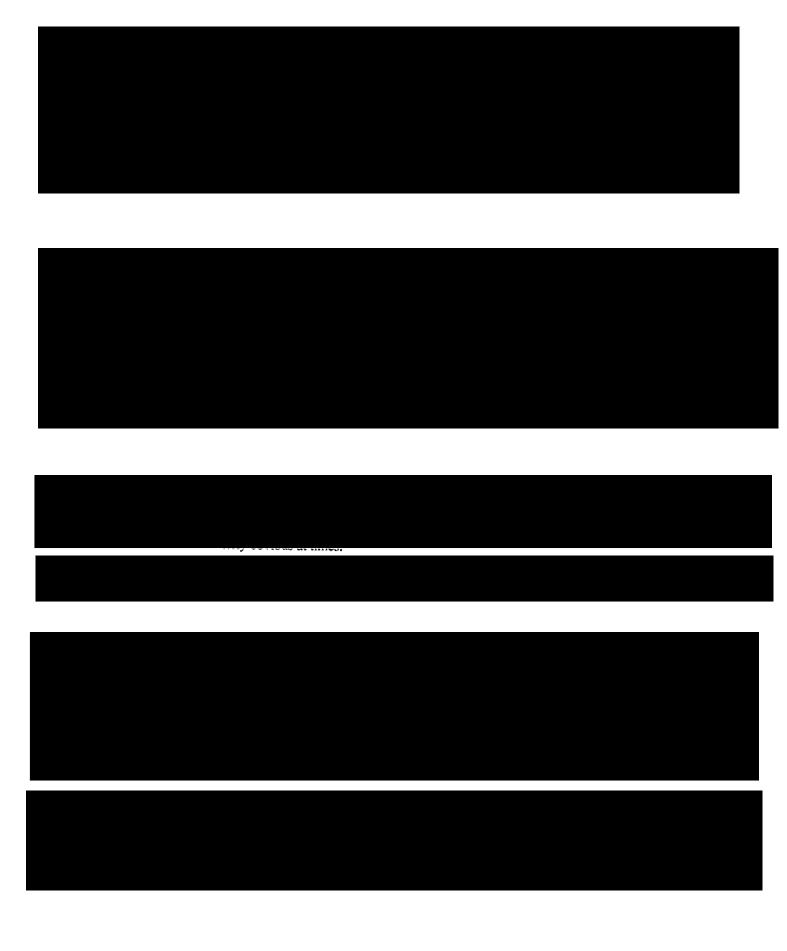
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Do you feel that the unit handles discipline issues fairly? Please explain.

5.

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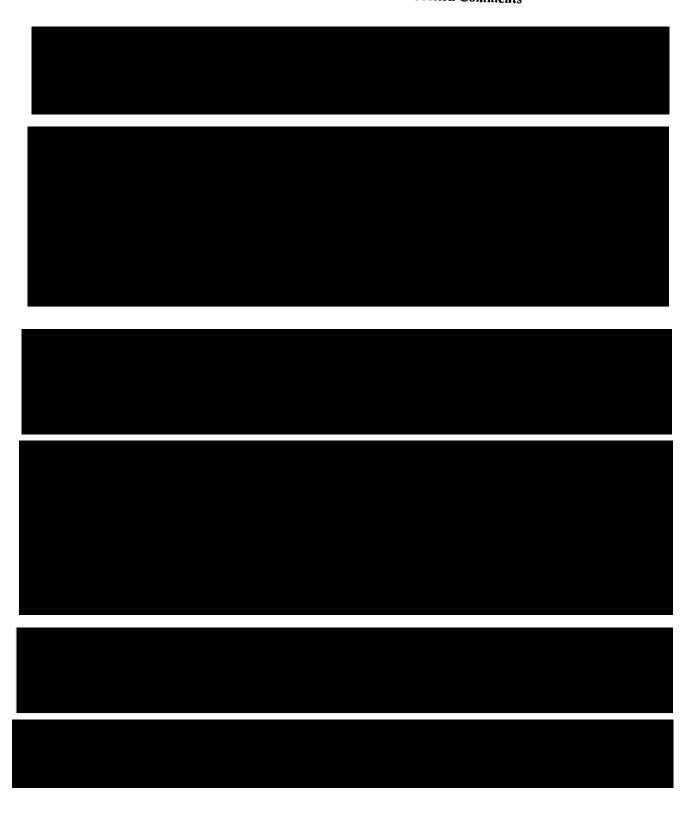


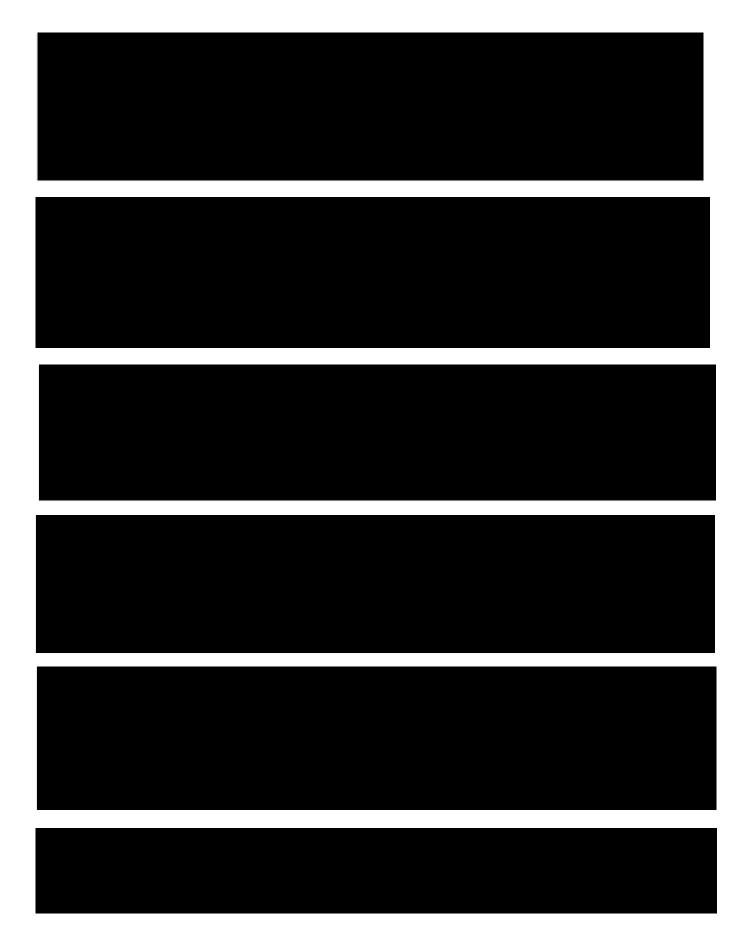
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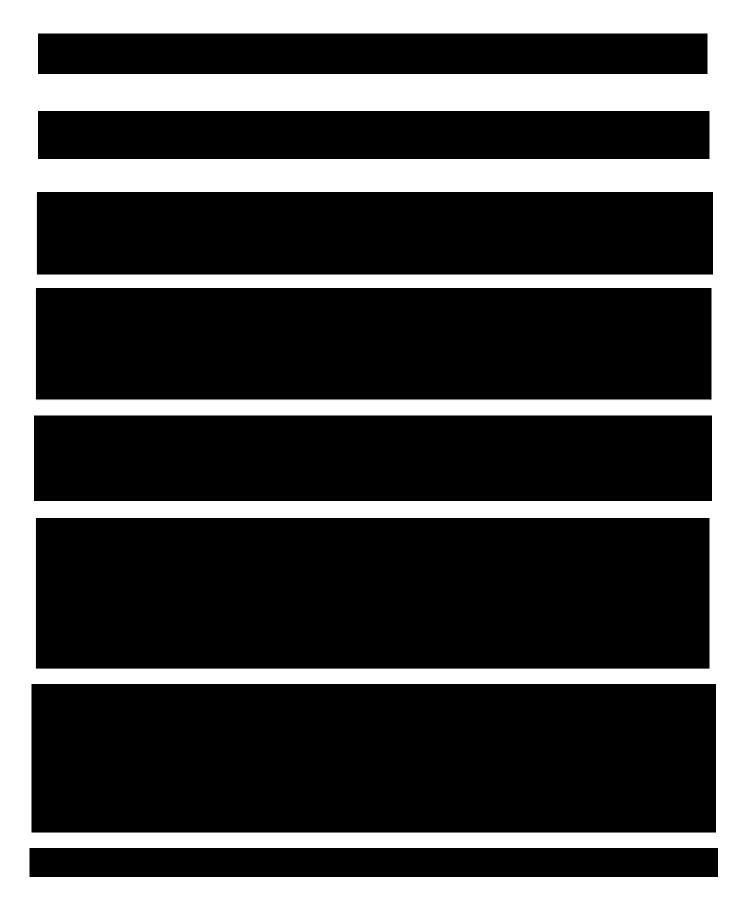
Appendix C: Written Comments from Your Organization

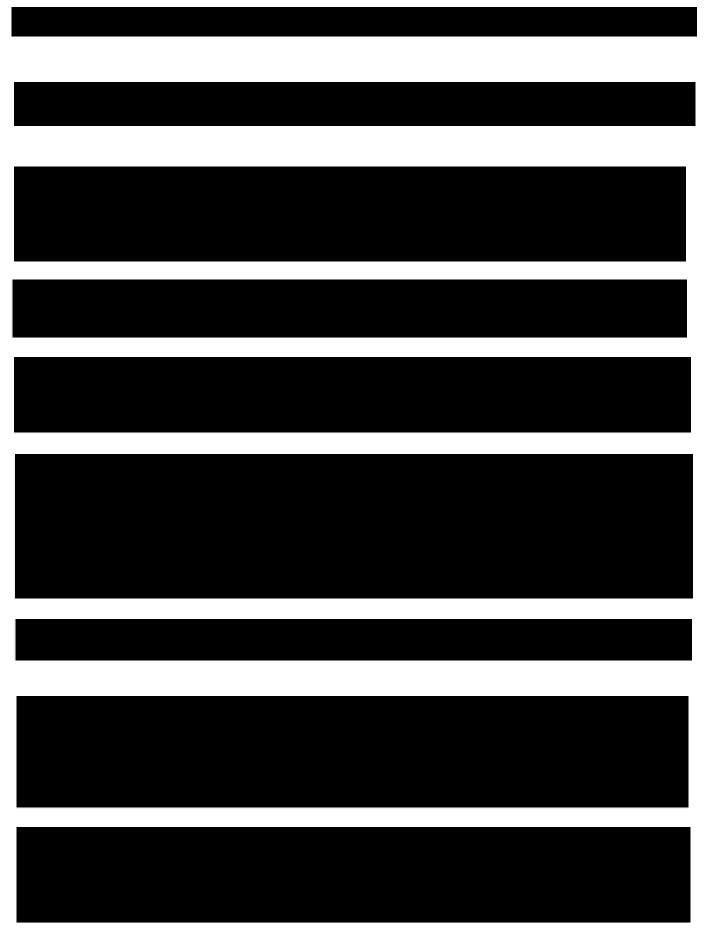
NOTE: The answers appear exactly as they were written on the survey:

Organizational Effectiveness Section Comments



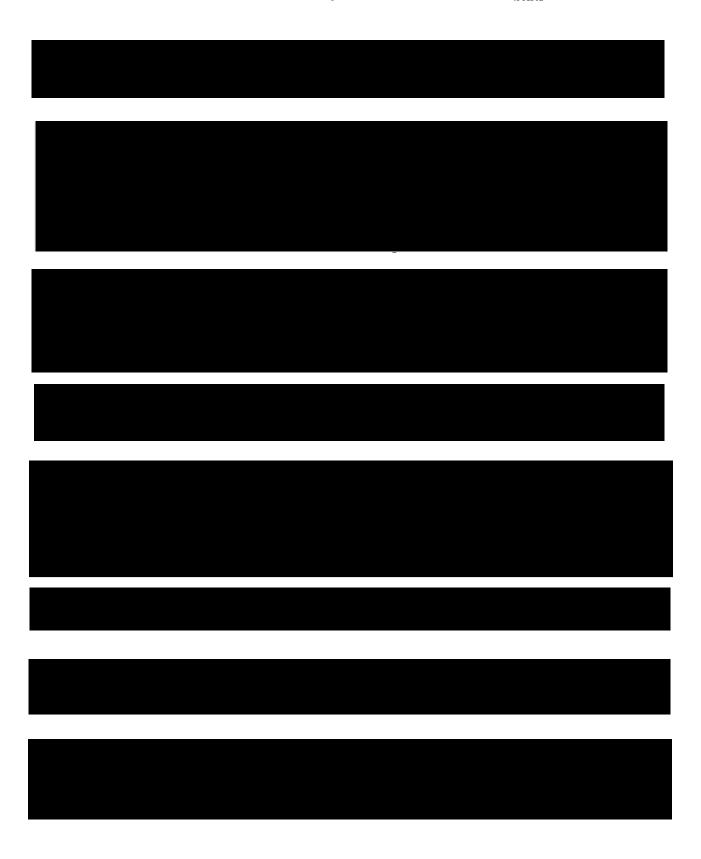






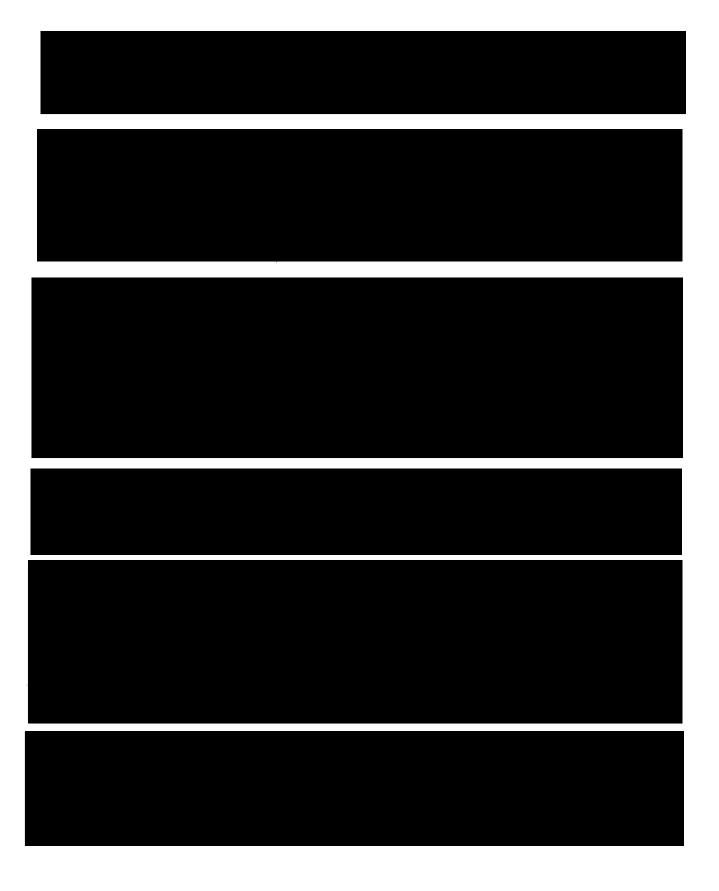


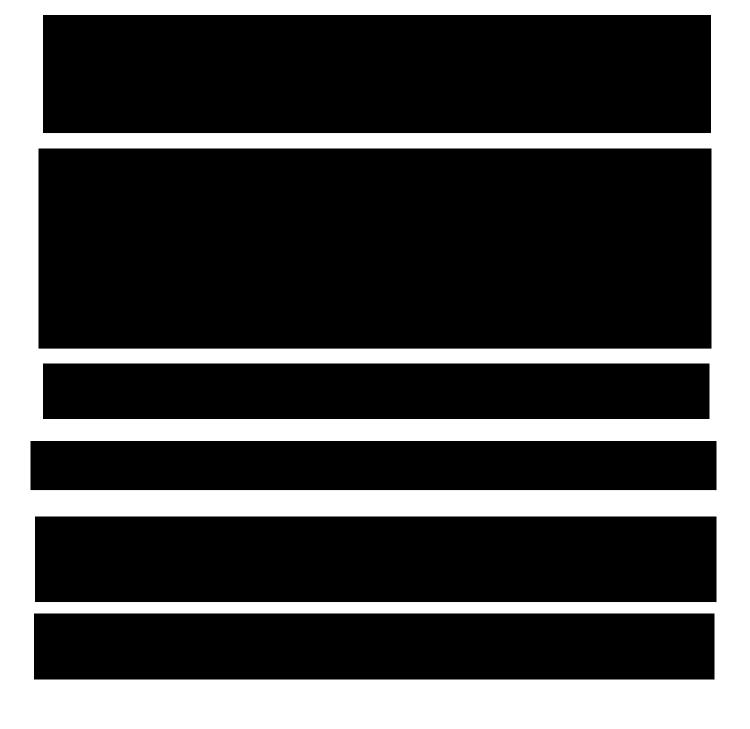
Equal Opportunity/Fair Treatment Section Comments



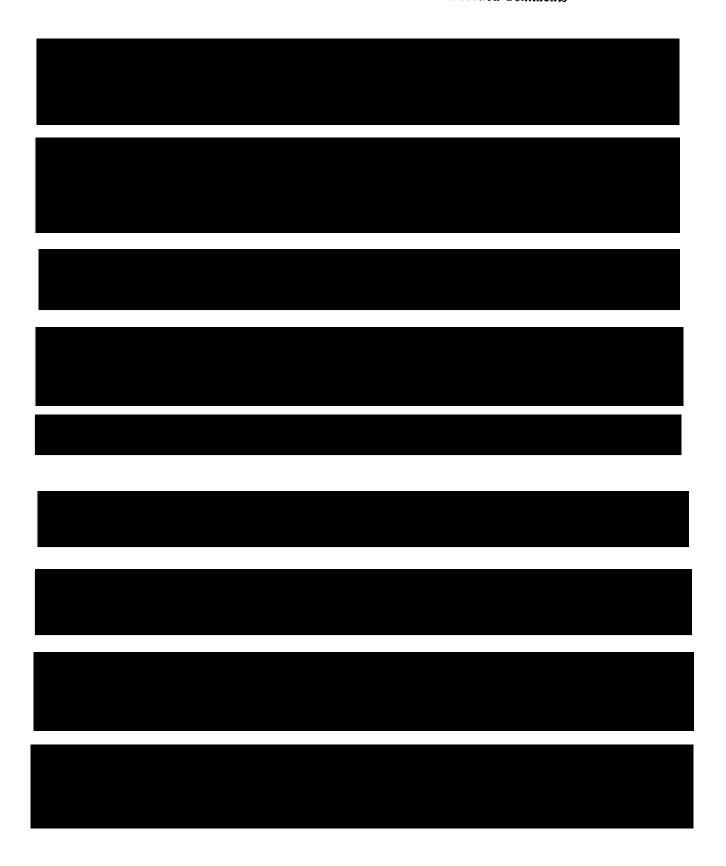
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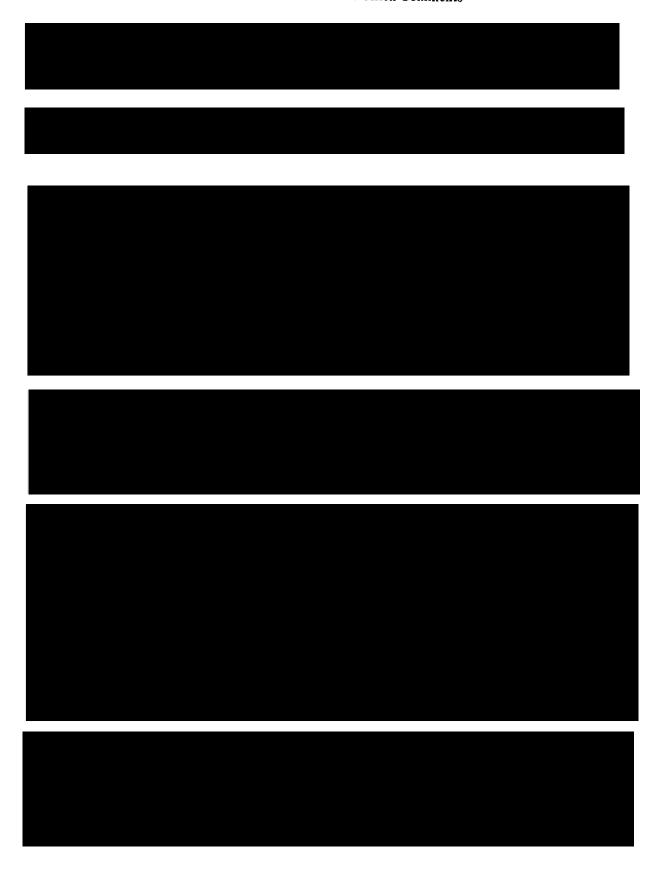


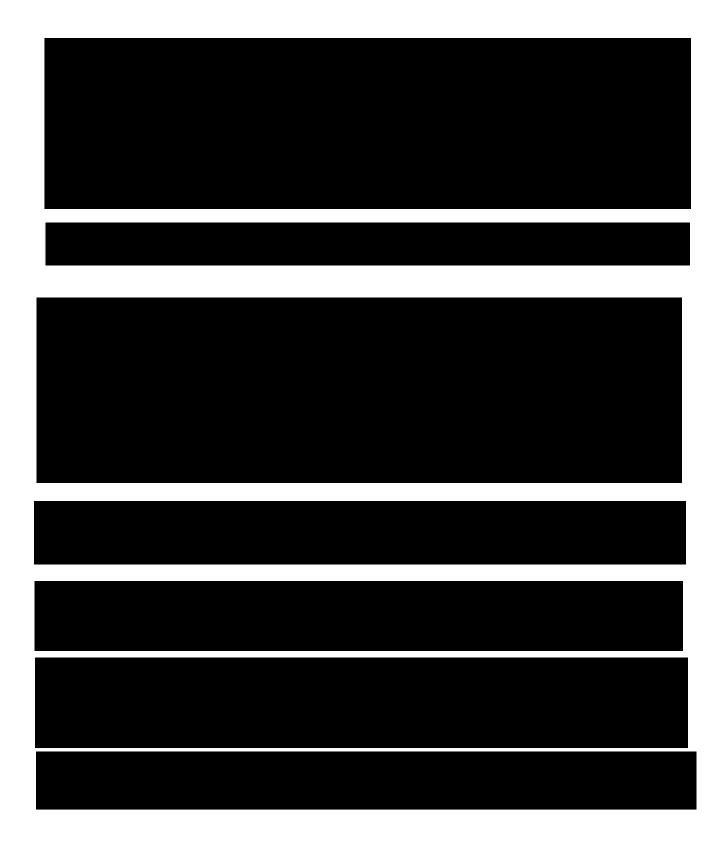


Discrimination/Sexual Harassment/SAPR Section Comments



General Written Comments





Encl (3)

This page is being withheld in its entirety pursuant to FOIA exemption (5 U.S.C. 552(b)(5)), which protects privileged inter-agency or intra-agency memorandums or letters.

From:	
Sent:	Tuesday, May 12, 2015 17:10
To:	
Cc:	
Subject:	EO Survey Concern
Signed By:	
Good afternoon Sir,	
I am emailing you because I do ha completed at 4th RTBN.	ave a concern about the negative repercussions from the EO survey that was recently
think that I cannot tell how you we that discussion with her believing eld a meeting with the	s were mainly personal and between her and me. During this discourse and among nments to me along the lines of, "I will know what you wrote in the EO survey. You write?" and "I also know that you submitted an IG complaint." I refrained from entering that she was just ranting at me and fishing for information. However, yesterday, members of Co P and discussed the command eliments.
conversation that she had with m	ming them for negative comments on the command climate survey. In light of the see and the specific language that she used with me, I have no doubt that she is trying to nmand climate to some people and is demonstrating hostility towards them. It is a very
l am currently available until via my pers	sonnel cell at a starting and will be
R/S.	

: make this voluntary statement to
1. I was the Training Battalion (4th RTBN) from 28 April 2014 to 18 May 2015. on or about 13 June 2014. While I worked for her conduct towards me and others was psychologically abusive. I witnessed the following:
setting a tone of "if you are not with me then you are against me"
passing negative judgements on the previous command's actions
singling out Marines in negatively and in front of others in an inappropriate manner
using extreme language towards others that created a hostile work environment
creating a poor command climate by not allowing room for error and holding grudges against those that did not meet her expectations even though her guidance was not clear
berating for approximately 30 minutes a day for over 30 days and eventually firing her in a poorly executed manner
teaming up with the to coerce me into telling them who was complaining about the MBS being used in RELM packages and counseling me in front of the for over three hours
bordering on undue command influence in directing me how to write an adverse FitRep on
no isolating me from other members of the command and not allowing me to conduct basic functions

telling me that she knew that I wrote an IG complaint against her and that she would figure out what I wrote on the command climate survey
opinions about me, RTR, and negative
2. setting a tone of "if you are not with me then you are against me"
As part of the change of command, a command climate survey was conducted in July 2014. command climate survey often and indicated to everyone in the battalion that she was going to fix the issues in the command climate survey. However, I have read that command climate survey and it indicated that the battalion was average. There were a few negative comments in the command climate survey, but nothing that indicated that 4th RTBN was struggling. When dressing down members of the command, would often refer back to the command climate survey and indicate that all her actions were to improve the command climate and that others, indirectly the person or persons she was dressing down, were hindering her efforts. Others that could possibly shed additional light on this tone are
3. passing negative judgements on the previous command's actions
One particular comment from the July 2014 command climate survey indicated that a got away with a during tenure. However, after a little digging, it was discovered that had been charged with a but that the charged was dismissed. The previous command handled the issue appropriately but did not share all the information with everyone in the command so that it appeared that the information with everyone in the command and that it appeared that the charged with the command is talked with

and got her to explain to others that she did not have a --this action was awkward and was put into a position to feel obligated to share a personal issue. At the time of her acquiescence, was not well liked by compliance improved her relationship with singling out Marines negatively and in front of others in an inappropriate manner As a specific example, was singled out negatively in many ways. First, was married to , both in 4th RTBN. never indicated that she had issues with homosexuality; however, she did have a bizarre interpretation of what constituted fraternization, and she did indicate that she did not like married couples in her command. Second, had a pg-11 for violating the RTO and forming a personal relationship with a former recruit. was very angry about this pg-11 and indicated that she did not think that the previous command handled the situation appropriately. Third, while at the MCCS sponsored fair in October, squirted in the face with some fake blood. At this time, many members of the command were dressed up like zombies for an MCCS photo fundraiser, and following the got carried away squirting fake picture, blood on several other people, including the who was dressed as a zombie. and very angry about this prank and stated that was immature and should have known better than to squirt with fake blood in the face. While I agree that the actions were inappropriate, put themselves into an awkward position by acting a little ridiculous and dressing up as zombies for our MCCS photo. There is nothing wrong with having a little fun like the and and were doing, but when they looked and acted ridiculous, they failed to maintain proper military bearing. When _____ also failed

to keep proper military decorum, the fact that the

were so affronted seemed a little excessive and

unfair. Fourth, was in . While had great statistics and were the first to complete a successful integrated hike with 3rd RTBN, felt that the was failing in leadership and that have a bad command climate. Consequently, behaved in a manner that could be perceived as not liking members of Co N. Fifth, due to shortfalls in late October and early November 2014, 4th RTBN needed another and recommended but this did not go over well. tried to explain that would be a great however, because did not like , she would not hear case and <u>even</u> stated something along the lines of, "No! will never be an SDI while I am here!" ranted further about with disdain in front of and me. I am ashamed to admit that I had recommended to to recommend someone else as an because I knew did not like ; however s stated to me that was really good and would be a great took a lot of flak for that recommendation because many people warned her against it, but fast forward a few is now an and doing very months and became an in January for because there was no one else and it had been almost a year since the pg-11. In hindsight, I wished I would have backed because she was right and turned out to be a good SDI. Finally, made it obvious to others that she didn't like simply by her conduct towards her. During an awards formation, was among several receiving a Meritorious Mast from WFTBn for high initial rifle qualification rates. ______made it a point to say nice things to all the Marines receiving awards in this formation except for to whom she simply said "congratulations" and quickly moved on. This behavior was noted by several Marines to me and obviously bothered quite a few people. demonstrated the utmost professionalism and tenacity by continuing to perform her duties in the best manner that she could. She eventually entered into good side by

allowing the Command to discuss the outcome of her dismissed earning all three graduating accolades at a Combat Marksmanship Course (CMC), scoring well in statistical areas, and performing her duties as a DI and SDI in an exemplary manner. Despite previous aversion towards during her first six months in command, and ever since she successfully graduated from CMC in late January, the has called "Awesome!" and sung her other superlative praises. It has been an extreme shift in attitude towards but that kind of behavior seems normal for
A Marine that went from awesome to "the worst" in eyes was coctober, sent an email to and as a fantastic and concurred and was also extreme in praises. Then, in January, after got fired, had a few errors, specifically a poorly executed hike, and was directed to go on leave by even though was experiencing significant personnel changes and had critical gaps that led to other negative issues. began reprimanding and viewing her only negatively. I was told that by telling her that she was the worst that she has known. Continues to struggle to
Other Marines that singled out and behaved with contempt towards included me. Ways that was contemptuous included not returning salutes or the greeting of the day; rolling her eyes; hugging one person and ignoring another nearby person; and, holding up her hand and not allowing another to talk. All members of the battalion were aware of attitude towards some people and it was very uncomfortable.

5. using extreme language towards others

that created a hostile work environment

is very extreme in her language through the use of absolutes, and her moods seem to shift unexpectedly. It is very unnerving for junior Marines, including me, to have to address her when one is not sure of which extreme reaction will occur. Examples of extreme language that specifically used with me are:

- "You never agree with me!" (An absolute that is not true. She seems to want a "yes man" at all times.)
- "You always try undermining me!" (It seems as if I don't always agree with her that I am against her.)
- "I don't ever want you to talk to my company commanders!" (She even told the talk to me and to only come to her.)
- September 2014 because was pissed at formerly for making a mistake and I was trying to calm down by explaining that the error was an easy fix.)
- "I can never trust you!" (She has refused to tell me how I can earn her trust.)
- "You are always talking about me." (I am not always talking about her.)

When is pleased about something or someone her language dramatically shifts to things like:

- "I am not surprised because she is so awesome!"
 (Agreeing with another's compliment)
- can be a general if she wanted to." (Until November, seemed to favorite.)
- "You guys are awesome and making history!" (After a platoon in had zero unqs during their initial rifle qualification. This success seemed at odds with assessment that had a bad command climate.)

Her extreme language is difficult to deal with and I have mentioned it to her a few times. One time, she was

dressing me down about the staff and told me that I was "allowing them to run amok!" I told her that was extreme language and questioned what she meant because the staff was successful--we had no logistics issues and the mission was being accomplished. She stuck to her comment that I needed to fix the staff because they were "running amok." After a lengthy discussion, I found that she was frustrated because she didn't know where our unit funds were going even though I pointed out to her that she got the update every week on the SitRep--not happy with my answer, we (and I) were directed to put a line-by-line on the SitRep of our expenditures. This added task was no problem, she just never asked for it before. In that same discourse, she was upset that we were reporting NSTR for 4th RTBN's logistics issues at the RTR staff meeting. I tried to explain to her that we didn't have any significant logistics issues and she told me that it was her job to decide whether we had any significant logistics issues and not mine. There are many more examples of her going to extremes and being very difficult to work with and creating a hostile work environment that other members of the staff and company commanders could shed light on.

Other examples of being extreme include her flying off the handle because of a heat casualty on one day and then handling a heat casualty in stride the next day. It became unnerving to tell bad news because you just didn't know which reaction you would get.

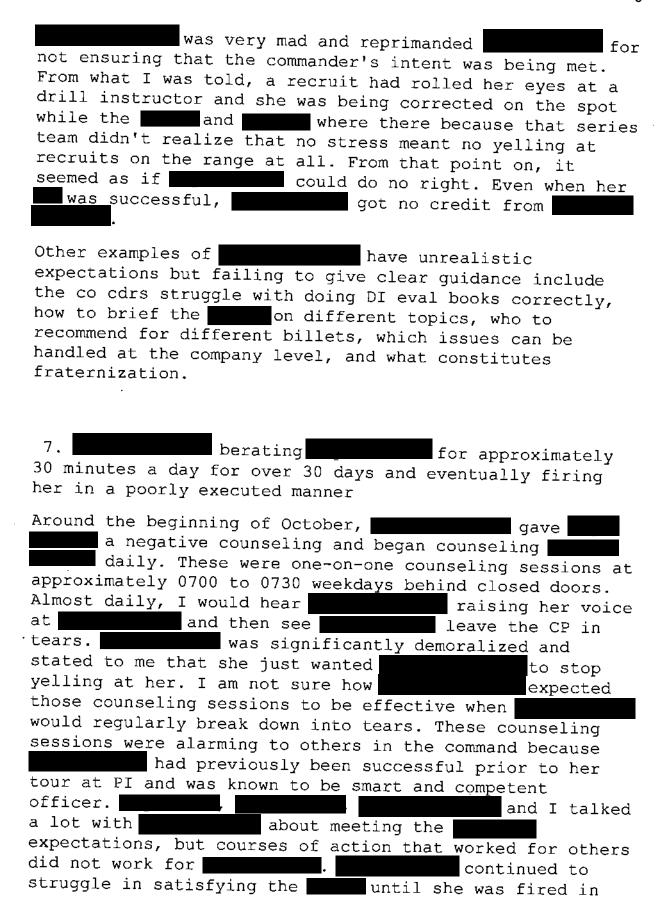
6. created a poor command climate by not allowing room for error and holding grudges against those that did not meet her expectations even though her guidance was not clear

In July 2014, struggled to work with in part because had specific expectations but failed to clearly provided guidance on how to meet those expectations. Several times, revisited courses of actions in dealing with issues. We kept saying the same things but had to repackage her presentation a couple of times until was satisfied. Was extremely frustrated to a breaking point, but and I reminded her

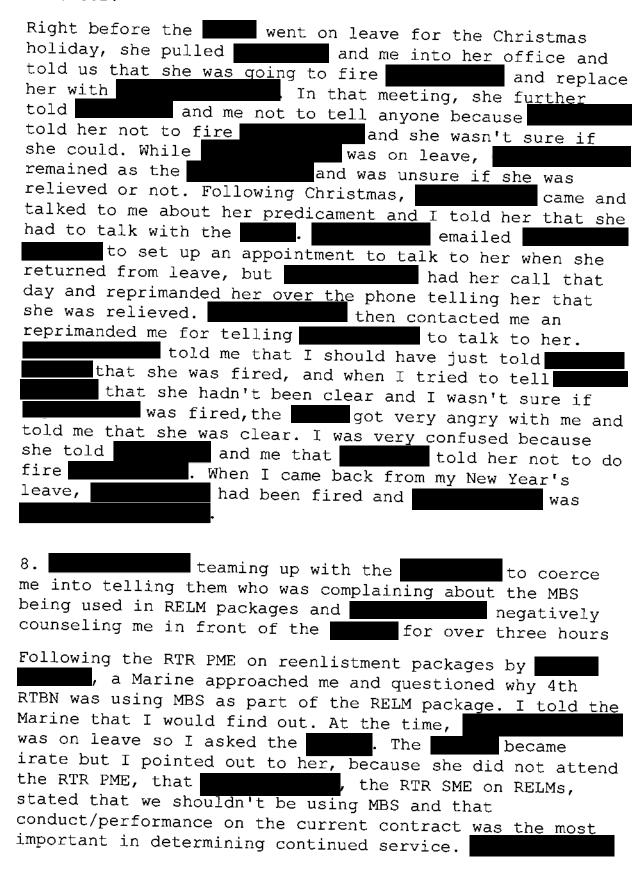
that she was doing okay and that she was taking care of her Marine appropriately, and all that she needed to do was articulate her recommendations to in a way that would be successful. After working with her to design a brief akin to an 8-day brief, got her point across to shared her lessons learned with the other company commanders so that they would not be as frustrated by the sas she was.

From August until mid-October, struggled with the expectations. During this time, was often frustrated because the was not always clear and asking for additional guidance was met with contempt. I did my best to help on many projects and reassure her that there was a steep learning curve as a worked very hard and eventually learned to pick her battles. One particularly <u>disturb</u>ing incident involved "recommendation with reservation" on RELM. was furious and told me that I should have kicked the RELM back. I told that I did talk to about that RELM and that their "recommendations with reservation" would most likely not be concurred with by the . After I talked with about the "recommendation with reservation", she told me that she stood by her "recommendation with reservation", that was eligible for reenlistment, and that she wanted him to have a chance even if it was small. The "recommendation with reservation" was in compliance with the guidance given for RELMs and I told it was okay for , me and her not to agree with the recommendation. I am not exactly sure what and happened in discussion with | and ended up changing their recommendations for RELM to "not recommended." held a grudge against me for this incident.

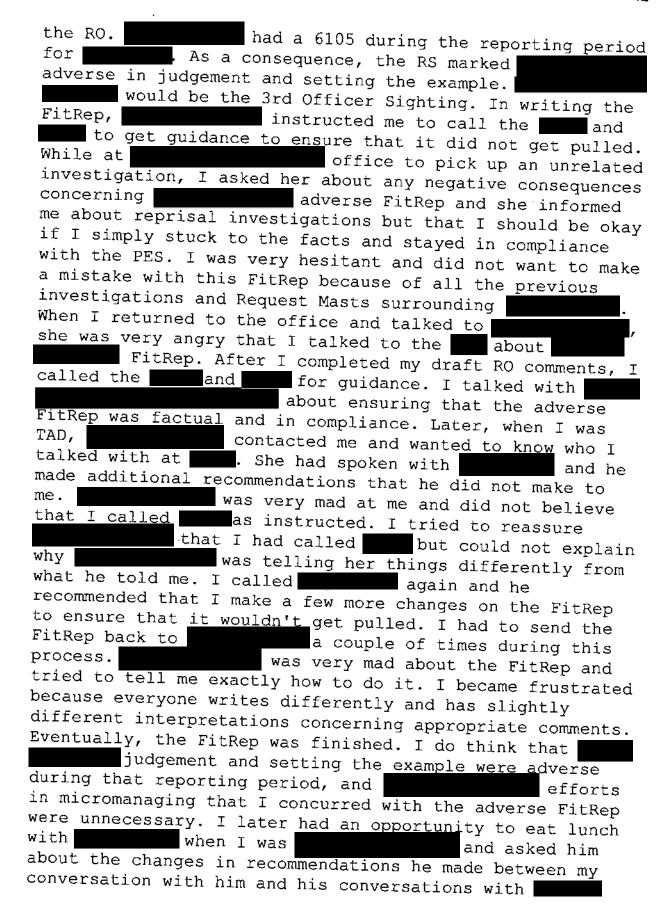
Around September, began struggling with the expectations. The was emphasizing no stress on the rifle range and caught and a couple other drill instructors yelling at a recruit on the rifle range.



December.



informed me that we were okay in using the MBS and she
wanted to know who was asking about it. Because
was irritated by the question I didn't feel
comfortable telling her the name of the Marine and told
her so. I allowed to vent a little and the
left her to cool off However
upset and a couple of days later following a MOT run, the
asked the why she was '
asked the why she was in a bad mood. The
told me that we were to have a meeting in her office later that day. I went to that meeting with the
and they ganged up on me to that meeting with the
and they ganged up on me to get me to tell them who was asking questions about the MBS. I told them that I
felt that they were ganging up on me and the
dismissed my concern. The
dismissed my concern. The was very angry with me and negatively counseled me in front of the . At
least twice, the offered to leave, but the
told her to stay. As they continued to gang up on me, they
told me that I wasn't a team player and that I was trying
to undermine the command. As part of this discussion,
brought up
stated that she had
football game and that seen asked her "How's the
doing?" stated that
question implied that she was digging for dirt on the
command and that I needed to be careful with who my
friends are. I felt forced to defend myself and my friend.
and the that I wasn't there and it
sounded to me like was just asking how I was
doing since I hadn't seen her in a few weeks.
continued to press that there was something wrong
with asking about me. For approximately three
hours that day I endured the and teaming up
on me and negatively counseling me. It was awkward,
Trustrating, demoralizing, and wrong I reported the
incident to the the the next day and sought his
guidance.
9. hordering on undue company is say
portecting on undie command influence is
directing me how to write an adverse FitRep on
We owed a FitRep after she was transferred to
Because was the for ,
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= 21-11 10 cmc wo and I was doind to be



was hard to deal with on the phone and he didn't envy my position. He further told me that he sees so many FitReps and talks to so many people about those FitReps that he can't remember them all. On April 21st, when and I were discussing my role at 4th RTBN, she reiterated to me that she did not like the way that I handled FitRep--a task completed in January and indicating that she was holding a grudge. She further told me that because of the way that I handled FitRep--and since that time--that she couldn't trust me and didn't want me doing anything else. 10. isolating me from other members of the command and not allowing me to conduct basic functions Following the incident with the MBS/RELMs and reenlistment package in October, minimized contact with me. It was a very uncomfortable situation and I felt ostracized. even told the to go to her directly and not come to me for any advice. If the saw me talking to another officer, she seemed incensed. I sought advice about my situation from the peers, friends and family. The advice was basically to stay the course and do the right thing at all times to the best of my abilities. would often ignore me and not acknowledge me even when I was addressing her. In one particularly embarrassing moment in front of the , we were going to the MOT run and I was holding out the keys for to drive the golf cart (it is her preference to always drive) but she walked right passed my outstretched hand not more a foot away from me. I just stood there dumbfounded at being slighted like that keep my distance until it blew over. Finally, in January, I was trying to inform of an OPREP-3 SIR that we were going to be late on because we weren't alerted to a recruit's suicidal ideation until I saw the RSP drop package. was rude and

. He told me that

appeared inconvenienced by just my presence when I tried to alert her to the situation. She reprimanded me for trying to make the command look bad; however, I pointed out that it was just a required report on a recruit and I was trying to do the right thing, not make the command look bad. went to a class that she was giving and I typed up the required report to have it prepared when she returned. When she returned, I was waiting outside her door and informed her that the required report was complete. At this information, barely huffed at me and went into her office. I then told her that I needed to speak with her and she contemptuously asked me about what. I told her that she could not continue to treat me in this manner at that she needed to inform that I needed to be moved. had me go into her office, and behind a closed door we had a lengthy discussion that I thought helped to improve our working relationship. She asked me to have a lunch with the to repair my working relationship with her as well. Due to schedule conflicts and leave, and I went for lunch/coffee almost a week and a half later. She and I talked through some issues to improve our working relationship. corroborate that she and the were purposefully shunning me. However, after these discussions, I thought that we were making progress and moving in the right direction together.

When three female officers popped up on the inbound roster, I called them to find out a few things, like their ETA, family situation, and just a little background. Having served as an previously, I like to contact officers before I assign them sponsors to ensure a better match and smoother transition. After talking to these officers, I went to give a back brief but she cut me off and told me not to talk to any inbound officers and that she would assign the sponsors. Later, excluded me from the officer slating meetings but had the four co cdrs, and and in those officer slating meetings.

started skipping me in routine administrative functions as well. Marines from or would ask me questions but I could not answer them because

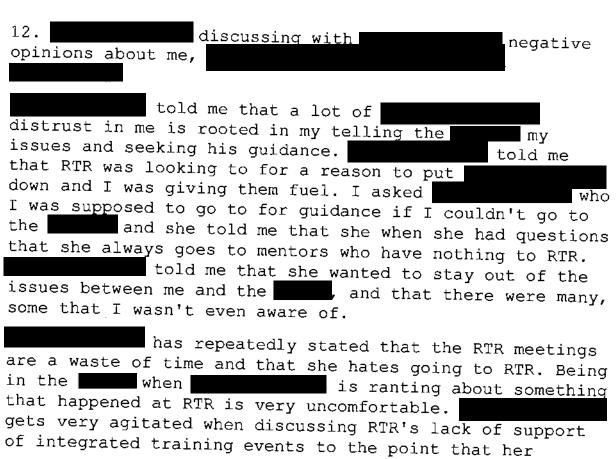
I was out of the loop.

The final straw for me came on April 21st following the O Co Crucible Brief. During this brief, stated that she would be on leave and that she was sorry that she would miss final Crucible Hike. further stated that it was sad that she would do her final Crucible Hike by herself and I stated that I intended to hike as well. was silent at my remark and the meeting continued. Following the meeting, I was standing in my office and came to the door and told me that I was not going to do the Crucible Hike. I asked her why and ______stated that she was not going to get into with me, reiterated that I was not to go on the hike, and returned to her office. I followed to her office and asked her again why she didn't want me to go on the Crucible Hike. She told me that she didn't want me to go and that was that. I then told her that she had been refusing to lead and mentor me. closed her office door and we began to have a discussion about my role in the Bn. I told her that I felt like she was not allowing me to do my job and she replied that she had to keep me in a small box because she didn't trust me. I asked her how me going on the Crucible Hike would have a negative impact and she stated to me that she didn't want me around her Marines. I asked her what she was going to write on my FitRep if she wasn't going to let me do anything. She admitted that she didn't know what she was going to write on my FitRep and that she knew that it couldn't be adverse. Later that day, further refused to sign an Acting Letter for me, and for five days we had to have sleep overs at RSP because we could not officially drop recruits. My last few weeks at 4th RTBN, I was kept in the dark about issues and did very little except daily administrative tasks and an IG inspection. It was a very tense time.

11. telling me that she knew that I wrote an IG compliant against her and that she would figure out what I wrote on the command climate survey

During that discussion about my role in 4th RTBN on April 21st, repeatedly told me that she didn't

trust me and that she didn't want me doing much of anything because she didn't want me undermining her work. She specifically stated to me that she knew that I filed an IG complaint against her. She went on to tell me that she would know what I wrote on the current command climate survey because she knew the way that I wrote. I was taken aback by her statements and remained silent on those topics. Later, when the results of the command climate survey were sent to her, attempted to address a few negative comments by addressing Co P in a town hall sort of meeting. I was not in that meeting, but from what I was told, attributed negative comments from the most recent command climate survey to members of Co P. Attributing an IG complaint to me, picking out my comments on a command climate survey, and attributing negative command climate survey comments to others is blatantly wrong and detrimental the IG and EO processes. Via email, I have informed the and comments to me about the IG complaint and command climate survey.



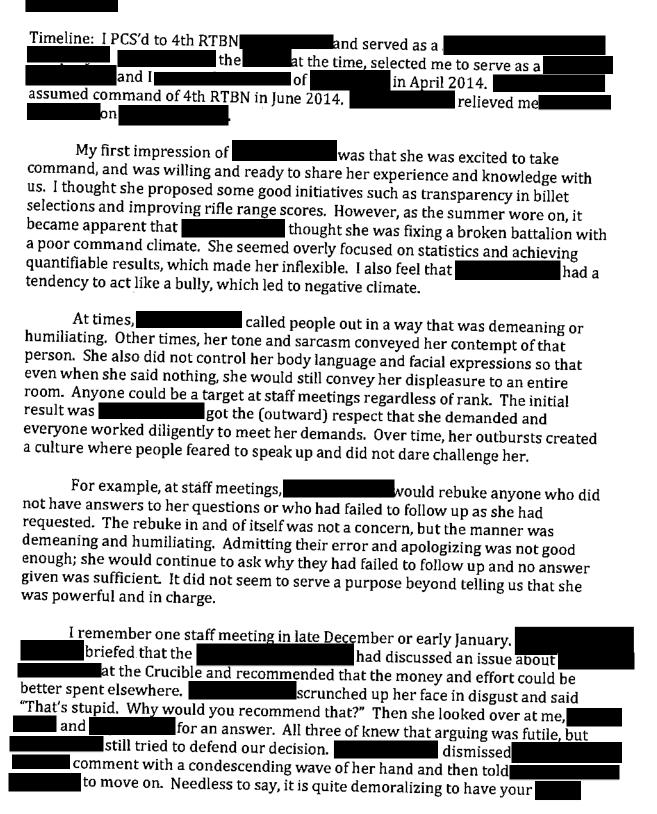
comments seem to impugn the and other and have an openly hostile relationship and it is common knowledge that they do not get along. has used curse words in describing has used curse words in and talks about him with disdain. They can be observed ignoring each other often. relationship with adverselv affects their relationships between the two battalions. Recently, Co P was shown a 3rd RTBN policy letter that directed the conduct of 3rd RTBN Crucible Hikes in a manner that conflicted with intent for the conduct of the Crucible Hikes. Co P was put in a very awkward situation and seemed to serve as a proxy between the two jockeying I really don't want to discuss negative opinions about because I think that they are unfair. At the beginning of their relationship, about some personal issues; confided in however following these confessions, informed that she wasn't interested in getting to know that well or even being her friend. These comments seemed extremely callous to me, made me uncomfortable, and led me to believe that was lacking in compassion when dealing with people. Furthermore, has been upfront about her positions, and always offers opportunity for further discussion and counter arguments. Following complaints about 4th RTBN's assignment policy of DIs following quota, has been sending emails to the 4th RTBN command team that are akin to a letter of continuity for each returning DI. has made ill-mannered comments about these emails and attempts to ensure appropriate treatment of DIs returning from quota. 13. Because of everything that I have mentioned that has played out over that last eleven months, I do believe that I have been bullied and psychology abused by

I have constantly questioned myself and sought

advice about how I can be better. When I have asked questions, she quickly gets irritated with me.

When I told her that she was unapproachable, she yelled at me that she was approachable. She has repeatedly told me that she doesn't trust me and that she knows I am telling everyone about everything that she does. Comments like those really played with my head and I was intimidated to write this statement because now she will feel justified in not trusting me; and, I am talking about her. However, what else can I do? The last eleven months have been the worst in my career. I watched Marines get negatively singled out, bullied, fired, and stressed to the point that everyone else notices all while I feel helpless to do anything about it. I have struggled to work with despite my best efforts. I have been depressed about the working environment and have lacked motivation to do anything when I get home from work. I have talked to a little about my concerns and issues, and I am glad that I am moving onto another assignment. I do worry about retaliation, because as I mentioned before, hold grudges and it is noticeable.

14. For further information, I can be reached via my personal email at until I complete my and I am back on the GAL.



publicly declare your decision stupid and that she did it before even asking our reasoning behind the decision. often became aggressive when challenged. What I thought were open discussions about a topic would quickly turn into an argument of right and wrong. If I did not back down, she would restate her view and then ask "Am I wrong?" I soon learned that this question signaled the end of our discussion because the only answer she would accept was that she was right and I was wrong. As time wore on, I found myself trying to make decisions based on what I thought she wanted, and not on my own judgment. Here I want to differentiate between making decisions based on the intent and guidance of a and trying to guess what the one "right" answer is. initiative to make billet selections (i.e. determine who will serve as Senior Drill Instructors or Chief Drill Instructors) more transparent was welcomed with open arms. We all wanted more transparency into the process so we could best prepare our Marines and ensure it was fair. Initially we received no written guidance on how the boards would be conducted and what the requirements were, which frustrated everyone because preaching about this great change in transparency, but there was not any formal written guidance. There was also no flexibility in her system, which led to a working for a in one of my It also broke up Company cohesion in that Marines were frequently, and with little warning, moved to other Companies. Company Commanders had little to no say in who was moved. Some teams were not announced until a day or two before pickup. In the end, there was a little more transparency, but with the addition of rigidity which led to upheaval of teams. On an individual level. started picking on and then This was all last summer, so I do not remember the details but I do remember how stressed out and were. At the time, I had never been the subject of wrath, so I did not understand what they were going through. In the beginning, the was biggest ally, telling us to get on board with the new changes and the way of thinking. At some comments in meetings. She stopped including n relevant email traffic. At one PT event, I overheard animatedly describing all the perceived faults to One day at the end of October, told me to stop seeking the guidance. Later that day, sent an email to all the relling us to come directly to her for all command matters. I thought actions toward were unprofessional and petty, and that it set a poor example of how to deal with a subordinate.

My relationship with started to deteriorate in September
when she disapproved of how I handled some incidents. When she gave me a
written counseling, I was shocked that she was thinking about relieving me. I didn't
understand why we were talking about relief. In the course of a month, we went
from fine to threatening relief. Lam cortainly not a life to urse of a month, we went
from fine to threatening relief. I am certainly not perfect, but I did not think
anything I did warranted this. I could not fathom the intent behind threatening
relief and started to wonder how I had become so incompetent and not realized it. I
was not going to begin a long if was incanable of doing or if my
incapable of doing. So when asked what she should do with me, if she should demote me to the shear of the should relieve me, I told her that
sne should demote me to the should relieve me. I told her that
in she thought she needed to refleve me then she should and that I would work
wherever she needed me. She took this as my giving up and quitting.
counseled me daily for the next 30 days. As I said in my
ritkep, the counselings were erratic. I loathed going into her office every marriage
because I never what kind of mood she would be in I got more and more stressed
as the month wore on. The stress affected my judgment and I started to doubt all
my decisions. I leaned heavily on the support of the other
but and were the most sympathetic because they
ire.
Looking back, I think about what I could have done differently. I was hesitant
to seek help outside the hattalian because it was also also all the hattalian because it was also also also also also also also al
to seek help outside the battalion because it was difficult to describe the issues to outsiders without coming off as petty or whiny.
bully all the time and to everyone a server whiny.
bully all the time and to everyone, so many were unaware of this side of her,
Nothing she did was illegal, immoral, or unethical. On the surface, she also did
everything that she was supposed to do (i.e. she checked all the boxes). She
provided me ner guidance, verbally counseled me, gave me a written counseling
and anowed me time to recover. She could argue that she used all the tools in the
toolbox and I would have to agree. However, I would aroug that she did not use
those tools effectively - It was like she heat me over the head with the amount and
stabbed me with the screwdriver. The issues also built up slowly over seven
months and there was no smoking our to maint by I like the

months and there was no smoking gun to point to. I did not fully realize how the environment at 4th RTBN had emotionally and mentally affected me until

to a much better command environment and felt immediate relief.

21 May 2015

, make the following free and voluntary statement on m own free will and without any threats or promises extended to me. I understand this statement is given concerning my knowledge of: the command climate within 4th Recruit training battalion. I was the for Company from May 23, 2013 to April 8, 2015. I was also the from this time frame 4th BN went through their change of command and became the new During this time I . Му was still the was . I returned to Co in July 2014 when the new checked in. During my time as the I was aware and witnessed many incidents involving the in which was demoralizing and inconsistent with our corps values. Outside of my company, I have witnessed Capt's be belittled and yelled at in staff meetings. There are Navy Corpsman, civilians, Lcpl's, and NCO's in these meetings. , our and is constantly belittled and reprimanded in front of the staff. It can be something as little as not having the correct information on-a maintenance request. I have been told which company was the favorite and which one she disliked by the as a way to try to make sure we don't run into her. The advises us that we avoid or just deal with the that she won't ever change. So the Marines just avoid her. The has also in several occasions in all hand meetings or classes made comments towards the Marines of November Company and their performance, making those Marines the subject of ridicule. My company, I believe, was the subject of constant demoralizing attacks. The segregation of the company began in Aug 2014, when the visited the Drill Instructors on the range and witnessed a DI yelling at a recruit. She was upset with the Drill Instructofs and explained that they were failing in enforcing her desires for a stress free environment. At that time asked a question in regards to her ability to instill discipline in her recruits if they are

able to do as they please. From what I witnessed, was simply asking a question to allow her to know her parameters. She was counseled and was told her attitude was negative and disrespectful.

The following week, the same Series of Drill Instructors were again, counseled for the tone of their "good morning, ma'am" by the ______. The _____ was upset that the Marines did not stop observing their event and all come and give her the greeting of the day. The _____ counseled them and explained they all needed to change their attitudes.

For the months of October and November 2014, my , was also scrutinized and was made to report to the every morning to ensure that she was counseled and to ensure what her plans for the day were approved by the Many times my would be overwhelmed from the constant pressure to meet her expectations. In December 2014, she was called incapable of doing her job in front of myself and other Marines, due to her perceived lack of persistency on a legal matter with a Marine. On Dec 18, 2014 I was called into the

In that office was the
, and Myself. The proceeded to ask why the state of the company was poor, and that myself and were the cause of it. At that time I refused to say a word and the began to attack my work ethic. She asked if having to care for my kids was becoming too much, she asked if I knew how to be a _____. At that time I asked to be moved from the Battalion as I felt that the work environment was to negative and very hestile. I said I quit and requested to be taken out of the battalion. The _____ at that time began to call me a quitter and the ____ told me I couldn't go anywhere. The asked if I still had what it was to be a _____, because in her I eyes I no longer was one. I stood there and refused to talk to her. She kicked me out of her office and told me to return in the afternoon to continue the conversations. I returned to her office at 1230 that afternoon and apologized. I apologized because I knew if I didn't my would suffer from this. My was a week later relieved and was literally taken out of the company with no sign from her again. I had and was on

. I returned to work on

≠On April 1,

2015, the Company were having a meeting in the battalion CP, where the came into and we all gave the greeting of the day. The then proceeded to talk to the the conversation was in regards to a PX run, she proceed to ask the , if they needed anything. I was not addressed, so I didn't reply. The room was quite, I looked up and the was waiting on my response. I said I didn't need anything. At that time the left the room, and a few minutes later returned back to the CP. She looked at the and myself and said she wanted to talk to me. She began to yell at me and tell me how disrespectful I was and who was I to think I could do that. Someone failed me when they let me get away with being disrespectful. At that time I began to respond by telling her I was not being disrespectful, and I was not going to be talked to this way. I did nothing wrong and was not going to be accused of something I did not do. The conversation was escalated and quite loud. At that time the said from now on our contact and relationship will only be good morning and good afternoon ma'am. I said I agree. On April 3, I was told I would not be doing the crucible with my company the following week, and I would not be graduating my company. My replacement checked in and I was not allowed to do turn over with her. I was not allowed to talk to her.

During my time there,

and

During this time,

confided in me and asked for advice in how to approach the

was on the rifle range

during the week of March 9-13, 2015. On a daily visit to

the rifle range, the

few Drill Instructors.

Approached her to give

the report, and the

give her acknowledgment. This was done in front of junior

enlisted Marines.

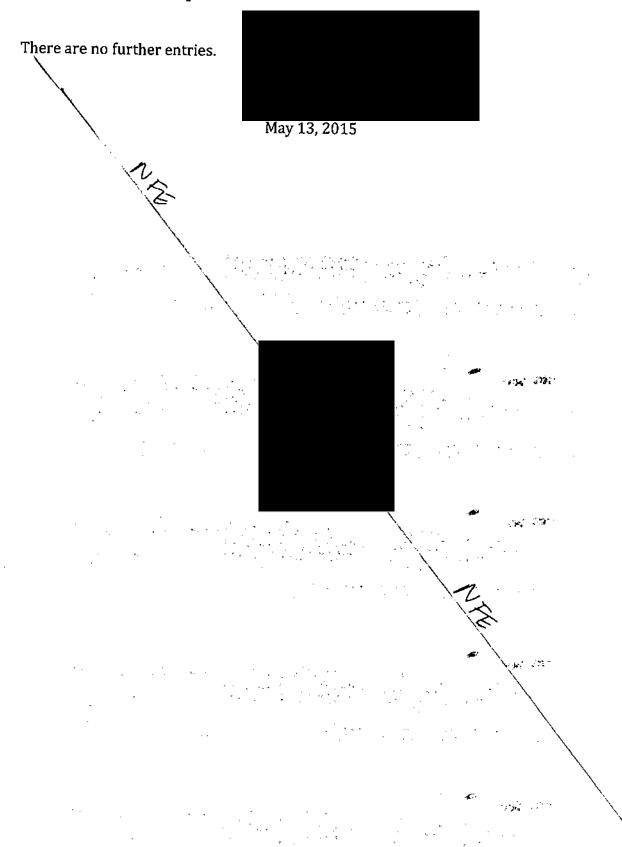
I was sent away out of the battalion and have been

I have no contact with

anyone in my chain of command. I start

The only text I have received from the BN was from the telling me not to go out of bounds. No one has told me why I was sent away or cut off from the BN. My Fitreps are still pending. I did not receive a from my being relieved and my annual is going to be completed by a

for. I know I will not get an honest evaluation of my performance and my work.



I have been a member of 4th Recruit Training Battalion (4thRTBN) since June 2014. I am currently the as well as acting and acting pleasure to work with the Marines and Sailors of 4thRTBN and to witness many significant events since my time here.

Regarding my experience working for to maintain extremely high standards and demand the highest expectations of her commanders, staff, and Marines. Under SNOs leadership, the battalion now has an initial marksmanship qualification average above 90%, comparable to the male training battalions, which has never been done before. It seems to me that she is achieving her vision of success and holds accountable those who don't execute her intent. That being said, there are some significant personality issues that degrade her command presence and credibility as a commander. I have had positive and negative experience, much like at any command.

SNO has been very accommodating to me and other Marines in regards to family issues. Throughout the past year, has recovered from two necessary other.

Her absolute goal is mission accomplishment, and troop welfare is right behind it. This is especially impacting to me in that she is geo-bachelorette and rarely sees her own husband. This tells me that she can appreciate how important family time is and has stressed to the Marines in the past to make sure they do their job, but also ensure their families are taken care of.

Despite the above average concern for Marines and their families, there are still issues that must be disclosed that describe her negatively. I have observed a number of instances that I would consider less than professional.

reputation, marginalized her public displays of disgust and disdain. On one occasion in September 2014, in SNOs office with junior officers and SNCOs, talked down to the in a tone of voice, facial expressions, and overall context problem with the individual. I felt embarrassed for the to be two SNCOs present.

Another example was during a battalion commander inspection hot wash with the inspected company. The made a comment regarding maintenance to which the gave her a dirty look and degradingly corrected her, in front of the entire company staff of officers and drill instructors present. The didn't call the names, but she didn't have to. The tone of voice and her manner of speech

demonstrated that she thought the was stupid. I have had not get along personally with another member of their command team, but have never seen anything like that type of personal disdain demonstrated during a professional setting, especially in front of a dozen SNCOs and sergeants.

Another such example of her disgust for the was during a staff meeting in December when the was presenting information on the upcoming battalion holiday party. While the was talking, the heard something she didn't like and was making several bizarre facial expressions that to me came off condescending and a complete loss of bearing in front of her staff.

In multiple staff meetings, has talked down to Marines in such a manner as to lead one to think that they were being interrogated. She often will ask questions and before you fully answer, tell you why that answer is wrong. Those occasions made me think, well if she want's my opinion or recommendation, I'll wait for her to tell me what I should think.

In July of 2014, our HVAC systems across the battalion were struggling to keep temperatures within the threshold authorized by Depot seasonal cooling order e.g. +- 2 degrees F of 78 degrees. Her office was too hot, approximately 82 degrees that day, out of standards and eligible for a work order to These types of requests are seven day tickets, meaning FMD has seven days to fulfill the request. I was notified earlier that day that they temperatures were above standard and submitted the ticket. She wanted same day service. So, I called to try and get a technician to come same day. Each of their technicians were attending higher priority trouble calls like medical clinics, chow halls, and recruit squad bays at 1st battalion in this instance. Around 1500, she came guns blazing into the ____, located in bldg. 927 that also houses my storage area and the battalion "prison" gym. To get to the you have to walk into the building and open another door that separates the gym from our office. As she entered, I heard her sarcastically say "it's sure nice and cold in here" which $i\underline{s}$ true for the gym, which usually sits a few degrees colder than the office, which normally is between 80 and 82 degrees, but we deal with it. After she said that and then entered my section, I had just finished speaking to who told me that they would have someone there by COB. I stood and told her this as she entered very angrily, and when I told her I just spoke to and they couldn't send someone now but by would, with arms raised up in the air she told me very angrily "that's bullshit!" Which, it wasn't as I literally had just hung up the phone a few seconds before she walked in. then condescendingly told me in front of my that "before you leave today, I want you to report to me the temperatures of each squad bay." No problem with that task at all, only I would have preferred not being talked to like a child in trouble in front of one of my Marines. , not a five year old.

I, January 2015, I experienced an occasion were I presented the facts as I knew them regarding an HVAC issue with the RTR barracks. RTR can manage the corrective maintenance at the barracks and the battalions have no ability to submit work orders for their Marines. Often I would make sure Facilities Maintenance Division had received the work order from _____, and then I would hound them to myself to make sure the maintenance issue was resolved. In this particular instance, I couldn't secure a technician to come down immediately to complete an HVAC repair request. I had made several attempts to have the issue resolved timely, but was unable to. I explained to that RTR had submitted the ticket, that FMD had seven days to complete the ticket (at that time there was still three days remaining), that other urgent issues on the depot prevented the HVAC technicians from coming that day, and that they were short staffed as it was a Friday. She considered my effort to be "lame" and directed me to resolve an unrelated issue better unlike my "lame" attempt with the barracks. Calling my attempt "lame" didn't really bother me. What bothered me was that the updates to this particular maintenance issue and others that I would email (her preference), was that for nearly four days, she didn't respond at all to my updates. Typically she would respond with a follow up question or simply, acknowledge receipt. To me, it seemed that she was holding a grudge against me and letting her anger and personal feeling interfere with business as usual.

These are instances of personal experience and witness of unprofessional conduct towards Officers and SNCOs. These accounts are true and accurate to the best of mv knowledge.



20150522



UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS

RECRUIT TRAINING REGIMENT MARINE CORPS RECRUIT DEPOT PO BOX 15001 PARRIS ISLAND, SOUTH CAROLINA 29905-5001

> 1000 20MAY15

From: To:	, MCRD Parris Island
Subj:	VOLUNTARY STATEMENT
Encl:	 Electronic mail correspondence 08:48 31JUL14 to adjacent commanders regarding Force Preservation Council documentation and Crucible Hikes Electronic mail correspondence 06:56 28AUG14 regarding 4th Recruit Training Battalion Quota Meeting Electronic mail correspondence 09:01 4SEP14 and 09:39 12SEP14 regarding 4th Recruit Training Battalion Crucible Hikes Recruit Evaluation Card in case of
1. The provide	e following statement is provided voluntarily and enclosures are ed as substantiating material.
4th Recthe med	announced to the room which included the to the material three to four Drill Instructors ranging in rank from to provide the "See, you don't get what you want from You go around them!" She smiled while making this comment. The meeting, I informed the parted the meeting, I informed the part of the meeting. I did not concur with comment and would not appear to support these comments by the further meetings. I have not attended another meeting at cruit Training Battalion to date.
complet	ring the first year of my assignment at the control of the crucible hikes with 1st, 2nd, and 3rd Recruit Training tons [Enclosure (2)]. For all three of these hikes, I joined at the head of the formation for the duration hike.

- a. On or about 02:30 13 September 2014, I joined the head of the Crucible Hike. We discussed hike routes and other topics regarding recruit training. At a point during the hike stated she would like to go to the rear of the formation in order to gain a different perspective of the hike. I followed to rear of formation; I cannot remember if I made a verbal comment regarding battalion commander at the rear of a formation being unusual. I do clearly recall thinking it was unusual; however, I fully acknowledge commander's prerogative and the choice was not safety violation.
- b. Upon joining the rear of the who was struggling to complete the hike. Said Name Recruit (SNR) appeared to be under 5'0" and struggling with the pack and rifle.

 pointed out SNR to all fellow recruits words to the effect of 'how could this recruit be the as no should be at the rear of the formation'; further, continued negative verbal counseling regarding SNR not worthy of being the when at the rear of the formation.
- c. As this continued, I started pointing out positive actions of recruits, 'there you go', 'dig in', 'you've got this', etc... I do recall making a comment to the recruits and Drill Instructors to hear, about teamwork being the key to success in the Marine Corps.
- d. During the Crucible Hike, I pointed out

 who was assigned to

 during my first few weeks with

 commented to

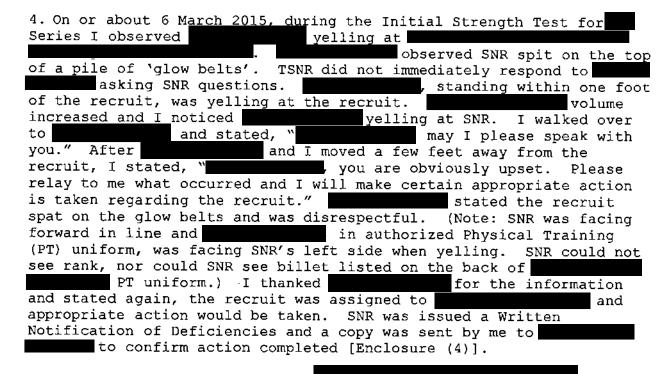
 job as the

 stated loud enough for the recruits,

 to hear, "She is the worst I

 have." I attempted to change topic to distract from negative comments regarding a made within one to three feet of recruits.
- continued to provide negative verbal counseling to recruits falling behind in formation. Her comments, while negative, did not violate Equal Opportunity and were not a threat to safety of the recruits. I chose to continue to focus on positive comments regarding team work and encouraging recruits they were almost to the objective. As I continued, transitioned to positive comments as well for a period of time.

f.	At the final break prior to completing the hike,
	moved to the head of the formation. I chose to stay in the
	rear of the formation. I continued to make positive comments
	towards the recruits and discussed with the
	, how I was motivated by her example.
	was exhausted due to finishing the Crucible
	diagnosed with the flu.



Voluntary Statement

was the property of the proper
Fourth Recruit Training Battalion from 10 March 2014 to 27 April 2015. I worked for for approximately three months and for interactions with and was frequently brought into the discussions and planning sessions with her, the and the
From my experiences with she was very focused on two efforts: 1) improving the transparency of the command as a result of the command climate survey from the previous battalion commander's tenure and 2) making the battalion competitive with the other three battalions by improving testable standards of recruits, such as performance at the rifle range. From the start of her tenure, her methods for achieving these efforts were aggressive, strict, demanding, and confrontational. Her command style was extremely different from the previous battalion commander, and initially, personal interactions with her were harsh and condescending. However, over the past seven to eight months, she has changed her approach a great deal. She became more approachable and more of a teacher and mentor.
Furthermore, I never observed her doing anything immoral, unethical, illegal or unsafe. On the contrary, she was ruthless and uncompromising on rules and regulations. I witnessed her counsel multiple Marines on violations of the Recruit Training Order.
My RS-RO relationship with started off very rocky. Initially, we butted heads for about a month for the following reasons: 1) I was stubborn, bull-headed, and frustrated with the way she was treating me and 2) She was fiery, condescending, and wholly focused on achieving her efforts with little regard for development of interpersonal relationships. At first, our relationship was contentious and we were both just miserable in our interactions.
A tipping point occurred on a day when I had made a mistake on scheduling an event for 30 minutes instead of 90 minutes, and she was scolding me in her office for the mistake. In the midst of her reprimand, I said "excuse me ma'am, I need to step out," and I motioned my hand in a way that appeared from her perspective to be shoving my hand in her face. I walked out because I did not believe I was being treated appropriately; I thought I was being treated like a child. I may not have 20 years under my belt, but I deserve to be treated as an adult. So I walked out of her office to the pull-up bars in front of Co O to do some pull-ups, relieving some frustration. I walked back to her office later that day, and apologized. She scolded me again for walking out on her, and stated that if she had done that to her boss that she would have been fired. I told her that I did not think she was approachable and I did not know what else to do. At that time of our meeting, she discounted my comment that she was not approachable, explained to me all reasons she was approachable, and dismissed me from her office. But very soon after that, her demeanor had changed; she was more welcoming of people into her office and her reaction to last minute changes and minor mistakes had become more flexible and understanding.
Shortly thereafter, I also sought guidance from the and the and the tasked of me, working to show her that I was onboard to achieve the efforts that she had laid out. Over time, I earned her trust and confidence. During the next periodic counseling with her, she actually apologized to me for the rocky start to our relationship and said that it was her fault that we started off poorly. After that, our relationship was positive and had effective communication.
I have observed interactions with the relationship between and the state of the relationship between and detrimental to the command climate. They did a poor job of trying to work with one another dentity their differences because it was common knowledge that they did not get along or interact.

	She was a resource for me to improve alion. I interacted with her on a daily
My observations of and the good interactions and a trusting relationship between	were all positive. I only saw
All of the in the battalion, times when we struggled with our relationship with resources to improve and vent. was still working on her relationship with on	
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From:

UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS

FOURTH RECRUIT TRAINING BATTALION RECRUIT TRAINING REGIMENT MARINE CORPS RECRUIT DEPOT PO BOX 16400 PARRIS ISLAND, SOUTH CAROLINA 29905-6400

> IN REPLY REFER TO: 1000 22 May 15

From:	Recruit Training Battalion	Fourth
To:	Investigating O	Officer
Subj :	VOLUNTARY STATEMENT REGARDING COMMAND TRAINING BATTALION COMMAND CLIMATE) INVESTIGATION ICO FOURTH RECRUIT
because Both Ma by the they wi testimo	nake this statement voluntarily, but work in also fear reprisal against in the arines are at their service limitation this yould be forced out of the Marine Corps. Buy may be used against them in ways to sof being selected.	and course of this investigation. In and are in zone to be screened year. If they are not selected, In am concerned that their
2. I a have le this ba		ch Recruit Training Battalion. I has taken command of
cycle o brief w classro purpose	and class with the new Marines of my was conducted, the only two permanent on were and and confidence of this brief had been to serve as a to their graduation.	personnel allowed in the To my understanding, the
office the new for given h that se discuss to tie recruit class h	Approximately three hours after the to speak to my explained that when the series return Marines how their class with the following any class given by permand, and by the chain of command tie into Core erve as mentorship time between the SD sions allow the SDI to provide clarification and so the fleet. As it was standard in ad gone in order to provide further mention in the into a CVGD.	came into my came into the squadbay, she had asked went. This is standard procedure tent personnel (including the came in cations (CVGDs) of and her platoon. These cation to the material taught and as in order to better prepare practice, the asked how this
they di them, a counter what th	dn't deserve to be Marines, that thei and that their stats didn't measure up	

Subj: VOLUNTARY STATEMENT REGARDING COMMAND INVESTIGATION ICO FOURTH RECRUIT TRAINING BATTALION COMMAND CLIMATE

c. To my recollection, the was in a
meeting with the when the series returned. The following is second-
hand information, provided to me by my and and Upon
return to the squadbay, encouraged her to talk to her new Marines;
I specifically remember her speaking to her and the Company
returned from her meeting with
already shaken due to the fact that one of her new Marines,
, had been called out by the during the class; the made her stand
up and told her that her hair looked like the hair of a 1st Phase recruit.
had prior service in the Navy, achieving the rank equivalent of
, and had volunteered to go back through Marine Corps boot camp because she
wanted to be part of a stronger, prouder team than what the Navy had provided
her with. also had natural hair which requires special care; her
had helped her re-braid it weekly throughout training. Her had been
planning on helping re-braid her hair on the night of 15 February
2015 to ensure that she looked her best for family day (the following day)
and graduation on 17 April 2015. After the class, told her
that she felt demeaned and humiliated, and that she didn't even want to
be a Marine anymore. had also been pointed out during the class; in addition to being the state of the company
High PFT score with one of the fastest run times in the series (20:30) on the
final PFT. The told that her score wasn't good enough because
she was not as fast as her male counterparts. After speaking to some of her
other new Marines, informed me that the had also told them
something to the effect of "[when you get to the fleet] if you get drunk and
get raped, it's your fault." That was not the first time I had heard of the
saying something to this effect. I am a for the battalion, so this
statement caused particular concern for me because during my training I
was informed that a relatively high percentage (around 10%) of each series of
remale recruits reports previous sexual assaults upon arrival to recruit
training. Having taken for recruits, I know the negative
impact a statement such as this would have on any previous victim of sexual
assault.

- d. After speaking to my and both I took the above information and reported it to my My simultaneously reported it to the Company They decided to have speak to about the class. The result was that said nothing like that had occurred. talked to my and and explained to them that the new Marines needed to graduate feeling like they had earned their title and that they had accomplished something impressive. They needed to have an understanding that this was just the beginning, and that they needed to continue to push themselves when they reached the fleet in order to be competitive for promotion against their male counterparts. They needed to feel comfortable reporting sexual assaults, but also know what things they could do to protect themselves (always have a buddy/designated driver, do not drink to excess, always have a plan to get home safely after going out to socialize, etc.). and ensured that the new Marines understood these things.
- e. At this point, I left the issue alone because I felt I had no other options to report it, and I wanted to minimize the issue for the benefit of the new Marines. However, I felt it was unjust because if a Drill Instructor is accused of wrongdoing by a recruit and that wrongdoing is corroborated by other recruits, an investigation is opened and negative administrative action is taken against that Drill Instructor accordingly. In this case, it seemed that wrongdoing had occurred and been corroborated, but no further investigation was warranted because

Subj: VOLUNTARY STATEMENT REGARDING COMMAND INVESTIGATION ICO FOURTH RECRUIT TRAINING BATTALION COMMAND CLIMATE This runs contrary to the own command philosophy of "confidence, accountability, and pride." Whatever confidence and pride the new Marines of had built was tarnished in that class, and there was no evident accountability in regard to whatever wrongdoing occurred. When I arrived to Company in June 2014 (after two cycles in had just taken command. The climate of the Company), battalion had become more positive after she took command. She was initially very receptive when she would come observe training events, asking questions that showed she wanted to learn and benefit from the knowledge of her junior at the time was who was officers. The acting Company . Throughout the first six months dual-hatting as the of the tenure, she would regularly come out to training events and get my perspective on the training that was occurring. During the vast majority of those conversations, I was told that Company was on top of the (one of whom was battalion, and that my control of whom was were doing an amazing job. She told me on several occasions that my perspective on leadership and training was the reason I was going to be one of her 5. Between September and December 2014 (during Series , things began to worsen in the battalion and in Company. Company talked on a few occasions, telling me that my Company at the time, talked to me , was struggling with command. I asked what I could do to told me that was depressed, so just help her, and was overwhelmed and allegedly to be there for her as a peer. stated at one point that she no longer felt fit for command. I told that I did not want to fail because if she failed, then I failed to set her up for success as her subordinate leader. I never had leadership. She and I had a good significant issues with working relationship. It was evident that she and struggling to effectively communicate as a command team, but it seemed that was often hesitant to take . Over the past few months, I have been given several different reasons for her relief. Initially, she was relieved because she failed to take the guidance during their daily counselings. Later, the explained that s had been relieved due addressed to a failure to work effectively with of Series during pickup week the situation with my (20-23 January), stating that had been relieved due to a lack of trust and confidence in her leadership. Most recently, I was told by was relieved because of her failure to correct the that Company. Initially, I did not think anything of "negativity" in relief because I knew she had been struggling. However, after several conversations with where she has stated different relief and then said "do you see now why I had to reasons for ?" I have begun to internally question what the real relieve reason for relief was.

Subj: VOLUNTARY STATEMENT REGARDING COMMAND INVESTIGATION ICO FOURTH RECRUIT TRAINING BATTALION COMMAND CLIMATE the investigation was taking place, allegedly told that she had lost all trust and confidence in her leadership. She also allegedly refused to return the salutes of other Marines in the series. The serious allegations against the series were later unsubstantiated. later unsubstantiated. and I and I together prior to this tour, and she was regarded highly in for her competence as a leader. She is one of the most judicious leaders I have known in my career. I have relied heavily on her guidance to help shape my own leadership style and abilities over the past three years. Out of the officers in 4th RTBn, has been subject to the most severe conversations and the most negative treatment from now believes that she was wrong. 7. Between November 2014 and March 2015, needed two major . She is , and needed to be fit for separation. Due to her , she was absent for significant portions of Series . After was relieved, the perceived negativity in November Company was expected to dissipate. When it did not, was purported to be the primary source and seemed to be targeted by the battalion. She was eventually sent away from the battalion and put on was not a perfect leader, however she did a lot of good for the battalion while she was the , and she did have a positive influence on the technical proficiency of the Marines in Company. I often benefitted perspective, and she has an admirable way of positively messaging the messaging the ______ intent to the company. She helped munderstand the _____ intent regularly during her tenure as intent to the company. She helped me she conducted several PMEs with the company to help the Marines understand as well. All of this went unmentioned once she was determined to be the source of the "negativity." 8. I had a closed-door conversation with the On 17
December 2014 following Series Crucible. I had questions regarding the hike home that could not answer. I did not understand why the walked in the back of the hike formation; she explained it was so she could watch the conduct of the DIs. I tried to explain that I believed that was my job and the role of the who always hiked in the back, but my point was not understood. The seems to lack trust in advisors. I also did not understand the expectations when it came to the DIs' interaction with the recruits on the hike home; she explained them to me. During this conversation, the told me was wrong for blasting the DIs within earshot of the recruits. The DIs had not been keeping the formation tight; the had been making these corrections on recruits and wanted to ensure that the DIs were the ones making those corrections because it is their job. that she should have moved the DIs farther from the recruits, but that she didn't want to put the in a predicament by having to make corrections on recruits. The has corrected two SDIs in front of their recruits to my knowledge- one for being too loud in the chow hall, and yelling at a recruit near the sheds during grass week for being belligerent

to give my

attended this brief with me;

had requirements

with her chain of command.

for her series.

9. On or about 20 January 2015, I stepped in for

was also present, along with

and

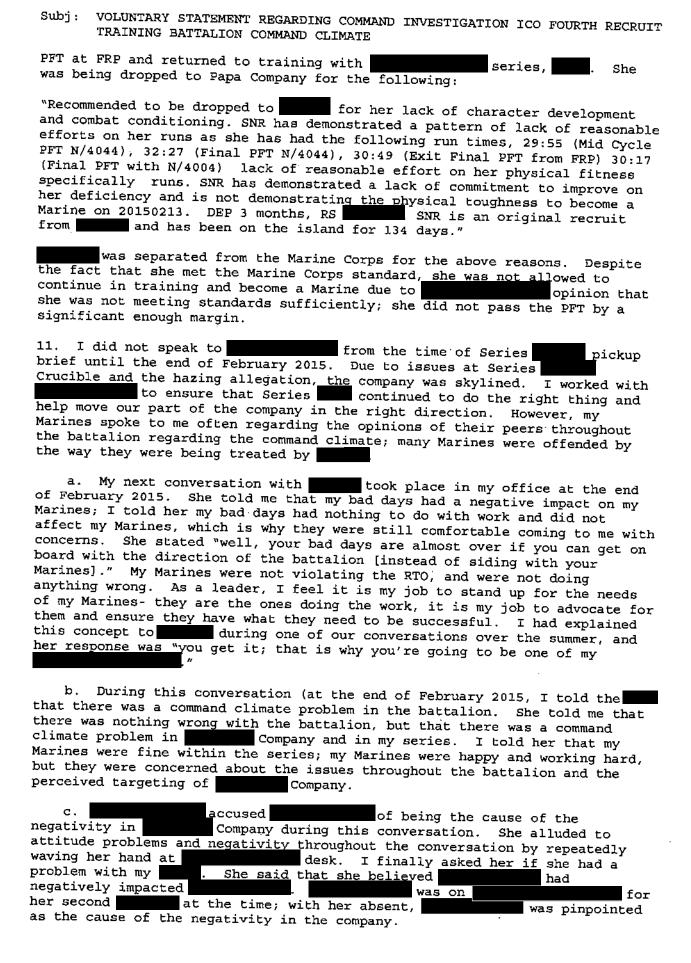
series pickup brief to the for Series

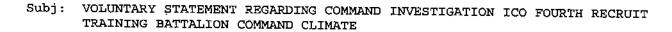
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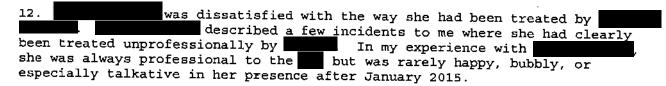
Subj: VOLUNTARY STATEMENT REGARDING COMMAND INVESTIGATION ICO FOURTH RECRUIT TRAINING BATTALION COMMAND CLIMATE

- a. I briefed concerns with a newer Drill Instructor who had been struggling to develop a demeanor that recruits would unquestioningly respect. The stated that this Marine needed to earn her Basic Daily Routine (BDR) qualification, which would allow her to stand duty, by training day 10. If she was not ready by TD-10, stated that she would watch her to see if additional remediation needed to occur. The Marine ended up not being able to earn her BDR qual by TD-10 because she could not effectively run the deck. never came to observe her. As a result, and her had to stand duty every other night for all of 1st Phase and the beginning of 2nd Phase. Both of these Drill Instructors were exhausted and struggled to remain effective in their duties. coordinated help to relieve them throughout this period. A permanent solution was not created until the end of February when the battalion moved the Drill Instructor to another company to allow her to try to earn her BDR qual again with a series that was about to pick up. Our series was given a replacement Drill Instructor. All Drill Instructor transfers (between companies) have to be approved by
- b. I briefed concerns with (then)
 gotten a after the Marine Corps ball during series. She also had a minor RTO violation, which and I had reported to our company leadership.
 allegation. When I brought up this allegation during the pickup brief, the lost her bearing and began firing questions at me about why she hadn't known about the allegation. I told her I had reported it to the pld me I was wrong for not telling her directly about the allegation.

 did not say anything during this line of questioning.
- of my Marines. She cut me off throughout the brief, would not let me finish sentences or communicate entire concepts, and questioned my competence as a leader by insinuating that I did not know my Marines. I attempted to explain to her that several of the Marines were new to my series and I hadn't had an opportunity to talk to them in depth yet because I had only worked with them for two days. I felt that I had been disrespected in front of enlisted Marines during this brief; both and told me later that they felt the actions were inappropriate and unprofessional.
- d. was supposed to pick up with Series , however she was with due to problems from just prior to pick up. She was placed in the about a month while undergoing evaluations. She was cleared by but insisted that the clearance had to come from a higher authority. This clearance was eventually obtained and was allowed to work in the capacity of a Drill Instructor. I understand the need to ensure that Drill Instructors are enough to work with recruits, however seemed to have to go to excessive lengths to prove her fleet on the basis of had been mentioned, and had to fight to prove that she was capable of working as a Drill Instructor. Within the first two months of working, earned DI of the Month.
- 10. On or about 5 February 2015, I was assisting with drops because she was heading to the Crucible with her series. One of these drops was had been one of my recruits in Series but she dropped to the Physical Conditioning Platoon (PCP) in the Female Readiness Platoon (FRP) for failing her final PFT. She had passed her exit

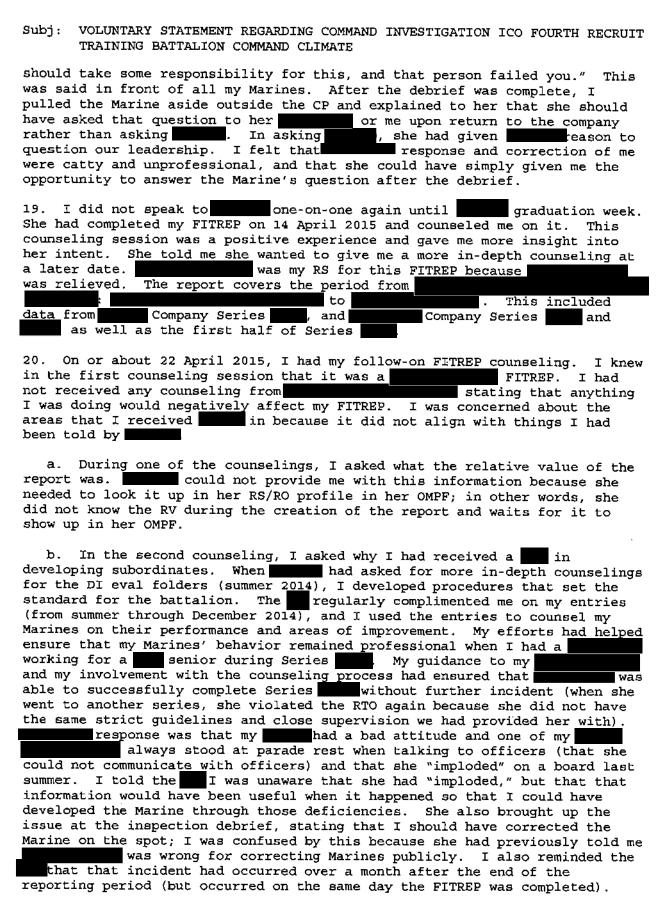




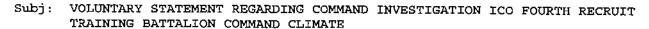


- 13. In early March 2015, directed that November Company would no longer be referred to as "NoCo." We have called ourselves NoCo for the past several years (even when I was in Oscar Company, everyone called it NoCo) because it is a catchy and easy abbreviation for our company. It was a source of pride and esprit de corps for the company. Oscar Company is referred to as "QCO," and Papa Company also has nicknames; their nicknames were not restricted. The reason "NoCo" was banned was because the CO said it was subliminally negative; the word "no" is in "NoCo." We have since been required to only refer to ourselves as "November Company" or "Company N." This was passed to the entire battalion.
- 14. On or about 12 March 2015, ______ came out to grass week to observe training. I was late to coverage; me or my _____ are required to be present to observe the classes the PMIs give in the sheds. I was signing for the brown bag gear for a recruit who had been hospitalized; my _____ was required to evaluate incremental drill for another series. I knew I was wrong for being late, and I had already told my _____ that I was late. When I arrived at the range, the _____ was talking and laughing with my Marines. I walked up to the group and said "good morning, ma'am." The did not return my greeting, did not acknowledge my presence, and did not look at me. My Marines later addressed the issue with _____, saying that they felt the _____ had disrespected me in front of them. I felt the actions were unprofessional.
- 15. My next personal conversation with ______ccurred on 26 March 2015. She came out to observe the conduct of Table 2. She asked me about one of the junior Drill Instructors. I explained that I try to lead with compassion. said something to the effect of "that's good that you lead with compassion, but can you say the same about your junior leaders?" I said yes. She asked "so you think your seniors lead with compassion?" I said yes. She asked "and your chief? You think she leads with compassion?" I said yes. I explained that I saw what my Marines do on a daily basis and I know that they are incredibly compassionate leaders because of the small things they do. She cut me off and said "so do I" (in regard to seeing what the Marines do every day). She seemed dissatisfied with my answers because she scoffed at my responses. She walked me down to about the 300-yard line and proceeded to question me and my leadership for two hours; it was the type of conversation that necessitated me standing at parade rest. At one point, she asked "so what [principle] is it that you're willing to stake your career on?" She was referring to the fact that I continually chose to stand up for my Marines when they were doing the right thing.
- a. I told that I try to pass her message to my Marines, but they see her actions and form their own opinions. The example I gave her was when she did not acknowledge my presence during grass week. She said "so how did you explain that to your Marines?" I told her I explained that she was upset that I was late for coverage. She said "right. I could have blasted you in front of them... I could have taken you out behind the sheds and blasted you. But I didn't." I still believe my deficiency could have been addressed in a more professional manner. I told that other Marines had seen her not return salutes or proper greetings of the day. She seemed baffled.

- b. The conversation eventually became more relaxed when asked what problems I saw with the command climate in the battalion. The seemed receptive. She did mention that she felt like she was "walking on eggshells" around November Company. She has used this expression several times, mostly in reference to or . I believe if an officer feels intimidated by an enlisted Marine, that is not the enlisted Marine's problem. I explained to that my Marines are not fake and are not bubbly. They remain professional when addressing their I also explained that they don't know what to say to her because what they say seems to be used against them.
- c. At one point, said "Do you know when I'm having a bad day?" said, "Yes ma'am" because it is evident in her emotional conversations. She said "I don't think you do."
- 16. Between 23-27 March, I attended battalion PMEs concerning the battalion's statistics in comparison to the rest of the regiment. I understood the commander's intent of being able to show that our female recruits are competitive with their male counterparts. However, Series was conducting BWT and was three weeks from graduation at that time. I knew there wasn't much we could do to affect this outcome with that series, but I began to think forward to how to make improvements in my next series. This was the first time I heard anything about statistics being the battalion's priority. Previously, the goal had been to ensure that the recruits had a solid understanding of our core values, and that we put a concerted effort into ensuring they understood the fundamentals of marksmanship. These PMEs were created after we heard that a command climate survey was coming out.
- 17. On or about 8 April 2015, five officers were boarded for Company Command. The board consisted of all the current Company Commanders, the Each on the board had to create a rollup of their statistics during their time as a process of their statistics during their time as a process of doubts about company command because of the way I had seen the current treated and because I feared having constant one-on-one conversations with the I I felt I would lose my professionalism if she questioned the character of my Marines again. I did tell the board that I because I always want to be able to positively impact my Marines on the broadest scale possible. I did not do well on the board; I came in ___out of all five candidates. told me it had a lot to do with the fact that my stats were comparatively low. I was not selected and was slated to become the excited about this opportunity because it will allow me to use my six cycles of experience to train new series commanders, and I will be able to continue to work with my Marines.
- 18. On 14 April 2015, Series had the Battalion Commander's inspection. During the debrief, asked if any of the Marines had any questions. After some prompting by one of my Marines asked a question. She thought it was unprofessional for the new Marines to break their bearing in front of by smiling and acting like they were having a normal conversation; an inspection is typically not the right setting for that type of behavior. I knew the answer to the Marine's question, and had briefed both on intent the night before. However, I did not think that correcting the Marine in front of the and her entire chain of command was right, so I let her speak. Said that "someone in this room" (pointing at me) should have explained that to her, that "that person

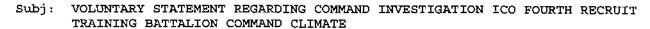


c. As I progressed through the markings, said "you're trying to pick a fight with me, and I'm not- I'm not- going to do that." I



explained that I was just genuinely trying to understand the thought process behind the markings when I had been regularly told I was doing well, was going to be a process, and had not received any negative counselings regarding my performance. Told me that part of the reason my FITREP was below average was because I had mentioned on a few occasions that I felt like I was failing said that my FITREP reflected the fact that I let them fail. I told her I did not understand why they had failed, and I had admitted feeling like I was failing them because I was trying to understand what I could be doing to better prepare them to succeed; I had never been given specific guidance on how to help them achieve success.

- could not give me specific examples of my failures in ensuring the well-being of subordinates, courage, judgment, or decision-making. She did say that my stats were lower than all of my peers (the only things she brought up on the board were total drops, PFT score, and number of expert qualifications). I reminded her that the stats used on the board included an entire series and a half that had occurred before the beginning of the reporting period, and half a series after the end of the reporting period. She shrugged off this observation saying "I'm not changing the markings." I told her I didn't expect her to, but I still wanted to understand why I had received them. I do not know how my stats compare to the other , but I know that exceeded battalion and/or regimental averages in seven out of 13 categories, and exceeded battalion and/or regimental averages in nine categories. These two series composed the majority of the reporting period.
- e. At the end of the counseling, stated that I had not effectively passed her message to my Marines. I shook my head and smiled in disbelief and she said "Go ahead and laugh. And you know what, I'll let you laugh. I'm disappointed that you did though." I left the office after that. The reason I reacted that way was because when came to observe my during she mentioned negative events that had happened in the recent past in the company (not my _____). I counseled my Marines (after each observation with and explained to them what we needed to learn from the incidents that she brought up and that we just needed to move forward with a positive outlook. Each time, my Marines would agree and begin to move forward, but the next time came to observe she would mention past negative incidents again. My Marines and I struggled to maintain a positive mentality when we were constantly encountering this level of negativity. It affected my health because I was often unable to eat; I lost about 15 pounds last cycle (even commented at the beginning of one of the FITREP counselings that I looked like I had lost a lot of weight). I spent a lot of time working with my Marines to maintain positivity, and to balance that with my administrative duties, I slept at work for about eight weeks total last cycle. I did my best to move the series in the right direction, and the told me during end of cycle counselings that they knew the told me during and I had gone through a lot from the battalion, but that they were unaware of what the issues were because we had shielded it from them. That allowed them to stay positive and engaged in their mission. I reacted in disbelief to because she did not understand how hard I had to work to counteract her negativity and unprofessional behavior, and she does not see that I tried to protect her by addressing these issues to her personally.
- 21. On 19 May 2015, held an all-hands town hall meeting. Most of the battalion was present, with the exception of duty DIs. I was not present for the first half of the meeting, arriving around 1640. During the second half



of the meeting, stated that she was upset by comments in the command climate survey referring to her failure to return salutes or give proper greetings of the day. She began to tear up and became visibly upset. She said that she had never intentionally not returned a proper greeting of the day or a salute, despite previously admitting to doing this to me at the range.

- 22. I do not believe that was treated fairly during her tenure.

 openly discussed her dislike and distrust of with several series commanders, including me.
- was highly regarded by the battalion last summer because Platoon achieved over 95% initial qualification rate during Table 1. She was submitted for a board, and competed at the regiment (where she "imploded"). During the fall, the battalion's opinion of her changed. She has since been regarded with suspicion and viewed as a problem despite consistently performing well and continuing to work to improve herself. This increases my level of concern for reprisal against her.
- 24. Since my commission in 2009, I have wanted to serve in the Marine Corps as a career. I firmly believe that my purpose is to take care of the institution by taking care of the Marines who make it up. When my Marines are in the right, which they were during Series. I will stake my career on them. Due to the way I have seen my Marines treated and the fact that I feel I have no way of correcting it, I have often considered resigning my commission during this tour. I write this statement with little concern for my own career, but with great concern for the careers and welfare of the Marines of 4th RTBn. The has effected positive changes during her tenure, but the negative issues have gone without correction and are disconcerting because of their impact on the Marines.

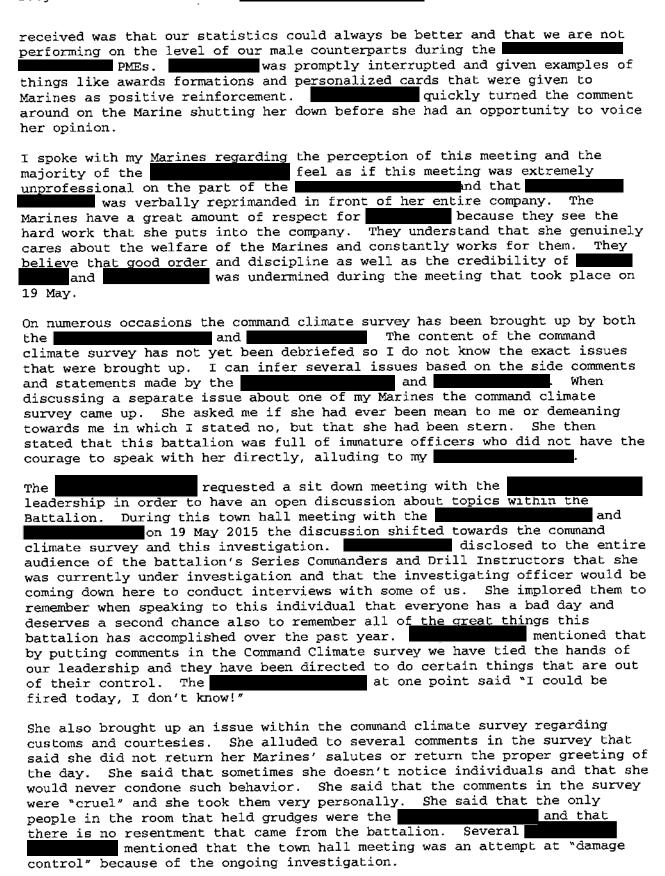


UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS

FOURTH RECRUIT TRAINING BATTALION
RECRUIT TRAINING REGIMENT
MARINE CORPS RECRUIT DEPOT
P.O. BOX 16400
PARRIS ISLAND, SOUTH CAROLINA 29905-6400

5800 20 May 15

From:	USMC
To: Investigating Officer	
Subj: WRITTEN STATEMENT BY	
1. I am writing this statement voluntarily, but I am extrem that there will be reprisal if my statement is read by	ely concerned
2. In regards to the meeting that occurred on 11 May 2015, down with all of the members of Papa Company to discuss severable began the meeting to say that she was very disappointed and its attitude. She discussed the command climate survey that Papa Company was the only company having issues. She is company was responsible for the negative comments in the communication survey and that she was "tired of being blamed and being made bad guy." We had recently had a request mast in which the Matto move companies. We were told by to be no repercussions verbal or via social media. She indicated out about any incidents that they were going to be held dealt with harshly. She indicated to the entire company that and the should have been handled at those levels before being brought.	in our company and indicated ndicated that our mand climate e out to be the arine requested that there were cated that if shed to the UCMJ and thoth the these issues
The second issue that she addressed was the Crucible hike for Company Series that had occurred that previous Saturda supposedly the worst hike she had ever seen because the femalifinished % mile behind the male series. I was not part of the planning, or conduct of the hike. The their opinions about the conduct of the hike and discuss that which the hike played out there were minimal things that they to prevent the issues. failure was above them. At this point she told the she could "chime in at any time" and there was clearly sarcas frustration in her voice. failed to bring the issues to the table during the and her failure was the reason that the as planned. letter and the AAR done by 3 rd Battalion prior to the meeting inability to communicate these issues to the and her peers that resulted in the failure of the hike.	ay. The hike was le series hat series team, began to voice the manner in y could have done id that the that sm and that our brief with the hike did not go he BN policy
We were asked repeatedly throughout the meeting if we felt shademeaning or mean. It is my opinion that no one responded be the meeting because when members had spoken up previously to opinion they were quickly shut down. For example the made a point to say that she never tells us she is disappoint only praises the Marines for their hard work.	ecause throughout voice their led in us and loke up and



and are good. They 3. The intentions of genuinely want the battalion to move in a forward direction, but the manner in which they communicate their intent degrades good order and discipline within the command. It was very clear to me that or our not trust or respect our which placed the company grade officers in an awkward position on multiple occasions. Since the publishing of the command climate survey the tension in the battalion has progressively worsened. My concern is that although her intentions are good she cannot see how her direct questions, blunt comments, and body language convey such a different message to the Marines. She has degraded the credibility of the company grade officers and senior enlisted leadership because Marines have voiced their concerns about how negatively their leadership has been treated poorly in front of them.



UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS

FORTH RECRUIT TRAINING BATALLION RECRUIT TRAINING REGIMENT MARINE CORPS RECRUIT DEPOT PO BOX 16400 PARRIS ISLAND, SOUTH CAROLINA 29905-6400

IN REPLY REFER TO: 5800 19 May 15

From: USMC To: Investigation Officer Subj: STATMENT 1. On 150505 When I finished, and I gave the Crucible brief to shed, directed me to read the 3d Battalion after action report (AAR) and bring up these issues with , the wanted to make sure we were on the same page for the Crucible hike back, which has been a point of contention between 3d and 4th Battalion since we started integrating the hike. After I left the meeting, I met with and we agreed to a plan for integration. Upon arriving to the Regimental Crucible brief, asked me if I had brought the 3d Battalion AAR to reference during the brief. I was confused and told that I had not done that. During the brief, I discussed the very basics of the Crucible hike back, saying it would be integrated with 3d Battalion. 2. On 150506 I received an email from stating that 3d Battalion now had a policy letter which mandated 30 meters distance between the company formations along with a safety vehicle between the formations. I sent the policy letter to and let her know that the plans had changed since I last spoke to proceeded to tell me that I had directly disobeyed her order to bring up the AAR in the Crucible brief and call out 3d Battalion for refusing to hike with 4th Battalion. told me I was weak because I refused to come to the table with my male counter parts and there was nothing she could do now. 3. On 150507 notified me that we had a Marine who wanted to request mast to the , and the Marine did not feel comfortable disclosing the nature of the request mast. I spoke with the Marine that evening and asked her if there was anything I could do to resolve the issue or help in any way. The Marine said I could not help and she would like to request mast the following morning. I called approximately 1700 to let her know we had a Marine who wanted to request mast. a message because she did not answer the call. When called back she asked me why I had not asked more probing questions when the Marine wanted to request mast. should have asked the Marine more and tried to resolve the issue at my level. told me I was just handing off issues that I did not feel like dealing with and giving them to her to resolve. go back and speak with the Marine. I went back to the office and sat down with the Marine. I asked the Marine what was going on with her and what was going on in the company to drive her to request mast. The Marine again told me she did not feel comfortable disclosing anything to me. I called back and let her know the Marine still did not want to speak with me. was now even more upset. said that I did not ask the right open ended questions. I went back to the Marine again and asked her specific questions about her basic daily routine qualification and her personal life. The Marine still did not reveal the nature of the complaint to me. I sent still did not want to reveal the reason for her request mast with me. 4. On 150508, the Marine still wanted to request mast and did not want to reveal the subject to me or . When and I went

of the request mast,

and I went to

looked at us and said,

"What am I supposed to do with that?" and told us to have the Marine in her office at a certain time so she could speak with the Marine. was in town and she wanted to get home to him as quickly as possible. 5. The Marine ended up speaking with about the nature of her request mast and ended up moving that Marine to a different company. the company first thing on Monday morning (150511) to speak about command climate issues.

never spoke to or me about the company first thing on Monday morning (150511) to speak about command or me about the company first thing on Monday morning (150511) to speak about command or me about the company first thing on Monday morning (150511) to speak about command or me about the company first thing on Monday morning (150511) to speak about command or me about the company first thing on Monday morning (150511) to speak about command or me about the company first thing on Monday morning (150511) to speak about command or me about the company first thing on Monday morning (150511) to speak about command or me about the company first thing on Monday morning (150511) to speak about command or me about the company first thing or me about the company firs climate issues. never spoke to request mast or what the Marine brought up. or me about the 6. The conduct of the Crucible hike on 150509 was not integrated and told me it was completely my fault for failing to bring up any of the battalion level issues at the regimental Crucible brief. 7. On 150511 at 1730, all of Company was in the battalion conference room to hear from and brought up the request mast and that it was every Marine's right. The Marine will not be treated differently or belittled for what she did. never brought up specific incidents that the Marine mentioned in the request mast but told the entire company we were wrong because we did not make this Marine feel like a welcome part of the team and that we were treating her the wrong way.

then went on to speak about how the command climate was bad in our company and it was the reason the command climate survey reflected so poorly was tired of being called mean and demeaning for holding people accountable and constantly doing the right thing. said our company acted on emotion instead of fact. said we go out and say bad things emotion instead of fact. said we go out and say bad things around the depot because we cannot look ourselves in the about around the depot bed mirror and see what we are doing wrong. then brought up the conduct of the Crucible hike. asked my Marines how they thought the hike went. Several of my Marines said they were disappointed that it was not more integrated. then went on to state that the conduct of the Crucible hike was the fault of the and the and the describe to my Marines how I failed them in organizing the hike.

Stated that and failed to stand up to their male counter parts and bring up issues. then spoke down to me in front of the entire company and stated, "Any time you want to chime 9. Following the meeting with my pulled me into her office and asked why I did not reinforce her message in front of the Marines.

I stated I would speak to the again at a later time and continue to reinforce what she said.

was furious with me for not speaking up and then asked me how I was going to fix it.

then cut me of the next week and a half then cut me off spoke to my the way she did because she thought she was doing the right thing. She thinks that she holds people accountable by speaking to them the way she does and it is all for the good of the institution. 11. On numerous occasions after the results of the command climate survey came out on approximately 150427, the stated "I always get in trouble for your fuckups" and that I go around the depot and spread lies about my comments he put in his command climate survey.

not hold myself accountable for my mistakes and that I blame her for said that I do everything I do wrong. has never addressed specific items in the command climate survey with me but keeps stating that everyone calls her mean and demeaning.

her battalion that are conspiring against her. that I am the issue and she has been taking all the right steps as a

ΥÄ

is known to act a certain way towards Marines she is mad at or has written off. It is obvious to those around because will be hostile and short with the individual and will often ignore their greetings or salutes.

also acts hostile towards outside agencies when there are differences in opinion on how we should operate. This makes it increasingly difficult to do our job around the depot. Agencies are afraid to upset us or change anything for fear they will be called out by or blamed for something that went wrong.

I, am making a voluntary statement concerning the command cli	mate of 4 th RTBN
and specifically an incident that occurred with my	ny of Marines on 11
May 2015.	
On, 8 May 2015, there was a Marine in my company that wanted to exercise her righ	it to request mast to
the	found out this
information we informed and	
reinforced to me what my role was in handling the request mast and gave m	e guidance to
ensure I did not violate the Marines rights. told that she	needed to find out
more about what was going on with the Marine. Spoke to the Marine, to	out she declined to
tell her what the issues were. It was evident that was a was irritated that	did not
get the information out of the Marine that she wanted, because of the tone	began to use
and by her attitude. It is told us later that day to have the Marine at her	office around 1500
and she would speak to her concerning the request mast. At that time the Marine to	
what the issues were and she came out to let us know that the Marine would be lead	
requested. The told and that she would like to see the	
Monday. So, on 11 May 2015, at approximately 1730 all of the Marines from Com-	
the BN conference room to meet with a second and and a second conference. Over the	
had been very direct, short, and abrasive with and I so we alre	
was not going to be a positive meeting with the Marines. When wall	
the first thing she said to the Marines is that she was disappointed in them as a com	
that we as a company failed to take care of a Marine, to the point of which she felt t	-
mast to told the Marines that they needed to ensure that	•
Marine that had requested mast professionally and to ensure they didn't approach	
about her because she requested mast. The state of the masked the Marines who	
about the crucible hike, which we executed with Company on 9 May 2015.	
series that did the crucible hike with Co, raised her hand and said that it was frustra	
didn't do the things they had planned together, but while was talking	
her hand gesturing for to stop speaking. The stated that	
hear any complaints about the males not doing things as planned because it was her	
leadership's fault that things went the way they did. She told the Marines that	<u> </u>
to blame for the crucible hike because we were afraid to bring issues up with our ma	
vent on to say that she was tired of always being seen as the mean	
she's tired of always having to be the one to say something when things aren't right.	
the Marines that they have company leadership in place for a reason and that we ar	
because we aren't willing to speak on their behalf when there is any type of adversit	_
Marines that and I had an opportunity to address any issues about the o	•
the RTR brief, but we failed to do it therefore we failed them as a company.	then looked
at and told her to explain to the Marines how she failed them and told h	
to take accountability as a for the conduct of the hike.	
of the conductor the line.	chen began to

Respectfully Submitted



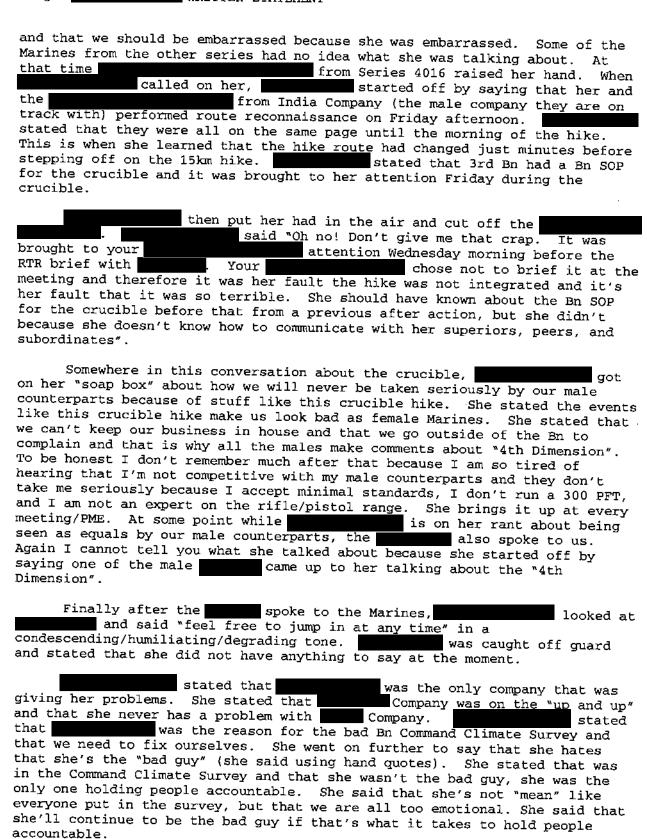
From:

UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS

FOURTH RECRUIT TRAINING BATTALION
RECRUIT TRAINING REGIMENT
MARINE CORPS RECRUIT DEPOT
P.O. BOX 16400
PARRIS ISLAND, SOUTH CAROLINA 29905-6400

5800 20 May 15

To: Investigating Officer
Subj: WRITTEN STATEMENT
I am making this statement freely, but with fear of reprisal. I am making this statement because it is the right thing to do.
On 11 May 2015, all Marines of Company had a meeting with the and in the Bn Conference room at 1730. At 1715, I walked to the Bn Conference room with the other for Company After role was taken the went to the Command Post to get
After all of the Marines were put at ease and told to take their seats, the started the meeting by saying that she was very disappointed with Company. She continued by saying that when she talks to us she usually tells us what a good job we're doing and that this is the first time that she has ever said that she was disappointed. Then asked the Marines if she has ever said she was disappointed with us before and one Marine stated "yes". got all defensive and in an intimidating tone said "REALLY? WHEN?" The Marine then stated no.
then continued on with the meeting by saying that we were all there because a Marine in Company requested mast because of the way that she had been treated while assigned to Company. She stated that all of us the room were at fault and that we needed to take a deep look to fix ourselves because it's unacceptable that a Marine requested mast for that and that it went to her and the She asked how many levels of leadership are between the Marine requesting mast and her, and There were to answers given in the room; two levels and three levels.
and that apparently failed because it was brought to her. She then went on to say that was removed from Company and placed in Company. She threatened that if anyone discussed the matter outside of the meeting they would personally come see her. Somewhere in the conversation one of the Marines had something to add. The Marine started off by saying "I feel" and got mad and cut the Marine off saying that feeling are not facts and that we only deal with facts. Stated that she did not want to hear "I feel" again. She then told everyone in the meeting that the land and why we were all sitting in the meeting.
The topic changed to the events of the previous weekend; the crucible. stated that this was the worse crucible hike she's ever seen



asked all the Marines in the meeting if they had any questions. Of course no one had any questions. She looked around and said

"of course not". Then she looked over at the said "No, Ma'am". Then she turned and looked at said and asked if she had anything and she shook her head no. It is then stated that she wanted to see in the front of all of the Marines of Papa Company.

After being dismissed, and I returned back to our office, followed to her office, and all of the enlisted Marines stayed in the conference room to have another meeting with the

Later in the week on Wednesday (13 May 2015) after the Molly Marine Ceremony, the and the had their class with the new Marines of Series. Marines from November Company stated that during this class for their new Marines they were told they did not deserve to be Marines and they did not earn it. So since I have never sat in the class, I decided to sit in the back of the class with my what words of wisdom the senior Marines of the Bn imparted on the new Marines. The started off by congratulating them on completing first phase of becoming a Marine.

Those would be the only words of encouragement that would be given to the new Marines.

video "Throw like a girl". The recruits were shown this video when they first arrived on FD-3 and then again during graduation week. She gave them several things to think about to set them up for the discussion that would follow the video.

The conversation about the video went well. It quickly went south when the first Marine fell asleep. Throughout the rest of the class, told them on numerous occasions that they are not competitive with their male counterparts because we have lower standards and that females accept them. She called out several groups based on performance. She asked all of the new Marines that had been in the delayed entry program longer than 4 months to stand. Of the individuals standing she asked the ones who ran faster than 23 minutes to sit down. The remaining new Marines were asked to explain why they did not perform better here at recruit training. After a few Marines answered her, went on to say that the gender disparity between males and females starts in the delayed entry program and that they need to take accountability for that.

then asked who ran faster than 21 minutes on the final PFT to stand. Only one Marine stood up. Then continued by saying that everyone who was not standing was just another example of why females will never been seen as equals by our male counterparts. She stated that their male counterparts see them as "weak and less of a Marine." Implying that even though they meet the minimum standards required of the Marine Corps they are still perceived as substandard. She asked all the Marines who could not do at least three pull-ups to stand up. She told them the same thing she told the ones who did not run a 300 PFT.

Then she asked all of the contract PFCs to stand. She asked all of the ones who ran faster than 23 minutes on the final PFT to sit down. To the ones who remained standing she told them that they were only given PFC for college/referrals and that their male counterparts would never take orders

from them because we have lower standards as females. While she was asking the new Marines about recruit training and the crucible, one of the new Marines stood up and stated that she believed that they performed well on the crucible hike back.

Stated that "believe" is a feeling not a fact and then asked, "Do you really think you did well on the hike back? Well I will tell you that you didn't. If you did not complete the entire hike, stand up. The new Marines stood up. She told the other Marines to take a look around.

Then she asked if the new Marines thought the crucible hike was supposed to be integrated. They all stated that they did not think it was supposed to be integrated. That is when told them that it was supposed to be integrated and that they were to finish alongside their male counterparts. She told them that they didn't finish with them and that the males see them as weak and undeserving to wear the eagle, globe, and anchor because the females finish so far behind them.

By that point there were five Marines standing in the back of the class because they had fallen asleep. This is when the and and hit on accountability and how all the Marines had failed because they were not policing after their own. The took this opportunity to talk about sexual assault in the Marine Corps. Stated if we policed after our own we would not have to spend the time that we used on sexual assault training on PT to close the gap with the males.

Eventually, tied everything together by referring back to the video. She told the new Marines that they were perpetuating the gender gap by accepting the standards set forth for females. She reiterated that it started in the delayed entry program and it was made worse here at recruit training and that is why males did not want females to be integrated into combat arms jobs. She took several questions from the new Marines and left the new Marines with their

I felt bad for the new Marines. While waiting for the for the class, I talked to the new Marines about being proud of being a Marine. I told them that they worked hard and should be proud of what they accomplished over the past 13 weeks. I talked to them about being held to a higher standard because they are Marines. Since the new Marines just returned from the Molly Marine Ceremony, I talked to them about taking pride in the fact that not only were they Marines, but they are female Marines and that they have a history. We talked about the many women who have paved the way before them and I also told them that they will pave the way for the female Marines who will follow in their footsteps.

The class is not what I expected to say the least. I thought the class was going to empower the new Marines. I thought they were going to congratulate them on completing Marine Boot Camp and give them words of wisdom to be successful when they get to MCT, MOS School, and eventually out to the fleet. I am glad that I sat in the class, because I would never believe that is what was discussed by and and and and are the class.

On Thursday (14 May 2015) Series had our End of Cycle debrief with the at 1330. The meeting went well and discussed several things with the team. After the meeting in my office several Marines wanted to know why it was okay for the to be on her cell phone the entire time. I told them that she was probably dealing

with battalion issues. Then one of the Marines stated that she saw the role her eyes on several occasions when was talking. The Marine stated that it was very unprofessional and that she felt the tension in the room between the room between the unprofessional behavior.

In summary, I have never been in a unit where the climate has been this low. Why do enlisted Marines and Company Grade Officers know that the doesn't like the Why do the enlisted Marines and Company Grade Officer know that the doesn't like the Why do companies in 4th Bn chase statistics? Why do Marines not want to come to work? Why are Marines afraid of reprisal? It's all because Marines have seen all of this with their own eyes over the last ten months. The Command Climate Survey has not improved the hostile work environment, but has seemed to make it worse.

_	2. DATE 150520
	I, make the following free and voluntary statement to whom know to be an Investigating Officer. I make this statement of my own free will and without any threats or promises extended to me. I fully understand this statement is given concerning my knowledge of the Command Climate.
I	have been part of 4 th En since July 31, 2014. I took over mid Aug 2015 and have been in the Marine Corps for years and months.
	I believe that the command climate of my company is great. My and I ensure that the Marines are taken care of and get the thing they need. We work together and are seen at several different training events to ensure the Marines are taken care and abiding by the RTO and the Recruits are doing the right training and being taught the proper instruction. We foster a "want to enjoy coming to work" environment even though it is like ground hogs day. We schedule quarterly company functions to include their family members to ensure they all know that they are part of our family and will take care of all of them.
	In regards to the Bn command climate I think that it has improved greatly since I have checked in. When I first got here the didn't work together as a Bn but they are now doing that. They help each other out within different companies to succeed as a Bn not just as their platcon or company. The command climate I don't think is as big a problem as may be said, it is the persona that is given by the that may condone the negative command climate. When I first got here at times would not give reply to salutes or proper greetings of the day to personnel that she had a personality conflict with or didn't like a certain Marine. I would do the right thing as a Marine and proper customs and courtesies as I should as a Marine because at the end of the day I can say I did the right thing. I preach this to my Marines as well so that they keep a positive attitude and am doing the right thing as a Marine. I personally don't have any problems with the state of the problems and attitude set the command climate. There are two incidents with that within the Bn that have been a problem and that I didn't really agree with. (PCS'd) and (retiring on who both left here on a bad notes due to
	The has acknowledged the 8999 concerns that the Marines have brought up to the with the issues they have with the in regards to the greetings and saluting. I can't say that she hasn't or that the bout the issues we have brought up to her because I am not in the office with her all much. You can't change leadership styles overnight.
	There was a town hall meeting on 150519 following a Bn formation for awards that the Company Commanders and lstSgt's were not allowed to be at. She later followed up and spologized for us not being present and identified some of the things that were covered.
	I think that there are good intentions and that the Bn is going in the right direction as you can tell in our stats. We have improved in all areas of recruit training with marksmanship being a big push and every the better of the Bn and the Marine Corps.

VOLUNTARY STATEMENT

	2. DATE
	20150520
I, make the following free and voluntary statement to whom I know to be an Investigating Officer. I make this statement of my own free will and without any threats or promises extended to me. I fully understand this statement is given concerning my knowledge of the command climate.	
The first months took took. I experient she gave no clear expectations and she was visibly frust approach, and the emotion that she brought into every continuous took.	nced negative interactions with her. Specifically, strated with me and my thought process. Her tone, conversation made me question if I had what it takes I often considered resigning my commission. I did or mentorship. I would make it a point of avoiding
all use each other for guidance and counsel in approach we would discuss an article or like our suggestions or our viewpoints she would change officer had to say.	issues within our Company and if the did not her mood and berate anything that "offending"
After my negative interactions with the I figured developed this mitigation technique, our relationship gour communication opened up. I cannot say that is true	of a lot better and she started to value my input and
The Battalion has moved in the right direction towards a Marines more competitive with their counterparts, and tintentions and wants to do well by all, but, her method intent.	of achieving those intentions takes away from her
The command climate, in my personal dealing with the evaluate her current mood and tailor interactions to mercommand climate is better than it was but the climate the emotions towards certain personnel and situations created	hat the sets through her demeanor, actions, and e a negative environment.
The recently had an all-hands meeting where myself, allowed to attend based on the request of the Marines for	, the other and were told we were not rom Company P however were able to attend.
With the training tempo that we have, the is supposed to be the individual to bring calm, structure, and guidance during chaotic times. Unfortunately, the only added stress to an already stressful situation. I believe that if the was to develop good interpersonal communications skills; maintain a professional demeanor despite her mood; minimize her immature response to others ideas and proposals; and start to mentor, develop, and counsel her subordinate commanders; the Battalion would be a force to reckon with. As it stands now, my analysis is that the Battalion has been successful in spite of the poor command climate created by the lack of her interpersonal communication skills and unpredictable mood.	

1. PLACE

VOLUNTARY STATEMENT

VOLUNTARY STATEMENT

1. PLACE
Parris Island, SC
2. DATE
20150521

I,	
this statement of my own free will and without any threats or promises extended. I make the following free and voluntary statement.	ake
I have been with this writ form.	
I have been with this unit for two years. Under the leadership of Commanders which I like. She is very demanding especially with the assistance.	
Commanders which I like. She is very demanding especially with the officers as she hold to March 1 of this year I was appointed as the	ab
after the last to do. From Januar	rу
the duties as a (my Series was on and and and and and and and and and an	
retiring in the series of operations and doing other requirement but was	;
retiring in the summer so she was not in the Company much. Also there was three Equal in the Bn. From the moment I her expectations and complaint the last t	•
her expectations and From the moment I	
Command climate and a second confidence in her and the second conf	
command climate which it was of the Company on her. She explained to me that she trusted that I was going to change it which I felt was unrealistic and the situation was unfair In the beginning of the company her know that or that it was unfair	ď
In the hogiestilly for not letting her know that on the situation was unfair	
CO. Things went for	}d
CO. Things went for a turn in the beginning of February after I was making one mistake fulfilling three billets and not really beginning as a	ıe
first was undergraphilets and not really having a	
chewing me out would sit down with me and go through the mistake and explain on how to incident where one of my development. During the crucible on February and the crucible of the mistakes and the crucible on February and the crucible of the crucible of the crucible on February and the crucible of the cruci	.
called me chewing a recruits	
of responsibility and that it to why I let this happen and that it	,
execution of the annual flow the recruits should execute the	a∫
execution of the event and that I was standing there when it occurred, I tried to walk not want to hear it. She proceeded to continue to say I still failed and	
not want to hear it. She proceeded to continue to say I still failed and made excuses. This is one negative thing about her when she gets angry at a situation she does not want On or about February 12th T. b.	
On or about not want	:
hazing. Concurrently during the End of Cycle debrief on the same day, it was discovered that there was other issues with the same platoon dealing with the incorrect.	
that there was other issues with the same platoon dealing with the incompetency of one of her lack of involvement.	
accountable as I should I got blamed for not holding the	
blamed for not changing the climate of the Company. She clearly stated this when she	
brought me in her office to talk about the Hazing Incident and informed me that she was occurring from my Series and with her perception of the Company.	
in a negative way belies and with her perception of the Company believe incidents	
two months or so (approx for a did not like and it	
and the Marines in her Series can attest to that (the day she would not say anything or would not salute back which were the greeting of Additionally, most of the	
the day she would not say anything or would not salute her or gave her the greeting of Additionally, most of the conversations we had with her they would turn into negative. We so. This is a trend that ghe of the conversation	
so. This is a trans of as a Company but we were not really given the into negative. We	
so. This is a trend that she shows, when a Company or Marine does something bad she will that Company which is where P Company is at now. It does not matter what when a that with	
that Company which is where P Company is at now. It does not matter what you do it will	

VOLUNTARY STATEMENT

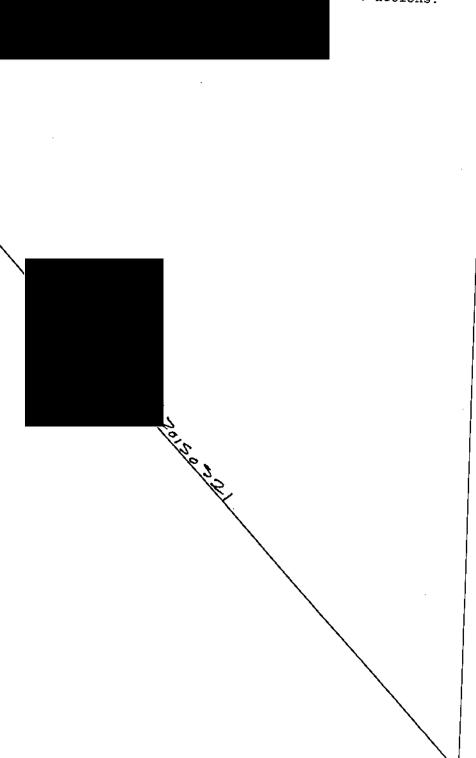
1. PLACE Parris Island, SC

2. DATE

20150521

still be negative.

Overall I have learned a lot from her when I make mistakes which I think it has been very critical for my development and she does a good job of doing a sort of after action so you learn. But she is very demanding which can take a toll. What I don't like is at times she does get emotional especially when she is mad and does not want to hear otherwise. Additionally the fact that she will hold a grudge on a Company or Marine until someone else does something wrong and it is clearly demonstrated through her actions.



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY VOLUNTARY STATEMENT

1. PLACE	——————————————————————————————————————	
2. DATE	4 th RTBN, MCRD, PISC	_
20150520		_
!		

I, make the following free and voluntary statement. I make this statement of my own free will and without any threats or promises extended to me.

I have been assigned to 4th RTBN since June 2013. T was a Company for 6 full cycles and took over March 2015. Over the past two years the "climate" of the Battalion has fluctuated. In my opinion, the Battalion is overall a very professional organization with high quality Marines who understand the institutional significance of their duties as Drill of making Marines.

During my tenure here, I have worked for 2 different different Battalion Commanders. I have seen different styles of leadership that are effective in their own right. I have never at any time felt abused, mistreated or happen to other Officers but have never seen or witnessed anything personally. Everything me or my Marines. I have made great accomplishments and complimentary mistakes from which I have been held accountable for in manners I felt were fair and appropriate. I have been manner that encourages growth and learning and creates pride from successes. The Command has always shown genuine care and concern for myself and every manner that would discourage me from reporting any violations, mistreatments or they were being treated unfair, demeaned or lived in a negative environment due to the

In my own opinion, the Battalion has grown tremendously in the past year due to some internal changes to various processes that have created transparency, allowed for development with the input of the Marines, more integration with the males and improved scores in training statistics. I do not think any of these successes could have been exactly what I think the Battalion is.



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY **VOLUNTARY STATEMENT**

4th RTBN, MCRD, PISC 2. DATE

20150520
own free will and without any threats or promises of Company 4 th RTBN as the have never observed anything being said or done ithin this command by our from 1/03 to 1/06 where I had a professional we served in different companies as a y inspirational, encouraging and supportive Marine Corps and I am humbled and honored to There has been hearsay of the verseen or been associated with any matters and my welfare seem to be a priority for my
training, mentoring, supervision and guidance I am a firm believer concerning her intent and the has never instructed anyone to do something my, fair and consistent with all Marines and my opinions, recommendations and guidance and ive measures, mitigation tools to resolve and honored to serve as provided me with the security of my family and ave nothing further to report pertaining to this

OATH
I,
I ALSO SWEAR (OR AFFIRM) THAT I HAVE READ THIS STATEMENT, OR HAVE HAD IT READ TO ME, AND THAT IT IS MY OWN. I HAVE INITIALED ALL CORRECTIONS AND THE BOTTOM OF EACH PAGE CONTAINING MY STATEMENT.
SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN BEFORE ME THIS DATE:
STATEMET
I served as the until September 2014 before assuming my current billet as In my capacity as the I knew many of the officers assigned to 4thBn, especially the immediate I also knew the officers are assigned as the Regimental Duty Officer for RTR, a duty I and for over two years. Since assuming my billet in I have had conversations with the and two concerning the command climate at 4thBn. In each conversation, I was careful not to interfere with or circumvent the chain of command but did listen and provide some advice when asked. Additionally I never sought to discuss climate issues with these officers. They either solicited my advice or offered to discuss the cmd climate when asked what was wrong by me because of their visibly fatigued appearance.
My first conversation occurred not long after assuming my position at was working with my supply section completing her quarterly CMR (Approx Nov and Dec). I saw her in the office and she asked if I had a couple of minutes to talk in private. Immediately upon centering my office, she became very emotional and began to tell me that she feels as though she can do nothing right when dealing with stated that the command climate in the battalion was extremely low due to relationship. I advised her to talk to the current and she departed after approximately a half hour a couple of other times subsequent to the above about the

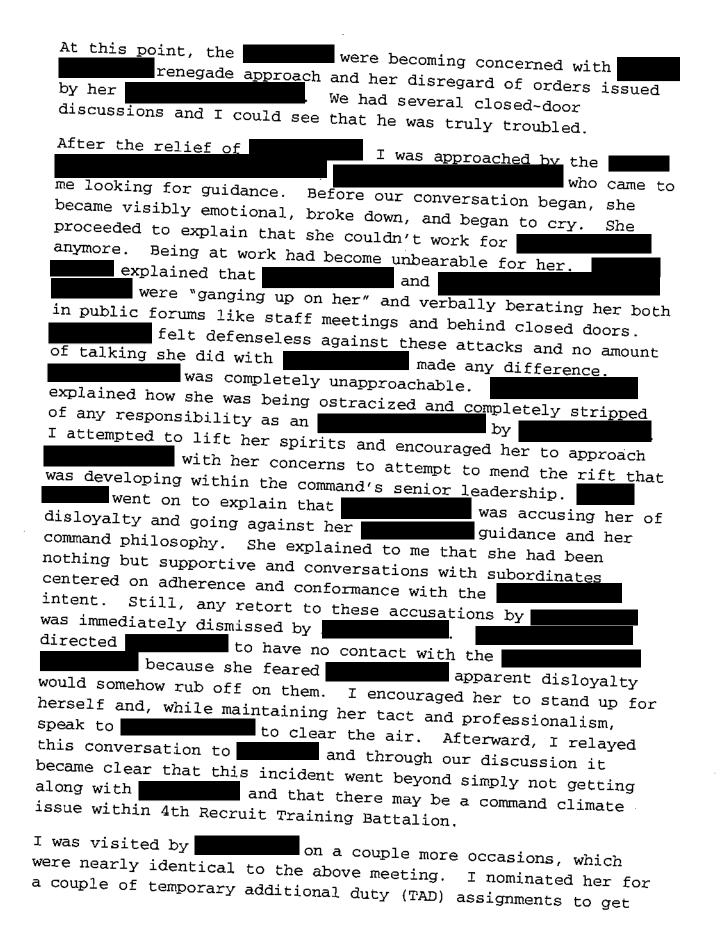
command climate and was told things were not improving and the only relief was her upcoming in 4thBn, contacted me via email in January wanting some guidance and perspective outside the chain of command. She came to my officer later that day and became very emotional as soon as she entered my office. She stated that she was and she was really not sure why. She further stated that her time in command was challenging as she was berated by afforded the opportunity to explain events that had occurred within her often and was never what my advice was concerning the stained relationship with her and relief. I advised her to take a couple days leave as she was very emotional and I did not want her to make an emotionally charged decision. I also recommended and advised that she had the right to speak with her reviewing officer, concerning her experience in the battalion. Having served for a year I told her he in an utmost professional and one of the finest Marine Officers I know. She stated she would speak to him and departed after spending approximately a half hour in my office. A couple of days later, she sent me a copy of her and her rebuttal for review. I did not provide guidance/input on her rebuttal. In March, I was assigned as an to 4thBn. For the conduct of my investigation, I was required to interview numerous recruits for assigned to company. I have known assigned as the and she was a member of a subordinate battalion. When I had lost substantial weight and looked exhausted. I asked if she was OK and she began to tear up and said she was not. I entered her office and she explained that she felt as though she can do nothing right in the eyes of She said the relationship had become strained in recent months and she feared relief or FitRep that would impact her career. She stated that when trying to explain actions or ie, would cut her off and berate the decision. I asked if she spoke and she did but there is nothing she can do. counting the days to and put this behind her. I spent approximately 20 minutes with and departed to conduct the recruit interviews. The common thread in all three conversations was the negative climate with in the command. I mentioned my conservations with and if I called about my contact with to I cannot recall I served as the for approx. 3 months when was in command. During that period, there was an incident that caused me concern. I was contacted around late August by asking why RTR, specifically 4th Bn, was not adhering to the Recruit Training Order (RTO) directing the use of Company Duty Officers (CDOs). I told the inspector that I was not aware 4th Bn was no longer in compliance and that I would look into the issue. I called at 4th Bn and she confirmed the Bn was no longer using CDOs, instead having the Bn cover the duty by order of violation of the signed RTO and that only the can authorize changes to his order. I notified who was not aware of the change and tried to work corrective action at my level. I again about the issue suggesting she talk to establishing the CDO as ordered. informed me that the reason for the change entitled a shortage of officers/SNCOs to stand the duty and better efficiency having the duty covered by the OOD. I explained this may be true but it is incumbent upon the battalion to brief a problem

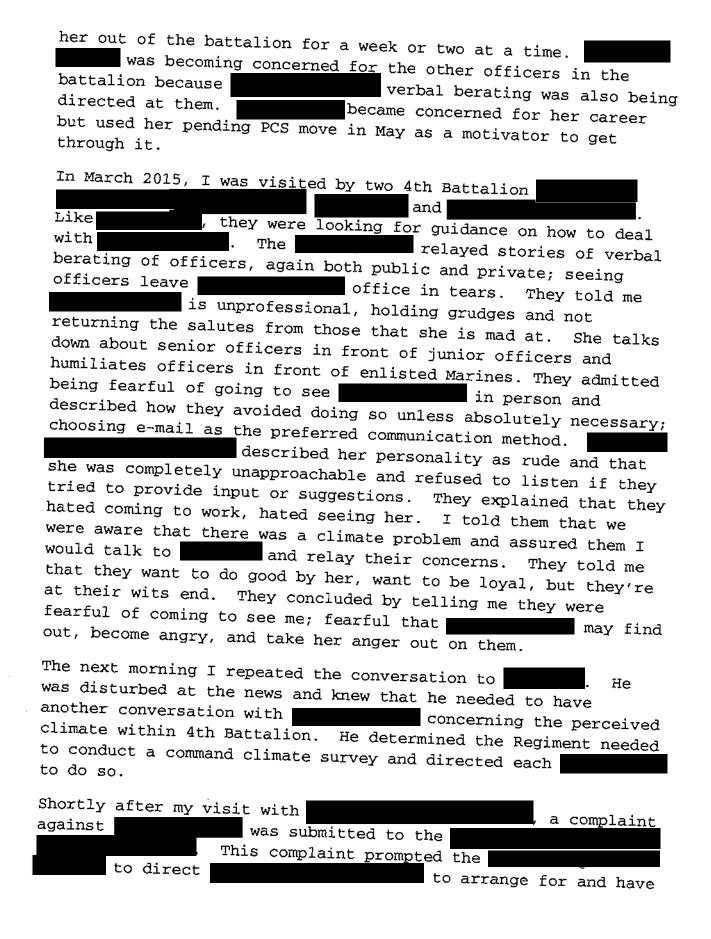
and corrective action when that action will violate a standing order. I further explained that only the can amend his order. stated she understood and would talk to informed me that was briefed and her addressed the issue directly with
What concerned me about the CDO change was the either lack of understanding or complete disregard of a standing order that directs all rct training signed by a

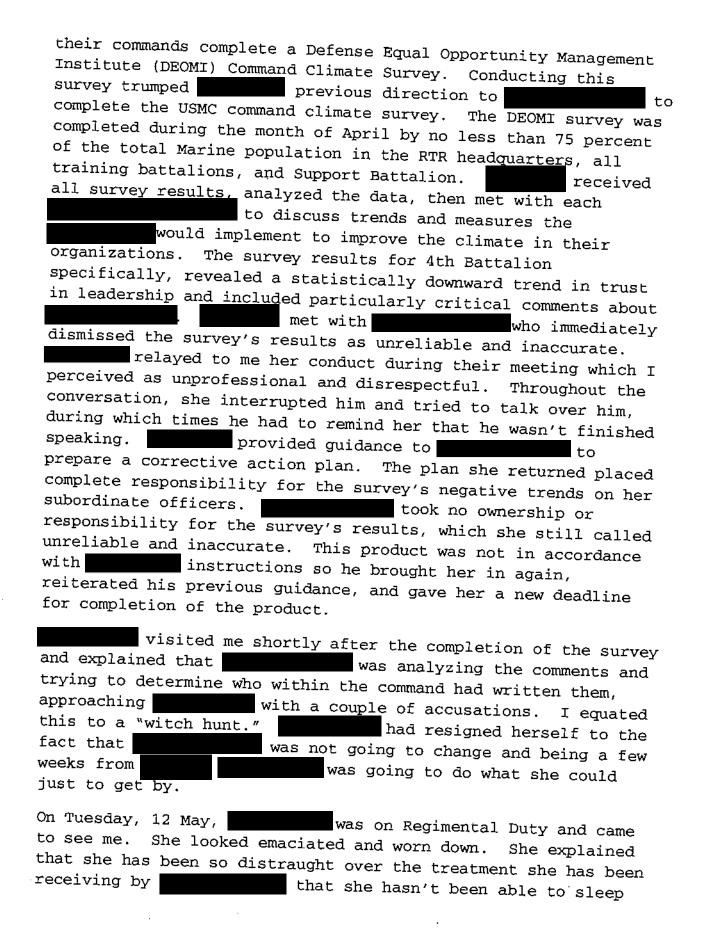


Statement of This statement is being drafted of my own free will and at the request of who has been appointed to investigate allegations levied against of 4th Recruit Training Battalion. I currently hold the billet of of the , the of the 4th, all other and to include work directly | Τ of the Because of this relationship, I have access to information that others may not have. I have held this Billet since I first met in July 2014 when I held the billet of I stopped by her office on a Saturday morning prior to the pickup of one of her companies that I was there to observe. She came across cold and unfriendly and our conversation was brief because I didn't feel at all welcome. I observed the pickup and didn't think much more about it. When I assumed my current bille \underline{t} , I was forewarned by some of my peers concerning personality. Being new to the billet, I took the comments in stride but decided I would have plenty of opportunity to form my own opinions. As my time in this billet progressed, it became apparent that my first impression of was pretty much spot on. Our relationship was professional. We spoke when necessary, but otherwise didn't interact too much. Over items of contention, she would become very defensive and unapproachable when confronted with the most minor of issues and very rudely explain why she was right and I was wrong. 4th Battalion was short staffed on officers so much of our interaction dealt with working to fill her battalion's shortfalls. In October 2014, while working with the I was sent a copy of an e-mail that the had sent to requesting officers be sent to her, while also explaining

that her higher headquarters was doing nothing to support her. This took me and by surprise since 4th Battalion's officer staffing was one of our top priorities. part of the higher headquarters, was personally and professionally appalled at the comment and requested that I ask not to jump the chain of command directly to as had done. spoke to her about this. In November, I was made aware of another e-mail in which was, for lack of a better term, "counseling" the of Recruiting_Station about how he should do his job. had been an and she took it upon herself to inform this officer of the shortcomings she perceived, his flawed operation of his , and offered her assistance for him to be an effective . It should be noted that recruiting falls under the Eastern Recruiting Region which is a separate and distinct Command from the Recruit Depot. took great exception to this breech of protocol and professionalism and asked for his assistance in preventing any further interactions of this sort with his RS | . This was the first instance I was aware of where where formally counseled on her lack of tact and abrasive approach to dealing with people. I was told her demeanor in the discussion was very defensive, argumentative, and she would not accept the logic or merit of counsel. In December 2014 and early January 2015, aware that were made was displeased with the performance of one of her making plans to relieve gives his commanders great freedom to run their commands and there was no exception with 4th Recruit Training Battalion. Relieving a is a delicate and potentially career-ending endeavor so wanted it handled appropriately for the good of the command and the good of the officer involved. He directed to adhere to a specific timeline he had established with regard to the relief of disobeyed this order and relieved the officer anyway, going against what had directed. This resulted in another formal counseling by the which was received in much the same way as the previous counseling.







and can't keep any food down. Her spirit was clearly broken and
she had been told for so long how poor an officer and
she had been told for so long how poor an officer and she was, that she was actually
she was, that she was actually starting to believe it. She had
and she explained the manner of
tardiness was because had just finish a
AQM = AAA = I
company. During her address
full blame for the negative results of the command climate
and the negative results of the command climate
survey on the Marines in the company and publicly admonished
in front of how Marie
in front of her Marines. This event was conveyed to
on Thursday, 14 May The same at the same a
point that brought this incident
and the and an investigation
initiated.

.

Respectfully,



UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS

FOURTH RECRUIT TRAINING BATTALION
RECRUIT TRAINING REGIMENT
MARINE CORPS RECRUIT DEPOT
P.O. BOX 16400
PARRIS ISLAND, SOUTH CAROLINA 29905-6400

1M REPLY REPER TO: 5800 4 BN, 21 May 15

To:		USMC
Subj:	Requested statement	•
2.	I am writing this statement ab on Monday, May 11, 2015 with to what the meeting was about when honestly I wasn't sure what it room. I honestly get motivated talk about any issue she is partially share similar interest. The one was asked specific issues. I felt as if like she was the one who the matter with helping Marines understant to conflict resolutions and all peers. The conflict resolutions and all peers. The conflict resolutions and all this help Lower Deck have a succession that that conversation should have so when we had this meeting togeth own meeting. We usually have so when we had this meeting togeth opinion the has great into delivery is very different and she always talks about accountable but it shouldn't stop at just to About two months ago, I noticed with Recruit Training. Our compathings are not going good even or act any certain way towards favorite of the BN to the marine to know us, and a lot of Marine who is usually very outgoing an troops are doing well also. So showed everyone that there was tried our best to make sure she takes such good care of us. When the mever acted and the peer acted a	I wasn't sure en we first entered the office, and quite t was about when we left the conference if when I hear the assionate about, because I feel she and I ally thing that made things weird was when it embarrassed her because it seemed the assionate about. The main topics I got the was some issues we need to resolve the avenues of approach when it comes to saked what did she do or not do to ful hike home from the Crucible. I feel thave stayed with the eparate meeting with certain issues, so ther I was taken back a little. In my tentions on the ideas she wants, but the comes off very rude to certain people. The enlisted Marines. If that the enlisted Marines I was going on with her we the enlisted Marines I that the enlis
3. (leader I needed her to be. When Other than the Company meeting a interaction between the Bn Staff	Thave nover some mentally strongest.
	Staff:	

On 20150511 we were told that we were having a company meeting due to the wanting to address the company due to a Marine Requesting Mast. When we entered the room we were told from that she was disappointed in us because she wants to talk to us about positive things but here she is with this issue. She told us not to say anything negative about and be professional and allow her the opportunity to be succeeded it was us and if she failed it was due to the Marines stopped talking and the conversation shifted to the crucible hike and the in my perception belittled and berated in my perception belittled and berated in my perception belittled and berated in the presence of Junior Marines. She stated that the crucible hike was a disaster and that the Marines looked bad, and we fueled the fire of the stigma of being a distraction and that we need to be prepared to come to the table and be ready to hash out differences with our peers regardless to if they are male or female. If it was left at that then it would have been okay but she then asked how did the issue get there, why wasn't it briefed to RTR, why are the leaders not bringing things to the table, how do we expect to be heard without a voice, and then she asked when they aren't saying anything. She said leaders have to make no excuses and be prepared to be aggressive and not just accept everything that is told to us. She said that people needed to be more involved and if they couldn't handle problems then bring it up. This one way conversation went on for a long time then was told to go to her office and stand by and they left out the room and we were talked to by our was told to go to her office and stand by and they left out the room and we were talked to by our was told to go to her office and stand by and they left out the room and we were talked to by our was told to go to her office and stand by and they left out the room and we were talked to by our was told to go to her office and stand by and they left out the room and we were talked to by our was told	
conversation went on for a long time then the way told to problems then bring it up. This one way	
what was said at that point but if she got cut off and wasn't allowed to talk and her opinion wasn't valid in front of us I know the conversation without we proceed to talk and her opinion	
make them look bad and lose face value in the presence of their Marines you are trying to	
moment and we should not of known about that incidence or anything in that situation because they should of addressed that the day it happened and in the debrief I.d. that is the debrief I.d. that I.d. the debrief I.d. the debrief I.d. that I.d. the debrief I.d. the I.d. the I.d. th	
that was discussed maybe 5 minutes if even that long in all actuality. I think the officers here are	
charge and makes them feel bad which hinders the work relationship them is it	
stigma of fourth battalion to remain relevant on a day to day base.	



UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS

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RECRUIT TRAINING REGIMENT
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P.O. BOX 16400
PARRIS ISLAND, SOUTH CAROLINA 29905-6400

5800 4 BN/ 20 May 15

From:		
To:		USMC

Subj: Requested statement

- I am writing this statement freely but, with fear of reprisal company was told to have a meeting with the May 2015. After, all the troops where gathered in the battalion conference room. The conversation started out on how a Marine had requested mast and there was nothing wrong with that. Then she wanted to know if we understood what we should use prior to request mast and I said yes ma'am the IRS (informal resolution system). She then said something along the lines of yes and once it fails she will get involved and make a decision. Then asked if I disagreed and I said "yes because the company level had made decisions and personnel moves" and the Marine in question wouldn't stop until she got what she wanted. During this time it was mentioned that we obviously had a command climate issue due to how terrible the results were from the survey. Since taking this survey the battalion command climate has only continued to get worse. In my opinion the battalion leadership is now reacting and attempting to do damage control. The intent is not bad but the manner in which they are attempting to address issues brought up is unprofessional and demeaning.
- 2. The conversation quickly turned to what an embarrassment our crucible hike was over the weekend with India Company. I believe this was a very inappropriate place to have this conversation with an audience of NCOs, SNCOs, and Officers in the same room. In the middle of the meeting became very frustrated and told in a sarcastic and demeaning tone that she "could step in at any time, it was her company." I voiced my opinion that my company had gone through the proper logistical planning with India company personnel. Her response was that maybe the had, but it was wasn't prepared when she sat down at the table with India Company and RTR. It was said numerous times that we had earned our place at the table but, should be ready to fight when stated that have asked the hard questions during the brief to RTR because the knew it was going to be a catastrophe but, was tired of being made out to be the "mean" person according to her command climate survey results. At this point I felt that the meeting was completely inappropriate and unprofessional. This negatively affected credibility in front of her entirecompany since because we were all in the room. The conversation went on to how we allowed 3^{rd} battalion to write a policy letter stating that they would hike 30 meters either in front or behind 4^{th} battalion. The policy letter only addressed hikes with 4th Battalion due to the integration only affecting our battalion. Since males would never be on track with each other I did not feel like this singled us out. During the crucible hike home and

where told on multiple occasions to go and fix the issues with a hand thrown in there face. This was done in front of drill instructors and recruits. At one point at AS-26 made mention about the safety vehicle being in between the companies and put her hand up and said "I don't want to hear it we allowed this to happen."

- 3. There is a class given to the new Marines from the training day 68. This class is one that I feel would be a positive note as it's the last time these young Marines will be addressed prior to departing the island. However, I recently sat in the back of one of these classes after I heard scuttlebutt that it was a very negative and demeaning class. The class began with the new Marines being shown the video "Throw like a Girl" then asked what their opinion of the video was. If one of the new Marines said something that the disagreed with and they were quickly shot down and told they were wrong, despite it being an opinionated question. Then she went on to ask questions of how many where in the delayed entry program (DEP) more than more 4 months to stand, of the new Marines that stood up she then said if you ran less then 23:00 min on your final PFT sit down. The rest that were standing where then singled out as to how they didn't push themselves to their max capacity. She asked them how many times they would pt in the DEP program then asked them if they gave 100% every time or if they sometimes didn't. When a new Marine said "she didn't always demand of herself to give 100%" she was then told by the BnCo that she started showing her male counterparts right there in the DEP program that she was held to a different standard. They were then asked to stand if they were contract PFCs again asking the new Marines that stood up follow on questions about getting 3 pull-ups and running less then 23:00 to sit down. The ones that remained standing, again where told how they couldn't lead their male counter parts in the fleet. And, it would show when they arrived at Marine Combat Training (MCT) and ran there PFT with the males beside them. Then they talked about how 4^{th} Battalion promotes more contracts PFC than any other battalion yet we consistently preform to a lower standard then other battalions. However, this is a Marine Corps problem since they write the contract PFC promotions not the drill instructors or the new Marines. I honestly felt as though they were being chastised over things that were out of their control during this class such as promotions. She also asked them "if they knew it was to be an integrated hike?" The Marines said "no". She then asked them "if they felt accomplished after the hike?" One Marine stood up and said "yes", but basically told her that they shouldn't feel accomplished since they didn't finish with their male counterparts. The only positive statement that I can recall was when she congratulated the new Marines on completing the first step in becoming a Marine. As for my
- be torn down the way she has been. I have known her since she was a here in 2013. She has gone from a very happy outgoing officer to an officer that is constantly walking on egg shells.

Subj: Subj: Requested statement

is nothing, but dedicated to her Marines and their welfare. She is very involved in every event of the recruit training and She is actively doing coverages for her them some time to their families or just just to give



UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS

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RECRUIT TRAINING REGIMENT
MARINE CORPS RECRUIT DEPOT
PO BOX 16400
PARRIS ISLAND, SOUTH CAROLINA 29905-6400

1000 4BCN 21 May 15

From:				•
To:		Investigat	ing Officer	
Subj: THE NE	VOLUNTARY STATEMENT R W MARINES OF	REGARDING COMPANY		CLASS GIVEN TO
Class v		mile mile	Once the class was o	-
Globe a asked a Marines do pull actuall instructhem th progress worked doing so Corps so raise on in front of our a	rered during the class rated and felt like the had told and Anchor and that the about their run times is told and set to the trained. She all tors did not demand or at they did the bare made to ensure that the control of these Marines hard to ensure that the control of the set on of the the trained at the control of the set of the trained and the trained to ensure that the control of the trained and the trained are single one of the trained and the trained are trained as trained as the trained are trained as the t	The new Mey should not the new Marey did not depth they the nat our male less told our them and thought-out ney could mee them earned them carned them carned them carned them them them them them them them them	farines addressed that so to be Marines because drines that they were given because the serve it. The new Marines and that more counterparts get demarance Marines that we askney did not get trained their I observed training. Every single the Marine Corps stand the title. They all the title I of they all the that we will train the more than we will train the more than the weight that we will train the serve of the training.	ent and what they were uring the class wen the Eagle, rines were also the new most could not aded on and s their drill d. She told the e one of them andard. In met the Marine tructor Pledge em to the best
spoke to mentione command our debr myself, issue wi that she sees not	o my new Marines. The ded to me. The issue was and even the dief with the line the conference of the her she said that a thinks that hing wrong with it	y told her t as also addr room to spea she sits thr	and our k with us. When we broomgh those classes all class is very informa	y and also y had he chain of he cycle after pulled ought up the the time and
training and mento trained l away nave fail And the time tange to	The DI's role is to or, and to be totally Marine. On April 15, credibility as a in my recommendation in the of the rifle range.	lead by excimmersed in 2015 ruits' eyes were not to	4 pg. 1-6. The DI is drock upon which we bas ample as a teacher, sch the process of making and also the creating our new Markained the right way. occurred earlier in tracame to check on the drill	se recruit colar, leader, a basically took edibility of ines that we aining during

went over to give the count on deck. She asked how the recruits were doing and we told her they were doing well. She then brought up our trial training recruit and asked if we had given her the benefit of the doubt. Then the conversation went south and she brought up how November Company is the bottom of pole company and everyone else has to pick up our slack and that whatever we are doing for trial training is not working. When I asked what was it that the other companies were doing that we were not doing her reply to me was "Are you questioning my integrity do I need to pull the statistics." My intentions were never to question integrity but to ask what it is that the other companies are doing so we can get on the same board with them. Another incident that occurred was at the rifle range with the visited us she was leaving and when After our gave her the greeting of the day the without saying anything back in front of all the junior Marines. The first thing recruits learn here is customs and courtesies and rank structure from us. And that day our r displayed a lack of leadership and military bearing in front of her own junior Marines I have also witnessed our lose her bearing multiple times in front of myself and other junior Marines yelling at my and my . Throughout my observation with our have witnessed her lacking emotional stability and tacc around her junior Marines during battalion formations and PMEs. Prior to working as a, I have worked with many great officers Colonel on down and I have never witnessed anyone of my leadership yell at officers in front of myself or in front of any other junior Marines.



UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS

FOURTH RECRUIT TRAINING BATTALION
RECRUIT TRAINING REGIMENT
MARINE CORPS RECRUIT DEPOT
PO BOX 16400
PARRIS ISLAND, SOUTH CAROLINA 29905~6400

1000 4BCN 22 May 15

From:		
To:		

Investigating Officer

Subj: VOLUNTARY STATEMENT REGARDING ...

1.I am making a statement voluntary however, I am afraid that there will be reaction from the chain of command. I am saying this because there was a Marine that did Request Mast and has spoken up about the command and the command tried to hold her number by calling Headquarters Marine Corps.

that I believe is very unprofessional. She single out a new Marine from November Company about her hair however, she did ask why to the Marine instead she decided to embarrassed the new Marine in front of her platoon and the chain of command of November company. As a leader of Marines you should not be quick to judge but be quick to help where the junior Marine comes up short. Through the week the Marine continued to be questioned about her hair even up until the night before she graduated by the enlisted personal. This is not something that we do as Marines we do not abuse our rank to embarrass someone and not show them how to fix the issue. As Marines we are professional, leaders, and humble. A new Marine that comes to Parris Island to become a Marine should not have to endure or be treated the way she did. There is a difference between a one the spot correction and embarrassing someone just because you can.

Seconding there is a class that the Marines to say congratulations on their hard work and what they will have to endure next. Instead she brought a video in about "like a girl" and it was about how stereotypes of girls. Then she shows how we as females are not meeting the standards of our counterpart. She said if you are not running 23 or less pft that the drill instructors failed you and you failed yourself because we are behind them instead of being up front. I do not agree because some people are great in other areas and not just pt. The Marine Corps has a standard and it is there for a reason. We do not have the authority to make our own orders and standards. Instant willing obedience of all order is what we raised our right hand and swore to. She also said that they did not earn their rank they go it just going to college. She also told the Marines that failed them. I believe that is very unprofessional and not true. There are different seasons of recruits some are smart, some are not as smart and some is just strong but you cannot expect that every group of recruits are the same. I would over 140 in a week and I do not like when someone especially someone in my on command to say I do not work hard and I failed my new Marines. I was hurt and upset. I was also very anger once I was told that in some of the classes the in sitting in on the give up a lot to make classes that the would give. Marines and we sacrifice our families, marriages, kids and health. A is a perfect stranger we give up everything for someone who we don't know and put everything at risk over and over again just to make a United States Marine.



This is my statement concerning the interview that took

Place on 20 May 2015 at 1830. Since my arrival on

leadership including the

and has been helpful during my

returned to understanding leaders. I have months due to

or treat any morines unfairly. I have felt welcomed since my arrival.



4th Battalion Post DEOMI Action Plan







Two key areas of focus:

culture, achieving high standards and company commander in changing the Enforcing the roles of the series commander Conflict resolution at the small unit leader level



Conflict Resolution



- and reinforce small unit leadership skills resolution at the lowest echelons of the command will reduce friction way to the Battalion level as problems to solve. Focusing on conflict disciplinary or personnel issues that should not have made it all the Purpose: Many of the issues addressed in the survey are related to
- Message: We have to practice what we teach to our recruits,
- The "preferred method" to problem solving
- "Emphasizes personal responsibility to act as a role model of personal behavior and take action to confront inappropriate behavior.
- Emphasizes facts based vs emotions based decisions
- (mediation via chain of command). Requires direct (confronting individual) or indirect approach





Conflict Resolution



- According to our curriculum, "an effective chain of command:
- Acts as a cohesive, harmonized team
- Communicates clear messages
- Upholds and models our Core Values
- understanding" Creates strong bonds of trust, confidence, respect, and
- Corps No different than what is expected anywhere else in the Marine



Conflict Resolution



- Process driven by senior drill instructors, chief drill instructors, and series commanders
- Series commanders must own the process and the results
- Enforced by the company commander
- chain of command Will require constant communication and involvement by the entire



Method



- previously scheduled All Hands 19 May We will discuss small unit leadership and informal resolution at the
- expectation for informal resolution skill employment Series/company commanders will be briefed on the immediate
- Will be expected to provide training to their Marines no later than 31 July
- career progression board process their small unit leadership and informal resolution skills as part of the Candidates for senior and chief drill instructor will be evaluated on
- We will reevaluate in a follow on survey in another 90 days



Series/Company Commander Roles



- resillency indicates a lack of understanding of their roles and the importance of Purpose: Many of the concerns and complaints in the survey are related to how officers perceive themselves to be mistreated, which
- chances of success due to clarity in the message and speedy conflict resolution. Command climate starts with them. increase morale, improve transparency, and improve each team's Message: Accountability and ownership of series/company will
- problems rather than lingering grudges) Tied directly to informal resolution process (swift resolution to
- No different than what is expected of officers anywhere else



Method



- We will continue to use seminars, planning briefs for the pick up, rifle range, and Crucible to educate the officers on their leadership roles
- real responsibilities and obligations to their Marines and recruits We will continue to stress that series and company commanders have
- Results matter (both tangible and intangible)
- Not simply figure heads or safety officers
- Facts are required, not emotions
- established to achieve success Requires pre-planning with clearly defined endstate and metrics
- Supervision throughout
- Requires knowing Marines inside and out (engaged leadership)
- Employment of resources early
- are not willing to accept the mindset that there is an officer chain of command and an enlisted chain of command Requires strong officers who consult with their senior enlisted but
- We will reevaluate in a follow on survey in another 90 days

From: Sent: To: Subject:	Wednesday, June 03, 2015 23:23 Statement
Good Evening Sir,	
Below is my Statement	
enlistment member or an about September 2014 I yelling at a recruit for tall did so in front of the recruit on the color of the property of the the property and Marines where she will make a cooffice and was counseling	has made a correction to either are being corrected out in the rifle range during grass week because back. If it is corrected the proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The proceeded to correct me in front of the recruits and Marines. The pr
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Summary	of	Interview	with	
		THEST ATEM	M T CII	

3 June 2015

Question: How many times have you seen openly display her negative feelings toward others?

Answer: Weekly. At just about every staff meeting and probably once per week outside of that.

Answer: She told us was failing. She scolded for failing because of heat casualties.

Answer: During open forums with she would get confrontational with anyone who voiced an opinion she disagreed with.

Answer: If I treated my Marines the way she has treated many of her officers, I would have a horrible command climate.

Question: Is there a fear of reprisal in the unit?

Answer: Yes, because of the way was fired. Because of her personality conflicts many people in the battalion feel holds grudges.

Summary of Interview with
4 June 2015 .
Question: How many times have you seen control openly display openly display
Answer: I've personally seen talk down to recruits 4 to formally during PT events.
Question: Do you have any specific examples:
Answer: During the Crucible event for Series was already upset because the hike didn't go well. She stayed in the back of the formation, instead of the front where she should be, and yelled at the five or so recruits who fell behind. Rather than cheering them on, the made rude comments, saying things like "Is this how you want males to see you?" and "You are not proving you should be Marines!"
Answer: Then afterward at the EGA ceremony for the recruits, we were formed up and saluted her and she completely ignored. She was already upset with her because the hike wasn't as integrated with the male battalion as it should have been.
Answer: And she clearly can't stand After-action brief on around 13 or 14 May, she never looked at him or said a word. She was on her blackberry the entire time. This is a common occurrence. Two of asked me afterward why so much.
Question: As been openly hostile to you? Can you provide an example?
Answer: Yes. The worst was probably around the 17th or 18 of February during a pick up brief. I had previously had a problem with that got into a fight so was upset about that and wanted to know what I was going to do this series to prevent problems and the meeting and when I explained that I had given my expectations to snapped back "I don't give a shit about your expectations, what are you doing to set her up for success? She became agitated that I didn't know all the answers to her questions, like where her port calls were with the MEU and when. What is their communication plan? How would they communicate? How often would they communicate. It was clear she that

she was upset. I finally just started saying "I don't know ma'am," and she would respond, "of course not!"

At some point she stopped the meeting and ordered me into her office. When we got in her office she was very angry and yelled at me for being incompetent for a long time. I just shut down and tuned most of it out but she did say "You are a piece of crap, or shit (can't remember) and do not deserve to be a Marine Corps Officer." She also said "I don't know where you came from but you probably didn't do them any favors either!"

After the meeting apologized for the I honestly wanted to resign my commission right there and I asked how to do it. She told me that leadership comes in many forms and to try and take something positive from it.

Later that week, I think on the 19th of February, during a rehearsal for our introduction to our new recruits, I almost walked into one of saw this and yelled office." In that meeting she went on and on about how screwed up I was. She kicked me out of the office and continued to yell at

Question: Do you fear reprisal?

Answer: Yes. Because she always brings this stuff up! She's always talking about how we make her look bad and talk about her. She brings up the survey results and says things like "people can stuff in the survey but not to my face. She brings up us talking about her outside the battalion all of the time saying things like we "make her look bad."

Question: What do you feel position on sexual assault

Answer: We had an officer PME in January and brought up sexual assault. She said things like sexual assault is 100% preventable, and by drinking you are putting yourself in the position to be sexually assaulted. She says that "just because you are drinking and have sex does not necessarily mean its sexual assault." At this point it became uncomfortable in the room. Honestly, if I were sexually assaulted, I wouldn't go to She'd probably blame me.

Summary of Interview with

2 June 2015

Question: How often have you witnessed display unprofessional behavior that you describe in your statement?

Answer: A handful of times. The first 9 months were very unpredictable and she had very personal issues with people.

Answer: This created a very bad atmosphere in the office.

Encl (34)

Documents are being withheld in their entirety pursuant to FOIA exemptions (5 U.S.C. 552(b)(6)), which protects personnel, medical, or similar file the release of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, and (5 U.S.C. 552(b)(7c)), the release of which could reasonably be expected to disclose an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

STATEMENT BY

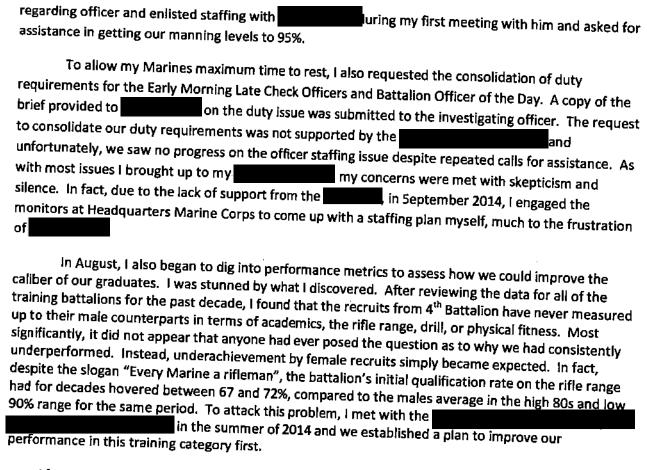
In March and May 2014, I conducted turnover with Throughout our conversations, she stated many times that this was a "weird" place and that she was so paranoid about the unit and the conduct and complaints of the Marines that she had considered the installation of cameras in the battalion headquarters spaces to determine if the Marines were going into her office and looking at confidential documents like investigations. She said that the culture of the battalion was one in which inappropriate relationships between officers and enlisted Marines and recruits were commonplace, and in which the conduct of the female Marines was anything but normal. She stated point blank that trying to change the culture had become her number one priority and that she had not felt that she had talked to the battalion enough as the
As a result of her feedback and the input of many others, I came in to this job knowing the risks associated with trying to normalize the in order to raise performance and conduct standards. I was committed to spending as much time as possible every day observing my Marines training recruits. My had also made it clear to me that many of the stereotypes about a battalion of all women were real and had persisted on the Depot for some time. I had already had and I was determined to use the hard won lessons I had learned during that tour to both better take care and develop my Marines and take care of the Institution by employing all of the leadership tools at my disposal. I was also aware that in order to improve the caliber of female Marine we graduate, we also needed to focus on improving the performance of the drill instructors through the development of defined metrics for success and a clear career progression plan to ensure only the most competent Marines were placed in leadership billets. I was convinced that the could change the perception of women in the Marine Corps and culture in the battalion by setting the example, holding ourselves accountable first, and being firm but fair.
Based on several investigations from 2014 regarding drill instructor and recruit abuse, one of the first things I did to change the culture of the battalion was conduct a mandatory PME with all of our Marines focused on the similarities between the treatment of prisoners at Abu Ghraib and the maltreatment of drill instructors and recruits in our battalion. A copy of this brief was provided to the investigating officer. I also took the opportunity to brief every single Marine on my command philosophy in order to build confidence, accountability, and pride in our battalion. My goal was to ensure that the drill instructors understood that I expected them to treat each other and our recruits as human beings first and foremost, which would require a greater deal of empathy at every echelon of the command. Some of the Marines, to include N Company Marines, interpreted this as me being soft on the recruits, and rejected the change. The supreme irony in this is that even when we were abusing recruits because it was normal, their graduation stats were well below those of their male counterparts.
Shortly after I arrived, I also conducted a DEOMI command climate survey and briefed the Marines on the results during our first quarter all hands PME. was just checking into the command at the time, but we agreed that we needed to solicit the Marines for their feedback and then brief them on all of the mechanisms had or planned to put into place to fix the issues in the survey. A copy of the PowerPoint presentation was provided to the investigating officer.

Our goal for the PME was to address the Marines' concerns and reduce the amount of disharmony and lack of trust in the command. Our perspective was that nothing would get better in the battalion if we did not openly discuss our issues and problems, and that communication needed to be improved at every level of the command. As demonstrated by the 2014 survey and feedback from Marines who had previously been assigned to the battalion, trust had clearly been an issue for the only all-female unit in the Marine Corps for years.

and I believed that constant communication and the early identification of risks and potential solutions at the lowest levels of the chain of command would be paramount to our success as a command. As a result, we actively sought to push authority and responsibility down to the company and series officers to the greatest extent possible, with mixed results. I also actively engaged the to try to get relief from the most important issue influencing the Marines of the battalion- namely personnel staffing levels.

When I first took command, we averaged 8 drill instructors and one officer getting pregnant per year, and we also had a total of seven drill instructors working in the S-1 and S-4 but still drawing special duty assignment (SDA) pay. These Marines had been diagnosed with mental health and stress issues but had not been processed for good of the service relief, causing significant friction in the rest of the battalion. As a result of the number of ineffective drill instructors in the command, the vast majority of our teams were three hat teams. This was a cause of great concern due to the operational tempo, implications on rest, and the duty requirements for the series and battalion. To improve our manning level, I stopped the SDA pay for the ineffective Marines and then processed them for good of the service reliefs. My hope was that this would focus the rest of our Marines on doing the job which they were sent here to do and reduce friction. We also implemented yoga classes, which I have been paying for out of pocket, to give the Marines a chance during the week to break away and rest. Of note, since stopping the SDA pay and processing these Marines for relief, we have not had to process another Marine for a good of the service relief. However, despite appealing to the growth for assistance in the development of a proposed policy regarding pregnant drill instructors, we have not received any support. As a result of the continued lack of a pregnancy policy, we now have five ineffective pregnant drill instructors on our rolls, three of whom returned to us from quota either already pregnant or planning to get pregnant despite the fact that they each had substantial time remaining on their tours on the drill field.

Significantly, none of our companies had Executive Officers and there were zero inbound officers projected for the command. Previous to my arrival, several of the had been assigned to various billets throughout the Depot, despite the fact that we were already undermanned in the battalion. According to the battalion had "given up" these to fill external billets because they were not considered to be good had an approach with which I disagreed. My perspective was that someone at the should have identified the adverse impact such a shortage would have on the battalion and should not have allowed the battalion to bear such a disproportional share of the quota billet burden. I also believed that the should also have emphasized the responsibility of the commander to train and mentor those officers in order to improve their performance rather than shuffling them off elsewhere. I addressed my concerns



After teaming up with our primary marksmanship instructors, we began to see progress on the range, but to further our goals in the other categories, our second quarter PME included a comparison of stats for all of the battalions spanning 10 years. We spent a great deal of time discussing why changes to how we train were important and what it would mean to the Marines and their graduates. My earnest hope was that in making stronger, faster, smarter Marines, we would reduce female stereotypes and gender bias both on the Depot and in the Marine Corps and better prepare our graduates for the challenges associated with the future integration of most, if not all, combat arms specialties. I was absolutely convinced that this was possible and that the Marines would buy off on the need for improvement and the plan to get there. I also stressed that I expected each series commander to play a greater leadership role in the achievement of performance improvement within their teams. Consequently, in the past 11 months, we have seen significant improvement across every single category except drill, which is an indication that most of the Marines believe in what we are doing. Not surprisingly, the series with strong officers in charge who believe in why change is necessary have seen the greatest results, resulting in our initial qualification rate on the range reaching just under 91% in less than a year. Those who are disgruntled continue to see their series achieve stats below the Regimental averages as evidenced by until the arrival of the

Over the past year, I also focused on ensuring my expectations for the performance and conduct of my officers were clearly defined and articulated. We established a bimonthly PME schedule for the company commanders along with quarterly team building events and I counseled them every 90 days on their performance (good and not so good). We also implemented a quarterly officer seminar program. I

made a point of seeing and talking to	
offices to talk and providing them with my sales to	every single day, stopping by their r so they would be aware of when I planned to be at
their training events. I have consistently made even discussions, even when they are uncomfortable with	30 they would be aware of when I planned to he at
discussions, even when they are uncomfortable wit decisions they had not previously been given the la	ly effort to engage my officers in open and honest
decisions they had not are uncomfortable wit	h the topic. I have also forced them to make
decisions they had not previously been given the late	titude to make. This has been beneficial in all
development of officers like	the seem benefitial in the
	and
Others, like	
and	
communication and feedback I have the	rejected this type of
their performance from their sought to	apply all of the leadership tools available to improve
their performance, from trying to motivate them, se public, scolding them, having one on one discussion	nding them cards to say good job, praising them in
public, scolding them, having one on one discussions had not done something I told them they needed to	s about leadership topics, and at times when it
had not done something I told them they needed to have to say the same thing over and over and there	do, counseling them. The better live is the
have to say the same thing over and over and there	do, counseling them. The bottom line is that if I is no change in behavior, continuing to use the same
tone or say the same thing would be the very definit available to me to influence their performance. Unfo	ion of inspite and it less than in the same
available to me to influence their po-for-	ion of insanity, which is why I tried to use every tool
available to me to influence their performance. Unfo these individuals have never been called into question end of cycle debriefs with the	artunately, the leadership and training results of
end of cycle dehriefs with the	in by anyone outside of the battalion, even during
A and a control of the file	·
Instead while loads oth as	
Instead, while leading 4 th BN to tangibly improve challenged and oftentimes undermined by recalcitrates	ed performance over the past year. I have be
challenged and oftentimes undermined by recalcitrar at the Regiment. As stated in my request mast, despite	it Marines within the hattalian and should
at the Regiment. As stated in my request mast, despited assist in the improvement of our personnel situation.	ite many pleas for support from the leadership
assist in the improvement of our personnel situation fatigue to recruit abuse), and the resolution of mainte	(which affects avanthing it all the Regiment to
fatigue to recruit abuse), and the resolution of maintee of my peers, I have not received timely assistance. In	enance issues a verything in the battalion from
of my peers, I have not received timely assistance	ance issues, and gender bias problems with one
command and ensure good order and discipline in my and Like all Marine	ract, since June of last year, my ability to
	VALISHOD DAS COncictomali, Lagaria
Officers Carry 101	· COIDS UIIILS, 4 HATTAIION had a windth
and have experienced at 15	med exceptionally well. Others, namely those in
significant challenges with my	t from the first day I arrived at the command. Her
behavior, perceived as comical by some, was inconsist checked in. For instance, during one of the battalion of	ent and unwesternis
checked in. For instance, during one of the battalion of	ome and driprofessional almost from the first day I
to the recruits was "If you could be any animal what	nimarider inspections, her knowledge question
stated that she did not see anything wrong with the	vould you be?" When questioned about it, she
stated that she did not see anything wrong with the quedemeanor and lack of good communications skills, the	estion. In fact, due to her "loose cannon"
visits to the Denot for her fine a	would not assign her as an escort for
visits to the Depot for her first six months on the job.	
Duningalas	
During the first six months of my command, i held	many conversations with
honest feedback to them on how they could improve a	ad solicited at the first and leadership. I provided
honest feedback to them on how they could improve a about their results and performance. As events would	nd solicited them for their thoughts and opinions
elend would	UNION OVER THE BEYT IN Months (A.M
who felt slighted by main and spearnea	ided an effort to band together with other
who felt slighted by me in order to discredit my actions in November,	readership. Even when confronted with
Writing her a letter of an	continued to undermine my credibility by
writing her a letter of recommendation to be the knowledge.	vithout my
wienke	without my

Through their words, actions, and omissions, the malcontents within my unit have been empowered to foment dissent as demonstrated by the very pointed and similar comments about me in the recent DEOMI survey. sole focus on their complaints in exclusion to the broader facts, his complete disregard of the accomplishments and motivation of the rest of my Marines, and his back door communications with those who seek sympathy from him have solidified in their minds that they have been mistreated, as opposed to simply having been held accountable for their actions. This has resulted in a climate where female Marines who seek out complain that the battalion leadership is mean are treated with kid gloves (feelings vs facts). This is most pronounced in my officers and senior enlisted, whom I do hold to a higher standard for leadership, taking care of and knowing their Marines, and meeting high expectations for the performance of their Marines and recruits. The irony is that everything we are doing to improve the credibility of our Marines and recruits is focused on ensuring we earn equality in treatment rather than perpetuating the double standard of demanding equality but not being able to measure up to our counterparts. This type of behavior has been typical of 4th Battalion for a very long time, and I was cautioned even before I got here that I needed to "watch my back." I found this insulting at the time, but now I know that I should have paid more heed to the warning. My intention has always been to improve the climate in our battalion through open communication and the provision of timely, fact based positive and negative feedback to the Marines. As indicated by the four page battalion goal document provided to the investigating officer, taken considerable action since we checked into the command to improve the lives and performance of our recruits and Marines. Throughout the first 11 months of my command, we held regular PME sessions with all hands, and implemented investigation debriefs for those teams, series, and companies involved. I even debriefed after relieving the to explain why I had made that decision and ensure they were aware that I felt wholly responsible for her failure. The goal was to improve the transparency in the battalion, ensure the Marines were aware of why decisions had been made regarding significant events, and discuss how to prevent future problems. We also mandated the attendance of a Marine from each company at every nonjudicial punishment to prevent rumors about what transpired and why. We sought to reduce drama by relying on facts and not emotions when making decisions. To reinforce the command philosophy, every single time I got in front of the Marines, whether during new join briefs, investigation debriefs, PME, or the request mast debrief with P Company 11 May, I always started the conversation with the fact that I understand that I am accountable for everything we do or fail to do. I believed that by establishing that fact right up front I would be setting the example and my Marines would be more willing to participate in honest dialogue regarding our deficiencies and how we could improve. Ironically, the sole purpose of the Company request mast debrief was to prevent any retaliation against or continued mistreatment of When I met with her 8 May 2015, she disclosed to me that she felt that she had been demeaned and mistreated by Marines in the company. About three weeks prior, she had pulled me aside during recruit PT to tell me she was having trouble adapting to her At that point, I told her what she was feeling was common, and that we would do everything we could to train her as long as she kept her head in the game and had a thick skin. I then and requested that she specifically keep an eye on ensure she was handling stress appropriately and was being trained and mentored by her instructor. Since she had a new I also emphasized to importance of empathy being demonstrated by the A short time later, was and was for which she felt the Marines in her series blamed her.

During her request mast a few weeks later, was stated that she did not feel that was doing anything to train her or ensure she was BDR qualified. She mentioned that her senior was never around, that her was often in the office, and that she did not feel that she could trust the por leadership to address her issues. She stated that she also felt she had been targeted by the Marines in the series and labeled as weak simply because she had asked for help and had been placed on the series and labeled as weak simply because she had asked for help where she is now excelling. As previously discussed, the tendency in the battalion for years had been to haze new drill instructors and I knew that the would continue to be mistreated unless I stated publicly to the entire company that such conduct is unacceptable and not in keeping with the command philosophy. I wanted to ensure the Marines in Company all understood that every one of us, starting with me, down to the company staff and series teams, had a responsibility to better support and train During the debrief, I mentioned the command climate as a way to reinforce the point that we all need to do a better job of practicing what we teach the recruits- namely using small unit leadership and informal conflict resolution skills to solve problems at the lowest level. My main point was that by the time an issue came to my attention, I had a leadership obligation to try to solve the problem, but that 99% of our issues should and could be resolved at the lower echelons of the chain of command.
Informal conflict resolution was something that struggled with since they took their positions and was an area that great lengths to address. The leadership was present during the debrief and was given the opportunity to comment, but they said nothing. The request mast debrief was never intended as a form of retaliation or reprisal against the company. As previously discussed, we had been doing this type of debrief to reduce rumors and drama in the battalion for a full year. Since this was the first request mast that I had heard at my level, I believed there would be a benefit to the Marines to discuss what had occurred and make it clear that I would not accept any future mistreatment of the Marine who made the complaint. Unfortunately by that point, had already heavily influenced characterization of my leadership, which affected both how she perceived my comments during the debrief and my previous recommendations to improve her performance. The fact that received an end of tour Navy and Marine Corps Commendation Medal (drafted in despite having problems in her company should support the fact that I didn't categorize her performance solely by those problems, nor did I use her complaints against me as a reason to discredit her accomplishments as a large and large the successful completion of her tour. Finally, she received a solid fitness report for her performance as which she and I reviewed together prior to
The command climate survey was also a topic of conversation during an all hands event several days later. At the request of several Marines from Company in April, we had scheduled an all hands for the middle of May. At the time, and and state of the middle of May. At the time, and and state of the middle of May. At the time, and and state of the middle of May. At the time, and and state of the middle of May. At the time, and and state of the middle of May. At the time, and and state of the middle of May. At the time, and and scheduled an all hands stated that they did not want the company leadership present because they wanted to be able to talk to alone. During the all hands, which followed our monthly awards formation, we discussed the command climate survey with the sole purpose of fostering an understanding that we absolutely must do a better job of small unit leadership and informal problem resolution. Marines from every company, to include the Headquarters, were present. Due to complaints in the DEOMI survey about Marines with jeopardy (6105s or NJP) who had been board selected to fill senior and chief drill instructor billets, we discussed the fact that at some point, every single Marine in the room will screw something up, and that we need to be better about second chances. I even used my own story about

being picked up for given as a way to reinforce this point. Had I not been given a second chance, I would not have been allowed to join the Marine Corps. The Marines were given the opportunity to ask questions, which we answered. Throughout the forum, we also discussed the need treat each other better, since we continue to have new Marines feel that they are not being welcomed to their teams or properly trained. Finally, we talked about the fact that the battalion is under a great deal of scrutiny right now because of the DEOMI survey. I mentioned that it was such a serious issue that I could be relieved as a result of the negative comments. My intention was to provide honest and open feedback to the Marines and reiterate the importance of communication and problem resolution at the lowest levels of the command, not to use the survey as a brow beating tool. In fact, I find it difficult to understand how I can positively address issues related to trust in the battalion if without reference to the very survey others are using to judge my leadership and our climate. Since we had conducted PMEs with the Marines last year on the results of the last survey without any blowback, I did not believe I would be wrong for discussing the results of this year's survey, even if I didn't believe that the survey to be completely valid. Following the all hands, I emailed a summary of the discussion points to	
I would like to point out that it is no coincidence that, despite being my largest company, does not have personnel problems. They have a strong, cohesive team who work closely with their Marines, talk through significant issues, and apply solutions and resources before problems spin out of control. It is extremely proactive in keeping me abreast of issues and applies reason and good judgment when determining courses of action. As a result, the Marines in the feel that their leadership cares about them and their families and they each have a vested interest the continued success of the company. Their Marines have not had any substantiated RTO violations this year, nor have they had to take any judicial or administrative actions as a result of misconduct. In morale is consistently high despite being the largest company with the most challenging operational tempo. My relationships with those Marines, from the land down, have been shaped by their proven performance, trustworthiness, and demonstrated results. The same cannot be said for some of the Marines in land.	-
Companies and have struggled over the past year, largely due to the failure of the company staffs to anticipate issues and apply resources early to solve personnel problems. I consider this to be nothing more than engaged leadership-leadership we would expect anywhere else in the Marine Corps. and I have focused on mentoring the staff and sin order to improve their performance, accountability, and leadership skills. However, we have routinely had to intervene into what normally would be company business because of the leadership's failure to resolve problems at their level or ask for help. When swere forced to intervene, we were consistently decisive and firm. In the end, I relieved for reasons detailed in the supporting documents provided to the investigation officer. For Company, the tendency of the her decisions when asked questions, coupled with the tendency of the Marines who needed help as weak, necessitated our direct involvement. The "suck it up" mentality and the failure by and and staff and to apply solutions and resources early to assist their Marines caused numerous problems over the past year.	
The most serious of these issues was when one of the was shown also for a week for alcohol abuse and stated that the Marines on her team were aware that she was having problems but had done little to nothing to help. Throughout the past 11 months, the company consistently failed to	

ensure that new drill instructors were being properly assimilated into the company and were trained as part of a well-defined and closely supervised progression process (as in the case of Routine screening of the counseling entries made in the drill instructor jackets by consistently indicated a lack of supervision and mentorship by the senior leadership in the company- this despite the fact that the officers of the battalion had received training 13 March 2015 on engaged listening, "mean girl" behavior and how to prevent it, expectations for their involvement in the counseling process, and finally, how to influence performance and behavior during the first series/company commander seminar.
Change for some can be difficult and anticipated some complaints from the ranks as we tried to steer the battalion into new territory. However, I never imagined that such complaints would be automatically presumed to be true without any scrutiny of the facts simply because individuals at believe me to be lacking in "playground skills", as stated by My firm belief is that the opened the door for complaints about my leadership in November 2014 when they did nothing to address a rogue and her investigation into the treatment of my officers while she was serving in an acting capacity. Because nothing was done at the to back me up and curb this type of inappropriate behavior by it essentially allowed my officers to feel that they were justified in feeling slighted or mistreated. There was never any consideration of facts or attempt to delay judgment until my side of the story could be heard. No matter how much documentation I had to factually substantiate deficiencies and the actions I had taken to correct them, no one ever considered that anything other than what was reported by those individuals could be anything other than true.
I often wonder how different things in the battalion would be if at the time, been told by the that her actions had been completely inappropriate. I am not aware of any other unit in the Marine Corps where such conduct would be considered acceptable. Instead, my leadership has constantly been called into question, allowing Marines to excuse their lack of results by saying I mistreat them. Unfortunately, these Marines feel entitled to seek out the complain that the battalion leadership is "mean" (feelings vs facts) or unfair and are then treated with kid gloves by the complaint that the battalion leadership is "mean" (feelings vs facts) or unfair and are then treated with kid gloves by the complaint that the battalion leadership is "mean" (feelings vs facts) or unfair and are then treated with kid gloves by the complaint that the battalion leadership is "mean" (feelings vs facts) or unfair and are then treated with kid gloves by the complaint that the battalion leadership is "mean" (feelings vs facts) or unfair and are then treated with kid gloves by the complaint that the battalion leadership is "mean" (feelings vs facts) or unfair and are then treated with kid gloves by the complaint that the battalion leadership is "mean" (feelings vs facts) or unfair and are then treated with kid gloves by the complaint that the focus is the performance of their Marines and recruits. Without any factual information, the Regiment has consistently sided with the complainers and undermined my credibility. As stated in my request mast, the irony in this situation is that everything we are doing to improve the credibility of our Marines and recruits is focused on ensuring we earn equality in treatment. Instead, we continue to perpetuate the double standard of demanding equality but not measuring up to our counterparts as demonstrated by decades of training statistics here on the Depot. Rather than the focus being on reinforcing our efforts to strengthen the Institution by making our female Marines smarter, stronger, faster, and m
A success story in the battalion's effort to ensure only the most competent officers are assigned to company command billets is that of Company. Following my relief of the previous the company was in complete disarray. In the past year, the have been the subjects of more investigations and substantiated allegations of recruit abuse than the two other training companies combined. Their performance stats have all consistently been below the Regimental averages, the morale of the company was extremely low, and the relationship between the

th va to	f command. Unformings we have according in the Institution Regardless of the try to strengthen	tunately, through the control of the call berand the call berand the call berand the call berand	when leaders gh this entire hose Marines the are trying to this investigat	ship decisions a process, the for who have rise o make.	ne success of the are reinforced a cous has shifted an to the occasi	heir drill instr at every level I away from t ion because ti	the good hey see the	1
Qı	uestions regarding	this statement	can be addre	essed to	di Marines and		ors, at	
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						·		

Encl (36)

Documents are being withheld in their entirety pursuant to FOIA exemption (5 U.S.C. 552(b)(5)), which protects privileged inter-agency or intra-agency memorandum or letter.

I, and writing this statement in regards to the command climate that came out a few
months ago. I came back off quota to 4thbn January 2014, during the time that I was back in
Company we had as our state of things were great at that time at he worth
don't know why or when became the black sheep of the Battalion. I do however
remember who was the new got fired because the
had lost faith and confidence in her abilities to lead our company. I know this because
moment it wasn't right that she did that. In my opinion it was unprofessional and it was completely
humiliating towards all the Marines in the company felt the same way as I did. After
got fired we were without a for several months and was acting
during that time things kept getting worse everything we did was wrong or pover good about he pover
that was when I realized I was working in a hostile work onvironment
There were days that I didn't want to come to work anymore because everything that was said to us was
We deal with enough things so when we are getting negativity from the
righter echelon (CP) it can only last so long until people start not to care. The following are examples of
things that have happened to me personally with the line March, had
while she was out I was on one occasion I attended a meeting where
our he got asked about an AC issue that we had in our squadbays, he was told to postify
the situation immediately the tone that was used and the way that
way I was looked at by a when I 1st walked the catwalks of 4thbn as a new hat she gave mo a look of
disgust. Later that day I was bringing a letter of rebuttal from one of my Marine to give to
when I walked in the CP was wasn't there. was in her office. I said even a second seco
ma'am do you know where She looked at me looked around her office and said "Do Llook like
Trillow where she is. In a very rude tone. I said Ave Ma'am and moved from the front of her office she
then proceeded to talk to who was in her office at the time and started saving rude things
about the and at that point I walked out because I didn't want to hear her continue to be upprofessional
and disrespectful in regards to me. When I went to speak to a second about the situation, she told the
and later was pretty much told not to take things personal and that we can't move an
immovable mountain. At that point I had pretty much lost all respect for the Chain of command there
Another situation that happen was at the rifle range the went out there and spoke to my
and labout trial training and telling us how Company uses trial training for the wrong reasons
of that we over use it. I was upset because she was attacking on us on something (trial training) which
gets brought up to the Co Cmdr by the series team on recruits who are not progressing with their peers
instead of talking to the Co Cmdr or series Cmdr, and approached us in a hostile manner
while SNR was standing a few feet away from us and when asked who were all these
supposedly recruits who have been on trial training from Co, because at the time that was
only our second trial training recruit that cycle. got upset and asked if she was
questioning her integrity. I looked at an and she just shut down at that point and said no ma'am.
The last personal incident that I had with was on the day of prequalification on table 1.
got out of her golfcart without she is usually alone rarely comes with the
to events. A SSgt from Hotel company gave her the appropriate greeting of the day and she
didn't respond back just walked by him as if he was nonexistent, she has done that on several different
occasions where she doesn't acknowledge Marines back when they salute or give an appropriate
greeting. As she approached me I gave her a report, she then started asking me questions about the
recruits and how they were shooting. Eventually she got upset because I was short on my answers with
her and that's because I was just being professional and not really wanting to say much to her because
she always gets upset and I don't understand what she wants to hear so she continues by saying that she is tired of walking on egg shells around Co and that she is not the problem, it is her
she is tired of walking on egg shells around Co and that she is not the problem, it is her

appropriate a last time that won't ever for commercial of upset about to hear it from they told me stats were so companies has 300 PFT's who wasn't good ethem over the who told us stand that they belittled and companies that I has the last couple for 67 days. was a work command Phil witnessed and a big one write this state	who was our new to tell her what I was at way that I was at who was our new to tell her what had had was being disrecpectful before when I supposedly didn't give her an had I was being disrecpectful before when I supposedly didn't give her an had then told me not to worry about it. That was the ever really said anything to me about the series. On Wednesday April 15th I get that day, when we started the couldn't even tell me she wanted me hat the new Marines were told during the brief she couldn't even tell me she wanted me hat then and so I did. Those Marines told me multiple things that disturbed and upset me, then and so I did. Those Marines told me multiple things that disturbed and upset me, that their eagle, globe and anchors were just given to them they didn't earn it. That their norrible that they brought the whole battalions average down and now the other it to pick up our slack. She asked who ran under 21 mins on the final PFT, we had about 4 in the Marine who ran 20:30 stood up she asked her if she ran a male 18:00 flat and that it nough. So she pretty much destroyed everything that we as such as a second of training. Once I was done hearing what they were telling me I told my what happened after that she was an an all spoke to see it always there in those briefs and that those Marines were not told anything out of line has been who was the when we started the cycle, had who was the who was the when we started the cycle, had who was the who was the when we started the cycle, had who was the was taken from us and no one even talked to us about it, the one senior enlisted Marine that was taken from us and no one even talked to us about it, that's how they treated a 20 yr we suppose to get treated when a senior enlisted Marine got treated like that. In the 13 e been in the MC I have never witness or experienced this type of behavior from a beach of months at fourth 8n were worse than as a brand new being on lights have really talks about hazing and customs and courtesies yet the unprofessionalism that I
	Rocewed via ema 5 Jone 2015



UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS

4th RECTRUIT TRAINING BATTALION
MARINE CORPS RECRUIT DEPOT
P.O. BOX 17001
PARRIS ISLAND, SOUTH CAROLINA 29905-7001

IN REPLY REFER TO 1900

From: 4th Recruit Training Battalion, Recruit SC To: Investigating Officer
Subj: Official Statement in Regards to Command Investigation
1. I have held the billet of the Recruit Training Battalion since 27 August 2012. At 4 th Recruit Training Battalion I am a member of the Leadership of Lea
2. During a Battalion staff meeting, I recount an incident involving where my subject matter expert knowledge was questioned directly in front of my peers and subordinates. This is the first incident in which I felt uncomfortable providing information to the in a public setting.
3. On 10 March 2015, there was an exchange of conversation during an end of cycle brief between myself and
3. The incidences that occurred during the end of cycle brief and the post-meeting were never discussed between and I. As a result, I have felt uncomfortable in the work place. It has affected my involvement and interactions at Battalion functions, in particular, those which require that I provide information to individuals present. I sought counsel from peers, my civilian supervisor and a peer of due to how negatively influenced the above incidences affected me personally and professionally.
4. If you require any additional information or would like me to elaborate on any of my remarks, please don't hesitate to contact me at or my or my

Summary of Interviews with Marines of Question: What did you feel was the tone and message of the End of Cycle class with the

- The tone was very intense. We need to work harder.
- Agreed with that "males will not respect you unless you meet male standards."

- "Your male counter-parts won't respect you unless you meet male standards."

- PT-wise we need to improve ourselves; know yourself and seek self-improvement.
- I was asked to stand up for falling out of the crucible hike. "Some people were upset about being asked to stand up but I wasn't."
- "We all thought we were going in for a positive talk but ended up getting scolded for an hour."
- The point of the class was to seek self-improvement.
- She did have people stand up and it was embarrassing for people that fell out of the hike.
- The tone was very intense. I felt motivated to strive to be better.
- Did not feel like singled people out.
- She tried to motivate them to be better and not settle for being mediocre. $\dot{}$

Question: What was

was the only one who had any recollection of words on sexual assault and said

"We shouldn't cry wolf. If you make a mistake and sleep with someone, don't cry rape."

Does not remember the class and has nothing to say.

Does not recall what the message or intent of the

was.

Amar. Ama

Summary of Interviews with Marines of

Question: What did you feel the purpose and tone of the End of Cycle class with the was?

- We thought the purpose of the meeting was supposed to be motivational.
- It was not motivational. "None of us felt good about it afterwards." We felt like we earned the title and she [basically told us that we weren't good enough.
- "She said we weren't as good as the males on PT and we didn't shoot as good either." She left all of us doubting ourselves.
- The class was supposed to be on female Marines and how female Marines are expected to behave. It ended up being a class on "how we are looked down on by our male counterparts."
- Felt like she was looked down upon and that was wrong.
- The tone was not very supportive. We had just gotten done with the crucible and the had brought us down off that high.
- $\ ^{\circ}$ I do feel like the point of the class was to be tougher and stronger."
- She [was calling out the DIs and that was not fair. She said the DIs were not motivating us enough or pushing us hard enough. She made little comments like "if you didn't do enough pullups or run fast enough, your DIs didn't push you hard enough."
- I felt we had the best DIs and we were pushed and motivated. I felt like we're better, faster and stronger. We are emotionally and mentally improved because of our DIs.
- The said that we need to compete better with males. I knew "we had to brush it off because males do view us as weaker."
- "I like to compete with males but she [was talking to us in a negative way."
- Many of the Marines were offended and took it personally.

- I thought the class was supposed to be about how to conduct yourself as a Marine.
- The class turned into "how we're never going to be as strong as males."
- $\mbox{-}$ Most of us thought the class was negative. Afterward some girls were crying.
- We were disappointed because we had not earned the title and the made us feel like we had not earned it.
- When someone fell asleep, she [said that we had no discipline and that "You're DIs have failed you." It was definitely a negative tone.
- After the class some girls told , and told us later in the barracks that "You are my Marines." She told us she was very proud of us and that "in my eyes you have earned that title." She also told us not to take the comments to heart.
- "No offense Sir, but this was only the second time I met my and it meant more to me to hear my DI say she was proud of us than to hear my say we suck."
- I don't know what the purpose of the class was, I only know that the was upset.
- The tone was not good. I was pulled out of the class because I had to have lunch with the but from what I did get out of it, it was negative.
- I was not there long enough to hear much of anything else.

was the only Marine of the group to recall any comments on sexual assault

There were comments made about rape and that sometimes females put themselves in that situation.

used words to the effect "going out drinking and putting yourself in the position of being raped. If you go out and get raped don't complain because you put yourself in that situation"

Whom Interview 20

These words were not exact, but the "message was very clear "



UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS

4 RECRUIT TRAINING BATTALION
RECRUIT TRAINING REGIMENT
MARINE CORPS RECRUIT DEPOT
P.D. BOX 16001
PARRIS ISLAND, SC 29905

3 June 2015

MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

Subj: COMMAND CLIMATE IN THE CASE OF 4TH RECRUIT TRAINING BATTALION

1. The following statement is in regards to the command climate at 4th Recruit Training Battalion. I make this statement of my own free will and

without any threats or promises extended to me.
2. Identifying information submitted: Rank: Name: Unit: Company O, 4th Recruit Training Battalion, Parris Island, SC TOS: Five months
very positive. The fosters an environment that encourages informed decisions based on the best available evidence and is supportive of positive change in the battalion, where each small unit leader knows that their for her Company Commanders to emulate and pass on to their Series Commanders. It that still harbor resentments against distrusting of any leadership because of it.
4. The point of contact in this matter is at

From:	
Sent:	Friday, December 19, 2014 6:53
To:	2014 6:53
Subject:	MFR
Signed By:	
On 18 December, I determine	ed that it would be to use
position as	ed that it would be in the best interest of the Command to remove from her
improve their company comp	nand climate, resulting in reassignments of several personnel, to include
and	From months of first hand oversion and its land oversion and its l
there were significant probler	ms with messaging and the leader that
Were contrary	to the government of the decisions made by
considered the merit of their	recommend it
Course of potion of	ssed a problem and potential solutions with her to the time she made a decision, the
documented in her	stically. She also seemed to have issues with her to the time she made a decision, the
did.	and I provided her several resources to ensure she could find assistance, which she says she
vviien i first hecamo /	Olumpa afala y
The Purchasing States and it	BYAKIA DI
job and lead people. She state	ed that she wanted to quit and that she was extremely unhappy. She said that she hated or
Tarris island and had hever wa	inted to be a second that she hated
THE POSITION AT	IUI 4IN Kattalion Of nets at
the depot. Rather than allowing	ng hosts start and the lact trial sile did not have the most experience or time and
decision making over could ma	eviming have time and the second about 45 minutes with her every marning
in a toxic climate. We talked a	was clear that she had a very dysfunctional relationships with them and improve her brough the importance of making and improve the resulting
pulse of her unit and I provide	hrough the importance of making sound and timely decisions and having her finger on the discussions and having her finger on the
Picialis, We also reviewed Mar	ing Corne days to the state of the discussion various leadership approaches and
Airei approximately 45 days el	on page 1 is a second of a command of a comm
I low turn trieff course and that d	he wanted to be a serious
request, but continued to follow	w the company closely to answer with the prove sile could do the job. I agreed to her
Approximately 2 weeks	later her company was a state of the state o
intoxicated. The night of the ba	all one of her got a got
things come to a things come to	orale of the company. Issues continued to escalate, and after approving the concerned
Marines (including the officers)	Because of continued detachment from her company and its issues, the
problems in the unit. When I sp	TUITING PARTY IN THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY
thought she had been making or	rogress less is a second the continued problems in her company, stating that i
weeks and it was working but th	then she just only 5.
said again that she never had an	y desire to "manage need "!
After ensuring her safety	I talk beautiful at a market profession work with data instead.
5 minutes of his time following t	he meeting to let him know I planned to relieve her and reassign her to another In light of our officer shortages, this would be the another
made him aware first	In light of our officer shortages, this would be the only tenable solution. I had
made him aware of the issues wi	ith the months ago, and during our meeting he did not ever
We talked a to a way	with her relief. He only expressed disagreement with her reassignment as
another staffing gan por do lace	ne possible options and I expressed to him that I can't afford to have her leave and have that she should be moved elsewhere since this had be an
845, not do l'age	ee that she should be moved elsewhere since this had been a previous practice by the
	Provides practice by the

m in person, and he said "I am giving you a direct order not to speak to me about this." As a result, the situation is still
--

Respectfully		

Summary of Interview with

8 June 2014

Question: Explain you relationship with

Answer: Not personal. Although I am the closest to her here on Parris Island to include her counterparts (peers). I have friendlier interactions with her than most.

Question: Do you attend events together?

Answer: Not a lot. She is out and about a lot. She tours a lot. Her average workday is 0630 to 2000.

Answer: I choose not to tour around with her all the time because I think our Marines wont trust us if we are always around. She is always "so there" that even the good ones feel they are not trusted.

Answer: Several Marines have asked me "does the trusts me?"

Question: Does take your advice; do you feel comfortable giving that advice?

Answer: I feel my advice is taken from a technical perspective. She will listen to me as a subject matter expert. However I don't think I've ever been free to tell the emperor that she has no cloths. She defines herself and she doesn't necessarily take advice.

Answer: On or about the time the investigation was announced, I approached the and said that I feel like I had failed her by not addressing the climate issue. I responded by saying that she was offended that I would try to box her in that way. She said "if you think that's your job...it aint!"

Answer: I belive is proud of that aspect of her personality to a fault.

Question: How do you perceive approach to the members of her command?

Answer: Her problem is her method. Her methods are so severe, especially when dealing with her officers, that they can't get beyond how she makes them feel, and her message is lost. They can't get passed it and fix their problems.

Answer: She is especially unrelenting on her officers. Her justification is that if they are not right, Marines will suffer. But again, her method is so forceful, her officers can't believe in her.

Answer: She is unable to make connections with those officers and senior enlisted that have problems with her and she does not know how to inspire them.

Answer: Oftentimes when I know a conversation went sideways between the and one of her officers, I'll go talk to the to ensure they know the message that the was trying to convey.

Question: Does she act differently to those she does not like? Is it visible?

Answer: Yes. If she feels like she has corrected you once and she has not seen immediate improvement, she cannot bring herself around to "faking" expressions of friendliness or that things are OK.

Answer: Is it visible? Yes. She cannot project an even keel when it comes to that. Because she is out and about so much, she is always watched, and everyone watches her and notices that when she has a problem with someone. She cannot hide it or pretend.

Answer: She does not have that ability. She does not do a very good job of showing she can move past problems with individuals.

Question: Do you think the has fostered a climate of reprisal?

Answer: Yes. I do think she has inadvertently fostered a climate of reprisal. She is unrelenting in her standards and expectations. I will caveat that by saying that it's in the best interest of the Marine Corps but people are looking to her for inspiration that she just can't provide.

Answer: If you ask me, she is wearing the wrong rank. The Gunnys should be making the corrections, not always the

Answer: She is also unrelenting on herself. She does all the crucible hikes, wearing the male equipment list.

Question: How do you think the relationship has affected the climate?

Answer: When I check in during July my first conversation with the centered around convincing the not to conduct an NJP on a particular individual. I thought that was a bit off.

Answer: The two would constantly butt heads because their philosophies were so different, the could never get on board with the felt that she was protecting Marines. The felt undermined.

Answer: One awkward conversation occurred in September that turned into a shouting match in the office between the two of them. The became openly defiant and it was a shouting match of unprofessionalism.

Answer: This relationship definitely had an effect on the relationships with others.

Question: What are your thoughts on the Meeting with P Company?

Answer: That "pretty much went sideways" after the request mast piece. She just went off and it was pretty bad.

Answer: It was like a tennis match. would challenge the would give a startled look and try to answer, then would fire off another question. Eventually eyes just glazed over and she checked out. The Marines saw all this. It was bad.

Answer: Afterward I stayed back and tried to explain what happened since half the company had no idea what was going on since they were not even involved in the hike.

Question: Did the correct recruits, if so, how often?

Answer: Yes, weekly she would see drops or recruits being recycled. There were specific individuals she wanted to see, recruits with attitude issues, overweight Marines or Marines with integrity issues.

Answer: Most of these were professional, but she would get agitated if a recruit failed to take responsibility for their actions.

Follow-on question: Have you heard the yell at recruits in her office?

Answer: Yes. Absolutely. There were at least two instances in particular where the actually yelled, or rant if you could call it that, at a recruit in her office. I can only remember one but it involved an overweight recruit.

Answer: Now I just walk into her office if I feel the conversation is going south or she is going to get loud.

Answer: At least bi-weekly would correct a recruit for not saluting in the hallway or not act accordingly ~ basically things that a DI or SgtMaj should do.

Follow-on Question: Is that the norm for a

Answer: Not when I was a drill instructor.
interjects herself in situations her DIs should handle. For instance on hikes, during PT, those types of things. But I have never done a crucible hike but that's what I've heard

Question: What is the tone of the post-crucible classes with

Answer: Well, we've done around 20 of these classes and the tone of the class would change based on how the felt that particular series had done. It would be either positive or negative. The message was essentially the same but she would bring up specific events that she felt the new Marines underperformed in.

Follow-on Question: Does the hold recruits to higher standards?

Answer: Yes. She has an obsession with equalizing disparity between males and females. The believes females get promoted faster, because of several factors such as having some college, but she feels females have not earned that right because they are not maintaining the same standards as males.

Answer: She is hard on herself too. She normally participates in the crucible hikes carrying the male load, but hasn't been able to because of _____. She has been going to medical and is finally being forced to go on _____. Sometimes she has problems with

Follow-on Question: What was her tone with the recruits from series ?

Answer: It was a negative tone. She had a problem with that series because they did underperform, and they did not do well during their battalion commander's inspection. The combination was not very good and every evaluable moment did not go very well. That particular discussion with Series was colored by this and that affected the tone of the class.

Question: What do you feel the message is to her Marines and recruits regarding sexual assault?

Answer: Her message generally to recruits is to manage one's self. She also understands there is a dirty little secret in the Marine Corps that when a male and female get drunk and have sex, there is only one person held accountable - the male.

Answer: She tells Marines and recruits to be hard targets and she definitely puts the word out not put themselves in that situation.

Answer: I don't believe it's too off the mark but if anyone has a problem with it, it's because of her position that "when two people put themselves in that position, two people are responsible for the outcome."

VOLUNTARY STATEMENT

١.	PLACE	·

2. DATE 20150604

, make the following free and voluntary statement. I make this statement of my own free will and without any threats or promises extended to me. The current command climate in Fourth Recruit Training Battalion (4th RTBN), has been greatly affected The current command climate in Fourth Recture iteming previous command climate. I have checked in to 4th RTBN on who I first got to the Battalion I thought that the climate was very good. and I was assigned to Company as a to replace another I changed my opinion within a few short weeks. There was an extremely pervasive climate of distrust at the time However, I changed my opinion within a rew short weeks. There was an extremely purposed among all of the officers and Drill Instructors. The Drill Instructors all felt like the Series Commanders were merely safety officers, and nothing more. During my first week as a merely safety officers, and nothing more. During my first week as a because she started to raise her voice and tried to argue with me in front of recruits. When I talked to the yourself as a squad leader", and I would be okay. This was the mentality of most of the , about it, she told me to "just think of the time. As a prior enlisted Marine this did not sit with me very well. All of the officers in the Battalion had very poor relationships with each other, and gossip was rampant. It was not an inviting atmosphere for new check-ins at all. All conversations took place behind closed doors, and only select people had friendships or outside interaction with each other. There were many her peers to me, and it was apparent that the communication between the companies was very minimal. openly spoke poorly of . I did not understand the measure for success. stressed the importance of the aesthetic aspects of recruit training. She was concerned when something did not look right. An example occurred during a PT session when several VIPs came out to observe training. Weeks mentioned that the PT event "looked crazy." However, she would not expand on later, the what she meant so that I could correct it. Another example was the return hike from the Crucible. was very concerned about the distance between the hike formation, the road guards and the safety vehicle. However, there was very little emphasis ever placed on heat cases. They were simply expected, and we were never asked background questions regarding what led to the heat injury, or what may have been done to prevent it. It was very hard for me to determine what the measure of success in the Battalion was at the time. right away that our statistics did not matter, that our attrition did not matter, but that the Drill Instructors were supposed to be demanding. Based on the lack of a measurement, I was not sure what they were supposed to be demanding. In my opinion we were producing new Marines who had a very minimal grasp of the core values and who were only surviving based on fear of failure, which is supposed to end after the first phase of training. We were not doing enough to develop them. On the same hand, we were not doing much to develop the Drill Instructors, or to hold them accountable. My understanding of what was acceptable conduct from Drill Instructors has been a learning process. When I was I was a recruit. When I was a recruit in two of my Drill Instructors were taken off of my platoon, and I was a recruit in the two of my Drill Instructors were taken off of my platoon, and I was a recruit in the two of my Drill Instructors were taken off of my platoon, and I was a recruit in the two of my Drill Instructors were taken off of my platoon, and I was a recruit in the two of my Drill Instructors were taken off of my platoon, and I was a recruit in the two of my Drill Instructors were taken off of my platoon, and I was a recruit in the two of my Drill Instructors were taken off of my platoon, and I was a recruit in the two of my Drill Instructors were taken off of my platoon, and I was a recruit in the two of my Drill Instructors were taken off of my platoon, and I was a recruit in the two of my Drill Instructors were taken off of my platoon, and I was a recruit in the two of my Drill Instructors were taken off of my platoon, and I was a recruit in the two of my Drill Instructors were taken off of my platoon, and I was a recruit when I was a recruit in the two of my Drill Instructors were taken off of my platoon, and I was a recruit when I was a recrui believe they were voided. The most experienced Drill Instructor in my platoon actually choked a recruit, and my Senior Drill Instructor force fed the whole platoon and made us chug water until we threw up in the squad bay. Thus, I had a few things that I already knew were dead wrong, but there were other things that I was not sure about, because I just thought they were part of the experience. When I asked if tornadoes, or dumping footlockers were actually allowed, I was not given a direct answer. When I was that they are absolutely not allowed. However, I heard other assigned to Co . I was told their squad bays. This kind of inconsistency was rampant, and the a series was having reoccurring problems, the talking about them happen in knew it. Many times, when was relieved, or sent to another Battalion. was one of my Marines in Co . She was the subject of an investigation for events or around training day 7 of my first full cycle. She was also going through some personal

The Battalion and Company were aware of this, but they did not tell that happened on, stress due to her me, and the Marine did not tell me during my initial counseling with her. At the conclusion of the investigation, she told that the who was found to have substantiated allegations. I was and I can all accept a , the and I can all accept a on for her actions, or she would face non-judicial punishment. We all and was placed on quota in the company office. The identical, and they said that we were disengaged leaders. At the time this was ironic, because my Marines that we all received were complained about how much I was around and how involved I was. When I asked explain what that meant, or specifically how I could improve, she did not have any tangible things that I should do differently in the future. do differently in the future. Later later returned from her quota and resumed working. At that time her disciplinary violations continued, and she never learned to accept responsibility for her actions, and she never even understood why they were wrong. I believe this was significant trend among actually let the at the time. A year later, I learned that the conduct a tornado in the squad bay in her presence, and that she had a video recording of it on her phone. She told me about the recording. She also said that she and knowledge of what happened that night in the squad bay, but they did not tell me about it.

	I was having a difficult time under the	
	I was having a difficult time understanding what right and wrong looked like within the Battalion, and I questioned everything that I ever thought that I knew about leadership, or even the Marine Corps. I was at an absolute breaking point, because the expectations were never consistent. Right before time, I asked that she either send me to another Battalion, or move me to another company. I felt that the climate, particularly in my company was toxic. I picked up another with Company at almost the same Company and was brought to Company. and was brought to Company and graduated,	ı .t
	The command climate of 4th RTBN has dramatically improved under the command of There was an adjustment period after the change of command, as there always is. It became apparent that she was not going to tolerate avoiding accountability. The and the command philosophy to their expectations and the command philosophy together. The three pillars of command philosophy are confidence, accountability and pride. She relayed her expectations to Drill Instructors, myself and a recruit when she was walking up the ladder well, and right after that one of my Drill Instructors used the problem with profanity in the Company, and that it was not acceptable. She asked us if the word "freakin" was acceptable around recruits, and we said that it was. She then told us that she thought that we had a acceptable around recruits, and we said that it was. She then told us that she didn't want the Drill Instructors to use words like that. She was direct, and firm, but I understood her expectations. It was a However, I just kept trying to do my job as well as I could, and then I had a new standard of measure to help but she does understand that it is a hard habit to break and that it's not a direct violation of the RTO. She counsel a Marine in front of a recruit, or in a way that was inconsistent. The only disciplinary actions that the other hand, I have witnessed her give many Marines in this Battalion second chances. I am an example of that there are many more that I don't have intimate knowledge of.	i n
	As soon as she assumed command the first survey. Concerns and see what could be done. One of the complaints was that in the past Drill Instructors have been believed to be Senior Drill Instructors (SDI) who did not have adequate experience, and the Drill Instructors to become an SDI, and they wanted a formal procedure in place to select the SDIs. Got together with the also published the requirements to become an SDI and a board schedule. One of the companies, and they are boarded in person by a panel that consists and one has the final approval. I believe that there are some Marines who have taken an issue with this see that is possible. It is conducted in the same manner as any other board that I have sat on.	;
i a c c c i i i p u t f	have also been very angry with other who are not able to fulfill their duty their campaign cover and getting their DI ribbon. There have been several Drill Instructors who recently got bregnant, and two of those were planned pregnancies who were coming back from quota. This has a tremendous and also spoke to the whole Battalion also spoke to the whole Battalion also spoke to the whole Battalion ontributing factors to this problem. The Drill Instructors routinely complain about who is selected to go to selected as an SDI or CDI who has been granted a second chance or some kind of waiver that there are Drill alaced on these moves and how many factors are involved. There are also a few hen get them back in the fight when possible. There are a few hen get them back in the fight when possible. There are a few hen get them back who are unwilling to give anyone else a second chance and complain if the does.	-1
p que is had or printed in ex	ne of the major problems that the Battalion is facing is a manning problem. We are always operating below our male Battalion is on company track, they are able to split their coverages between a much larger pool of extraction, but they do not in 4th Bn. When that is combined with and get outpost in a male dota, who are at OCS, or are pending some kind of investigation, has been constantly trying to address these problems at her level and above, and it seems like there is our best interest at heart, whether that is fighting for more manpower, for better facilities maintenance, to increase our level of integration with the other Battalions. I bring these issues up, because they are istructors are worked half to death and they do that without complaining. However, our Drill Instructors are deat resistance.	

I have never witnessed the or. attention. One of the complaints about the ionore a problem that was brought to their was that she was never out and about watching actual training. In my opinion, one of the best things about makes time every day to visit at least one or two Series out at a training event, not just in the squad bay or when someone is in trouble. She has a genuine interest in how we are doing as a unit and as individuals. She has always encouraged my Drill Instructors and I to be open and honest with her. I have made a habit of pushing information up my chain of command when I encounter any problems, or challenges, and I have always been supported by this chain of command. However, there have been several other officers who have not been honest about things happening in their own company or series, and then they get defensive, aggressive and disrespectful I don't know the details of the problems that some of the officers have with do know that they openly disagree with her leadership style and her policies. Some have refused to embrace her expectations, and their attitude affects the performance of their Series and Company. I ensured that when we received the new command philosophy from the it more, and I tailored my philosophy to match hers. In three short cycles and talked to my Marines about and stronger results. My final cycle as a resulted in exceeding the Regimental average for every graded event except for the initial rifle range qualification and drill. However, the initial rifle qualification exceeded the Battalion average by 6%. On the other hand some of the other Series and Companies who have been struggling have not embraced they have not improved their statistics. When I first got to 4th Bn I was told that the statistics don't matter, drops don't matter and attrition doesn't matter. I had never before in my career accepted mediocrity, but for my first year here, I did. That changed when my first year here, I did. That changed when standard that we are supposed to strive for. Some Marines in 4th Bn just don't want to. I don't think that anyone in this Battalion has any reason to fear reprisal from the for anything. If anything, I think that they have gone above and beyond what is necessary to ensure the success of their Drill Instructors. I have never seen her act in a way that is emotionally charged when dealing with a Marine, but she has a stern tone that some people find hard to handle when it is directed at them. She also feels very strongly about doing what is right and about taking care of her Marines.

who were having problems in their company, and the them to move companies to give them a fresh start. Since she has been in command, I have had several Marines with very difficult personal or family problems, and the needs and given me the flexibility and tools to help them deal with those problems effectively. In one case, I start to make bad professional decisions due to the stress she was under, and the was understanding, and allowed us to get her the help she needed. That when I have briefed the or on a professional problem that they were having, she has always given me the time, opportunity and tools to correct the problem. However, I have never waited to brief until a problem was a trend, or a safety concern. I believe this is where some officers in the Battalion have gone wrong; they simply don't communicate until they are trying to cover for their Marines for something they have allowed to go uncorrected. Thus, when they are held accountable, they don't like it, because no one has been honest with them until that There has been a communication problem is this Battalion, but it does not originate with the or . It started with the previous of . Company did not repeat the Commander's intent or message as it was delivered. I am now the Company. it is obvious that there was a breakdown in communication at the company level. There are several challenges that I am now facing here, because Marines were not held accountable by the Company. There were two Marines here who began to display a personal problem with each other months ago. I even saw it as a in another and I tried to bring it up to the at that time. Over the course of a few short days it resulted in a physical altercation that resulted in one NJP and both swear that they never saw it coming. Prior to that one of the was struggling, and she has struggled the entire time that she has been a Drill Instructor. She wanted to do what is right, but no one ever listened to her, because she did not have very much confidence. When she finally started asserting herself, her company leadership did not develop her or support her decisions, and they allowed her to be treated Another issue that has been a problem in this company is a breakdown in the chain of command. Several Marines completely stopped using their series or company chain of command to address their problems. These Marines happen to all be Marines who have multiple disciplinary violations, or who do not want to work as a They have developed a pattern of Requesting Mast or filing an IG complaint when something happens that they don't like. In the case of one individual, she doesn't want the company to allow special that they don't like. In the case of one individual, she doesn't want the company to allow special consideration for an to take care of her child. However, this Marine has a child of her own with a consideration for an to take care of her child. However, this Marine has a child of her own with every Wednesday morning during PT. That means that we have to get coverage for her from other problems when they first arose, but the just ignored the problem. As a result, this Marine for things that she just didn't continued to file complaint after complaint against her fellow for things that she just didn't like and could not support with facts. All the while this Marine continued to find ways to get out of work and did nothing, and did not communicate the problems that attention. On one occasion, the Marine missed a movement out to the range, because she overslept. As soon as this problem was raised to my she got to work she said that she had to take her daughter to an appointment that she had not scheduled or put on the calendar of anyone in her chain of command. That left us scrambling to find a replacement for her.

Later the same day when she returned she speak the
Later the same day when she returned, she spent the day making disrespectful and snide remarks to her fellow office to talk to me and the later the Series returned from the range, I called the Marine into my excuse." I tried to engage her in a dialogue to see if there was an underlying problem and she would not talk to me. I asked her if there was something that was causing her to have an issue with her team and to give them an problem that we wanted to help, and that we expected her to stop making snide remarks that are disruptive to the for missing the movement. Later she was asked to go see the later that the later she was asked to go see the later that the later she was asked to go see the later that the later she was telling me lies about her and is causing her to make me not like her. I do not think that the Marines in this Battalion are afraid of reprisal. I have not seen anything to suggest accountable for their actions under the Now some Marines are using Request Mast and IG complaints as a way to get revenge.
I do know that the I think that I is frustrated, because she has been working so hard to try to improve the Battalion and our work environment, and it does not seem like she gets support for the big picture issues that we face. However, I have never seen her act in a way that is disrespectful to him. I don't think that it from the RTR. I have also seen email chains between the two of them that I was cc'd on, and their communication issues, which the is trying to help prepare us for, and it does not feel like we are getting has made it one of her priorities to ensure that we produce the highest caliber of recruits that we can in order to improve our credibility. First Battalion seems to be the only other Battalion that is supportive of us, and is actively working with us to foster a good working relationship with us. We would like to have better work relationships with the other Battalions, but frequently we are treated disrespectfully by their officers and sometimes Drill Instructors. We would like more support from the RTR in this regard.
I think that the command climate of 4th RTBN is very good on the whole, and I am certain that more Marines would attest to this is given the opportunity. I know that most of us didn't spend very much time making positive remarks on the command climate survey, because we are mostly very pleased with the way things are going, and we are always pressed for time. When I first came to this Battalion, things looked okay on the outside, but there were serious RTO violations occurring on a regular basis. People walked around completely stressed out and depressed, because no one knew what was expected of them. Things are very different now. The Drill Instructors are more rested, despite having a heavier work load. Drill Instructors are helping each other out in other companies. People want to go to Battalion functions and see each other. Marines are being rewarded for their hard work, and Marines are leaving this duty with good experiences, and Marines who continue to make bad decisions are being held accountable. I personally have gone from feeling like I couldn't wait to get out of the Marine Corps, to wanting to continue in my career. That is completely due to the mentoring and leadership of
Signature/Date

Encl (45)

Documents are being withheld in their entirety pursuant to FOIA exemptions (5 U.5.C. 552(b)(6)), which protects personnel, medical, or similar file the release of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, and (5 U.5.C. 552(b)(7c)), the release of which could reasonably be expected to disclose an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

Encl (46)

Documents are being withheld in their entirety pursuant to FOIA exemptions (5 U.S.C. 552(b)(6)), which protects personnel, medical, or similar file the release of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, and (5 U.S.C. 552(b)(7c)), the release of which could reasonably be expected to disclose an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

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From:	
Sent:	
To:	dnesday, June 03, 2015 8-32
Subject:	
Signed By:	
Good morning sir,	
Per our conversation last night, I can o	nly think of a couple more incidents
1) In May 2015, I was waiting to meet couch, I could hear the through the closed door. say anything to save herself" I wasn't heard her say to the fifth is has something inaudible.	with in the command post lobby. While I waited seated on a and and discussing the results of the command climate survey said something inaudible to which the replied disdainfully, will teavesdropping, this is what I heard when I came in and sat down to wait. I also been an issue, why am I now just hearing about it?" to which the
which she did it, she seemed hysterical a	about having the drill instructors better motivate the gyelling and the recruits like a drill instructor. Additionally, I have observed the in front of the command post for not saluting her yelling "Oh my god!" or "are correction made to the recruit to salute officers, but the tone and manner in was there as well as other SNCOs who she could have calmly corrected the recruit on their mistake.
about an hour after our staff meeti specifically whether or not the rooms had day, that they were not complete yet, bu when she contemptuously asked me if I have a tech arrive), she told me the To which I of course said "aye aye Ma'am same answer I received earlier that day, to installation. He was short staffed that day come do more work that afternoon. This asked to leave a meeting.	me out of a staff meeting to get her an update for a meeting she had withing. She wanted an update to the barrack rooms occupied by 4th Bn Marines, d their thermostats installed. I had already given her the answer earlier in the it she wanted to know when FMD was going to do it. So, in the staff meeting had the update, I told her I still didn't know (FMD couldn't confirm to me when at "If you need to leave to get me an update before my meeting, please do so." and left. I went down to FMD, spoke with the didn't know when he could have a tech continue the thermostat y, had techs out at higher priority calls, but promised me he'd a have someone is probably not that big of a deal, although I was pretty embarrassed to be
are usually safe. That Marine seemed to contain to me, me to receive the normal email responses the sh	
5) It is my opinion that has marksmanship, testing, and drill. However climate to which one never knows which	improved the caliber of Marines graduating recruit training in areas such as , he lack of composure under stress has adversely affected the command they're getting that day. Her anxious energy is cancerous and can be felt in

a room, which only adds to the inherent tension that prevails around her. I will admit, that since the climate survey was received, she has tried more diligently to be more approachable. A couple of times in the past few weeks where I thought I would receive a face blast for bad news, she was a normal Marine leader who provided guidance, but didn't give me an attitude or sarcastic gestures. That was much easier to work with as I was allowed to finish my statement before barraging me with question after question and allowing me to completely verbalize my response.

Please let me know if you have any questions.

R/S,

Summary of Interview with

3 June 2015

Question: How many times have you seen population openly display her negative feelings toward others?

Answer: Around ten times. Every pickup brief with She is visibly irritated she has to be in the same room with him. Once, after a verbal dispute with she called him numbnuts.

Answer: She completely cut the out of the loop. We would still sneak in for advice on how to deal with her. Once at the EOC she and

Question: How does she rebuke?

Answer: If you voice an opinion, you are wrong. She asks you a question and if you answer, she turns the tables on you. She doesn't allow people to answer questions before jumping on them.

Question: Is there a fear of reprisal in the unit?

Answer: Yes, because she outwardly favors some while outwardly ignoring others.

Answer: I am about to be a for her and I am not looking forward to it. I foresee myself resigning my commission because of what I have seen from

Question: What is her message on sexual assault?

Summary	of	Interview	with
I	-	TILCET ATCH	WT CI

2 June 2015

Question: Approximately how many times would you say you have seen act unprofessional or inappropriate to you or others in the battalion?

Answer: Toward myself, at least three times. I mentioned the range incident in my statement but I experienced her cutting me off and belittling me during the pickup brief for Series in January 2015 and the Series Inspection Debrief on 17 April 2015.

Answer: I have also seen her cutoff and belittle at staff meetings and during a pickup brief in September 2014.

Question: Can you describe the end of cycle debrief for series with

Answer: I believe the cycle was a success. The DIs stuck together, and formed great relationships with the Marines in the series. I was proud of the character development of the new Marines.

Answer: was upset by the performance numbers and testing, PT and shooting was lower than average.

Encl (50)

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Subject:
<u> </u>
Original Message
From: Sent: Tuesday, June 23, 2015 07:46 AM
To:
Subject:
Sir-
Per your phone call, I wanted to make a statement regarding my
investigation. For the record, I was able to
deploy as part of the 31st MEU for two years, including a tour in Iraq. From 2002 through May of 2015, I consistently
ran 300 PFTs, and I ran 8 marathons, finishing in the top 10% of my age group for the Marine Corps Marathon and the San Diego Rock and Roll Marathon. I also consistently performed well on the CFT, and have never allowed my prognosis
to impact my work. The only time I ever ran a partial PFT was when I would be in 2007. My never impacted
my ability to command as an RS CO, nor did it have an effect on my ability as a student at command and staff. I also
experienced a grueling travel schedule while assigned as an experienced, and my never impacted my ability to do my job.
This year, I had my first new exacerbations in a few years, and
appearance of As a result, I was placed on a relatively new the opportunity to react to the
and a period of to allow my the opportunity to react to the . This is the first the opportunity to react to the
to participate in company PT with the recruits, observe training, or participate in hikes. The concern my primary care
provider and my and I had in determining whether was appropriate was that when
. While the has had zero impact on my ability to command, I can
say that the stress of dealing with the issues with my chain of command and resulting investigations over the past few
months has impacted All of this, however, is transparent to my Marines. Please let me know if you have further questions.
, reads for the known you have farther questions.
Respectfully,